The Fresno Weekly Republican.

VOL. XVI — FRESNO, FRESNO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1893 — NO. 19

HARRISON A WINNER

Tremendous Majority Rolled Together

FOR THE DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE

St. Louis Elects Republican Officials, While Kansas Republicans Triumph.

CHICAGO, April 4.—Carter Harrison is elected mayor of Chicago by 20,000 plurality over Samuel W. Allerton, candidate of the Citizens' ticket.

The entire Democratic city ticket is also elected by about the same plurality.

Cregier, on the labor ticket, did not receive 3000 votes.

Never in the history of Chicago has such interest been shown in any municipal election as in the one which came off today, and the campaign on both sides has been conducted with great bitterness.

It was an open contest of Republicans and citizens against ex-Mayor Carter Harrison, and more against him as an individual than as the representative of a political faction.

The day was perfect, and by 9 o'clock there were great crowds of men at each polling place, and by noon 70 per cent of the registered vote had been cast.

The general feeling during the day seemed in favor of Harrison's chances, and what betting was done was in his favor. The Australian ballot was used, and the chances that old time Democratic majorities in the stock yards, where Allerton was very popular, would be largely cut, made a factor in the betting, and went a long way toward keeping down the amount of money wagered.

The German population, which was confidently expected to go almost solidly against Harrison, proved a disappointment to both parties, as it seems to have split between the two candidates and not to have proven the decisive factor it was in the election last November when it went so heavily for Cleveland and Altgeld as to virtually settle the electoral vote of the state.

By 5 o'clock crowds began to congregate in front of the newspaper offices to await returns. There were many altercations between partisans and many bloody noses before the evening was over.

The first returns began strongly in favor of Harrison and his followers simply went wild.

The throng in the streets became so dense that several lines of street cars were compelled to stop running until the police could force an opening for them.

St. Louis Republican.

ST. LOUIS, April 4.—The election in this city today resulted in a victory for the Republicans. They secured the mayor, collector, council and most of the minor offices, if not all. Cyrus P. Walbridge secures the mayor from James Bannerman by a majority of about 3000. Henry Ziegenhelm, Republican candidate for collector and president of the council, defeated his Democratic opponents by still heavier majorities.

And Missouri.

KANSAS CITY, April 4.—At 1 o'clock a.m. returns from elections throughout Missouri indicate a most sweeping victory for the Republicans, and indicate strongly a change in sentiment against the Populists.

Kansas Republican.

TOPEKA, April 4.—Imperfect returns from the municipal election in Hiawatha, Lincoln, Eureka, Wichita, Kansas City and other points indicate that the Republican candidates have been generally successful.

Carlson's Honors.

SAN DIEGO, April 4.—The principal interest in the municipal election today centered in the mayoralty contest, there being five candidates in the field, W. H. Carlson, who represented this district at the last session of the legislature, being elected as an Independent, was today elected mayor by a plurality of 579. The Democrats elected the treasurer. The Republicans, one Democrat and one Populist alderman were elected, and the remaining officers were divided about equally between Republicans and Democrats.

A Hideous Crime.

GALLATIN, Tenn., April 4.—News of a most diabolical and revolting crime at Alexander has reached here. George and John Evans went to the house of Jerry Shelton and at the point of a pistol forced him to leave home. Both men then assaulted his 17-year-old wife. Shelton gave the alarm and the entire community was soon on the hunt. The woman is in such a plight that she cannot give an account of the horrible affair. Her reason is dethroned and she talks wildly and hysterically. This, added to the already inflamed condition of the community has made it certain that if the Evans brothers are captured alive they will be given a swift and sure death.

Last of the Season.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—Mrs. Cleveland saw several hundred callers today, and it is understood that this is the last reception Mrs. Cleveland will hold this spring, as by the end of the present month the Middleton place on Woodley Lane road will be ready for the occupancy of the President and Mrs. Cleveland, who have leased it for a term of years.

The Tables Turned.

PORTLAND, April 4.—George E. Richardson, who was arrested last night on a charge of attempting to wreck a train on the Southern Pacific Thursday night last, was arraigned in a justice court this afternoon. The justice turned him over to the custody of the sheriff of Douglass county, who will take him to Roseburg tonight for trial.

His Last Detail.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—John Mackay, a reporter on the Morning Call, was found in an unconscious condition on Valencia street early this morning. He was removed to the receiving hospital, where he died shortly after. It is not known as yet what caused his death. He was a son of John Mackay, the well known horseman, and was 20 years old.

Must Pay His Debts.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—Porter Ashe will not be allowed to start any of his horses in the Blood Horse races here until he has paid nearly $3000 forfeits due on eastern tracks and assessed against him by the national board of control. Sir Reel, Ashe's colt, had been entered for the races today, but the owner was notified that the colt was not eligible.

More Domain.

SAN DIEGO, April 4.—A party just back from the desert reports meeting at Mountain Springs, near the Mexican line and twenty-five miles east, the United States surveyor's party engaged in re-establishing the line from El Paso to the Pacific ocean and placing stone monuments to mark it. The corps has surveyed through Texas and Arizona to that point, and is coming now along the New river region of the Colorado desert, fully a mile and a quarter south of the old line. This is an average gain from Mexico of territory a mile in width, to be soon opened to settlement. The Mexican owners in this strip will be given patents, but otherwise there is a considerable gain in new territory for entry.

New Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The President has sent to the senate the following appointments: James O. Broadhead of Missouri, minister to Switzerland; Bartlett Tripp of South Dakota, minister to Austro-Hungary; Eben Alexander of North Carolina, minister to Greece, Roumania and Servia. Consuls—James E. Neal of Ohio, at Liverpool; James M. Dobbs of Georgia, at Valparaiso.

A Good Old Mine.

GRASS VALLEY, April 4.—The board of directors of the Idaho mine met last night and Edward Coleman resigned as superintendent of the mine. He has been superintendent since 1865. The mine has yielded $11,500,000 in gold and has paid $4,000,000 in dividends. Eugene Crellar, for years the amalgamator at the mine, was elected superintendent. The directors declared a dividend, No. 273, the amount being $3 per share.

A Scheme Failed.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—Captain Thorrald of the tug Ethel and Marion today found a dynamite cartridge on the piston rod, with capped fuse. The slightest jar of the machinery would have exploded the cartridge and destroyed the tug. The tug has been in the habit of taking non-union men from the dock to vessels, and was just going to leave her birth when the captain discovered the dynamite.

Slow Time.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 4.—Track fast, attendance large.

Six furlongs—Bronco first, Topgallant second, Inkerman third. Time, 1.14¼.

Four and a half furlongs, 2-year olds—Bonnie Jean first, Colt second, Atticus Abra, filly, third. Time .55¼.

Seven furlongs—St. Croix first, Revolver second, Mott third. Time, 1.28¼.

Mile—Sir Walter first, Martinet second, Quartersteff third. Time, 1.42¾.

Six furlongs—Currency first, Morton second, Regal third. Time, 1.16.

Will Accept.

NEW YORK, April 4.—The following cablegram was received here today from London: "Charley Mitchell accepts the offer of the Coney Island Athletic Club to fight Jim Corbett under their auspices for the purse the club offered, provided the articles are fair."

THE SUPERVISORS.

A BUSY SESSION WAS HELD YESTERDAY.

Road and School Matters Were Considered—Contract Let for Furnishing Ice.

The board of supervisors did a big day's work yesterday. One of the important matters disposed of was the awarding of the bid for furnishing the county with ice. The bid of the National Ice Company was accepted, its offer being 50 cents per hundred pounds, delivered. The contract is for three years.

The allowance for the children sent from this county to the Whittier Reform school was increased by the board from $9 to $12 for each child. This was done in accordance with a notification from the manager of that institution that the charges had been raised.

A number of changes in the allowances for indigents were also made by the board, some having their allowance decreased and others increased. A. J. McCarrell was allowed $20 by the board to enable him to go to Mono county, where he has friends.

School matters were also considered. The petition asking for the establishment of Mendota school district was allowed. The petition for change of boundaries between Belmont and Scandinavian districts, Terry and Valley View districts, and Clay and Canal districts were granted.

In the matter of petitions for public roads those of Milo Estes, J. D. Jacobi, Daniel Rhoades, William Hoskins, Henry Weymouth and W. E. Hedges were granted. Action on the petition of W. F. Chandler was postponed until May 3d.

It was ordered that the road eighty feet wide, beginning at the northeast corner of the town of Reedley, thence northeast through Matthews' addition to the intersection of the county road, at the northeast corner of lot 24 of that addition, be declared a highway.

Telephone Extension.

The Sunset Telephone Company will soon put up a new copper wire between Fresno and Sanger in place of the one now in use. The company is negotiating for the purchase of the Alta line between Traver and Dinuba. If they secure it it will be connected with the line at Reedley. Surveyors are at work on the new line from Fresno to Hanford. The line is to be laid with copper wire and will run north from Hanford to within one mile of Wildflower. From there it goes west to New Chicago, and thence to Easton where it will join the line to Fresno. A branch will run from this line to Caruthers.

A Good Note.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The President had a comparatively light day today. To a couple of congressmen who called upon him to discuss territorial appointments, he stated that it was his intention to adhere to the plan of selecting appointees to positions in territories from among residents of the locality, and that he will not depart from the rule save in cases where the local candidates are manifestly unfit for the office, and it becomes necessary to seek elsewhere for proper men for the places.

Quake at Berdoon.

SAN BERNARDINO, April 4.—A heavy earthquake, moving in a southerly direction, visited this city at 11.40 a.m. today. No damage was caused.

NO MORE RECIPROCITY

Cleveland and Gresham Hold a Conference

ON SOUTH AMERICAN TRADE

And Conclude That the McKinley Law is Altogether too Discriminating.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—The President and secretary of state had several conferences with regard to the state of commerce with South American countries resulting from the reciprocity policy of the last administration.

It is practically concluded to discontinue the discriminating duties imposed on coffee and sugar produced in Venezuela, Hayti and the United States of Columbia, the only three countries of South America which refused to enter into satisfactory reciprocity arrangements under the McKinley law. It is said the President is opposed to a continuance of the discrimination against the three countries named, and will revoke the proclamation issued by President Harrison. His action in this matter, however, may be deferred for several weeks.

A Much Needed Invention.

A patent has been allowed to W. W. Armstrong of Lerdo, Kern county, on a family cheese-making apparatus, which will supply a want that has been known and realized by the owners of small numbers of cows all over the United States.

The making of cheese has been confined to the few, for the reason that a cheese outfit costs a large amount of money and demanded a number of cows to be successful. Mr. Armstrong's apparatus can be sold at a figure within the means of every one having two cows, and its capacity is from three to twenty pounds, according to the quantity of milk. The process is as simple and the apparatus under such perfect control that any boy or girl of ordinary intelligence can work it successfully.

During hot weather, when butter cannot be made, the year's supply of cheese can be manufactured, thus making a common article of food all over the land for those who keep a few cows.

Mr. Armstrong has applied for space at the World's Fair and expects to have a machine on exhibition during the fair. The apparatus is the result of seven years experiment and study.—Kern County Californian.

Mrs. Mackay Coming.

NEW YORK, April 4.—Mrs. John W. Mackay and son, Clarence, departed for her home today in her private car Corsair, in which the trip across the continent will be made.

A GOOD WORK.

WHAT THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES HAS DONE.

The Poor Given Aid and the Sick Comforted—More Money Needed.

If there are any who doubt that good work is being done by the Associated Charities of this city they need only make a brief inspection of Manager Parsons' books. Mr. Parsons, in speaking of the association yesterday to a REPUBLICAN reporter, stated that the affair was begun merely as an experiment, not a few believing that there was not work enough for an organization of that kind in Fresno.

He soon discovered, however, that there was a woful number of poverty's victims in this city, and that it would require much hard work and considerable money to relieve the want and suffering of these people. The organization of the association, therefore, proves to have been an excellent thing.

During the month of March nineteen families were provided with provisions and six with fuel. Quite a number of people were furnished with medicines and a nurse was provided for one sick indigent. Two persons were assisted out of town, one to Visalia and the other to Los Angeles. Besides all this, over 200 meal tickets were distributed to persons of neglected appetites. The total expenditure for relief work during the month was more than $200.

This is a very good showing for the first month, but this means also that considerable money will be required to carry on the work of the association, and the funds that were on hand at the beginning have all been expended. In order that the work of relieving the worthy poor may be continued, all who have promised to contribute a certain sum of money each month should pay promptly; and many more who are able to assist in carrying it on may now give their support, knowing the money will be well spent.

Much good work is being done by the ladies on the committees appointed by the several churches to co-operate with the association. They visit the sick and poor and report them at headquarters, and also look into the applications received at headquarters for assistance. The ladies manifest much interest in the work and have contributed much to the success of the association.

Many persons have noticed a decided falling off in the number of tramps applying at their doors for aid. They merely refer them to the headquarters of the association in the Woodward building on Fresno street and they never call again. They don't go to Mr. Parson's either, for they know that their claims to assistance will be closely investigated with very little chance of their passing for good. Those who deserve aid have nothing to fear of course. Donations of money, clothes and provisions will be thankfully received by the association.

The Mormon Conference.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, April 4.—The semi-annual conference of the Mormon church began today. The dedicatory ceremonies of the temple begin on April 6th and will run to April 18th, inclusive. Thousands of Mormons from all parts of the world are in attendance.

Senator Pasco Re-elected.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 6.—Samuel Pasco was unanimously elected United States senator by the legislature.

SENATE DOINGS.

Dispute Over San Pedro and Santa Monica for Harbors.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The senate resumed consideration of the report of the committee on privileges and elections favoring the seating of the senators appointed by the governors of Montana, Wyoming and Washington.

Chandler spoke in support of the report.

Palmer argued at length against the admission of the appointed senators, and the matter went over till tomorrow.

A resolution instructing the committee on commerce to sit and examine the Pacific coast with a view to determining the best location for the construction of a deep water harbor was laid over after discussion.

In the course of discussion Frye, a member of the committee on commerce and its chairman in the last congress, made a statement as to the rival claims of San Pedro and Santa Monica harbors. He spoke of the reports of the army engineers being in favor of San Pedro, but said notwithstanding these reports he still favored Santa Monica, after a personal visit to both points. He thought the testimony of the coast survey people and ship owners and sailors should be taken, and he believed the decision of the committee would be in favor of Santa Monica.

Sherman thought the question one of engineering, not of investigation, and the motion then went over without action.

HAWAII'S TROUBLES.

Murder of an Editor—Politics Becoming Lively.

HONOLULU, March 20.—During the past two weeks the Hawaiians have aroused from their lethargy, and politics are again becoming active. The Civil Rights league and the Hawaiian Patriotic league hold frequent meetings, at which annexation is denounced. Commissioner Blount arrived on the Rush this morning, and his arrival was hailed with joy by the natives. Blount refused to talk for publication, but it is thought he will remain here for several weeks.

The escape of the Japanese murderer, who fled to the Japanese man of war for refuge, and the refusal of the Japanese captain to give him up, created considerable excitement. It was rumored that the Boston would demand the surrender of the murderer, but that was not done, and the provisional government, finding that it had no treaty with Japan, decided not to press the matter.

The shooting of D. L. Huntsman, associate editor of the Liberal, by August Herring, a half cast, aroused public sentiment, and there was talk of lynching the murderer. Nothing was done, however. Herring claimed Huntsman had been too intimate with his wife, but Huntsman, in his ante-mortem statement, denied this.

A Kentucky Tragedy.

MORGANFIELD, April 5.—Miss Annie Oliver, a beautiful young lady of Sturgis, Union county, went astray eight months ago. Last night the mother of the girl entered the place of business of Henry Delaney, a drug clerk, accused of being responsible for the girl's condition, and at the point of a pistol compelled him to enter a carriage with her husband and daughter. They drove fifteen miles to Morganfield, procured a license and compelled him to marry the girl. On the way back the carriage was attacked by armed men on horseback—Delaney's friends—who rode up to the carriage and followed it as it flew up the road. Delaney, having jumped out, joined them. The girl was shot through the head, and died this morning. She would soon have become a mother. Her father was also mortally wounded. Mrs. Oliver recognized her purposers, and warrants have been issued. All belong to prominent families.

To Watch Them Closely.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—United States Consul Seymour at Canton, China, has cabled the state department that 1000 Chinese actors, etc., belonging to rival companies, left Shanghai for the World's Fair, where they will give exhibitions. These Chinese will land at Vancouver, Tacoma, San Francisco and other places. In accordance with this information, Assistant Secretary Spaulding of the treasury department, telegraphed customs officers on the Pacific coast and northern frontier to exercise the closest scrutiny that none but bona fide exhibitors, or employes whose services are required by the exhibitors at the World's Fair be permitted to enter the country.

Will Fight to the Death.

BAKER CITY, April 5.—The McCarty brothers returned to Haines last night, and are prepared to resist arrest in William McCarty's house. Two men were seen in the upper story by several parties, and the officers are convinced they are still there. Guards now surround the house. The McCartys say they will not be taken alive. E. C. K. McCarty, a stepson of William, has been arrested for aiding the robbers to escape from the officers. Fred McCarty, the 15-year-old son of William, has been arrested at Boise City.

The Same Thing Over Again.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southern Pacific held this afternoon the following directors were elected to serve for the ensuing year: C. P. Huntington, H. E. Huntington, Leland Stanford, S. T. Gage, Charles F. Crocker, George Crocker, Thomas H. Hubbard, Thomas E. Stillman, A. N. Towne, J. C. Stubbs, N. T. Smith. Tomorrow the election of officers will be held and C. P. Huntington will be re-elected president.

Not Much Good.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—Three-fourths of a mile—Charger 1, Joe Hooker 2, Nero 3. Time, 1 20¾.

Half-mile, 2-year-olds—Flirtation 1, Rosalia 2, Silver State 3. Time, .52.

Half mile, 2-year-olds—Inert 1, Gussie 2, Fortune 3. Time, .53¾.

Mile and fifty yards—Red Prince 1, Rain Drop 2, Albanian 3. Time, 1.50¼.

Seven furlongs—Grandee 1, Dr. Rose 2, Cossim 3. Time, 1 33¾.

One mile—Wicklow 1, Dinero 2, Sidney 3. Time, 1.50½.

The Lily Left.

LONDON, April 5.—The entire property of the late Abingdon Baird, sport and backer of pugilists, who died in New Orleans, was left to his mother for her lifetime, and upon her death to be divided among the cousins of the deceased. This negatives the report that he had devised everything to the noted actress Langtry.

Knocked Senseless.

SYRACUSE, N.Y., April 6.—In a glove fight last night Dan Donovan of Cleveland was knocked out by Joe Dunfee, and was left consciousless. Donovan died at 4.40 this morning.

THE KING JAMES LOST

Her Survivors Picked Up at Sea

BY THE STEAMER LOS ANGELES

Terrible Sufferings Experienced by Those Who Escaped From the Burning Ship.

REDONDO BEACH, April 5.—Pilmer Stanley has just landed from the steamer Los Angeles and reports picking up a boat about forty miles north of Redondo, which proved to be the missing one of the ill fated ship King James.

The boat left the ship's side when fire drove them from the vessel, about 250 miles off Point Concepcion. They left the ship at midnight of March 30th and laid by the ship until 4 o'clock the following morning.

At 6 40 p.m. of the 31st the boat was capsized and there were four men drowned.

The captain and his boy and the remainder of the crew climbed upon the keel of the boat and succeeded in righting her, but the boat was full of water, and they remained to their waists in water fourteen hours, when the men, worn out and exhausted and chilled, began dying, and one after another passed away until eight, including the captain's son, were dead.

The dead were passed overboard, and the boat was so relieved by this means that those living were enabled to bail her out.

A TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE.

LOS ANGELES, April 5.—A special to the Express from Redondo says:

Soon after the steamer Los Angeles, bound south, left Hueneme this morning the man on watch sighted a whale boat which afterwards proved to be the missing boat of the British ship King James, which burned at sea a week ago. A man was seen standing in the boat waving a handkerchief.

The steamer gave a whistle and the man fell suddenly into the bottom of the boat. The captain ordered the steamer to be put about and make for the strange boat.

When the Los Angeles slowly steamed alongside a harrowing sight met the gaze of the passengers. Lying in the bottom of the boat were four men, their clothing torn, their hair matted, emaciated, too weak to do anything but waved their arms in a feeble manner, and their faces scratched and bruised.

They appeared more like men who were ready to gasp their last than those to whom sufficient energy existed to restore life.

Two men were lowered and called on the men in the boat to rise and be helped aboard the steamer, but they were too weak and only waved their hands and moaned in a pitiful manner.

Each man was hoisted aboard the steamship. They were tenderly cared for by the surgeon.

Captain Drummond was in the best condition of any of the men rescued. After being warmed and fed he began to recover strength and was able in three hours to tell the following story:

"After the fire on the King James was discovered it had gotten on such headway that it was impossible to stay it. We put out two life boats and provisioned both boats and placed sixteen men in each. You already know of the escape of the first mate's boat. We left the ship March 30th, at 4 o'clock in the morning. At 6.40 o'clock on March 31st a heavy sea arose and my boat capsized. Eleven men, including myself, succeeded in clinging to the upturned boat for six hours. We hung to this boat it seemed six years. The men prayed and prayed for help, and it was the saddest scene I have taken part in for many years. The men finally succeeded in turning the boat when the sea had calmed, then for fourteen hours we remained in the water up to our waists. We baled the boat out, but our provisions and oars and even the rudder was lost. We tore away part of the covering for air tanks to make oars and improvised a rudder.

"The second day one man died, the third two, and the fourth three men, including my son."

Here the captain broke down and began sobbing.

"I shall never forget those few days. Some of the men were like maniacs. They cried for food and water and we exhausted ourselves in trying to hold them down. Before each man died he became incoherent and would curse and pray alternately. We could not go to sleep because we were afraid that some of the men in a moment of insanity would cut our throats.

As the men died we threw them overboard. We could not have stood two hours longer. We knew that we were near Hueneme, and if we had had oars we could have gotten ashore. We were drifting there when the wind blew us out again. Thank God, we were saved, and God bless the captain of the Los Angeles."

When the captain spoke of his son his sobs and anguish were piteous. The men are at Redondo, and are being cared for. Two of them are very weak, and it will take careful nursing to bring about complete recovery.

As Usual.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—The directors of the Southern Pacific Company today re-elected its old officers as follows: President, C. P. Huntington; first vice president, C. F. Crocker; second vice president, A. N. Towne; third vice president, J. C. Stubbs; secretary and controller, G. L. Lansing; treasurer, N. T. Smith; I. E. Gates, acting vice president and assistant secretary at New York; H. E. Huntington, first assistant to the president.

Anxiety for the Hekla.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The steamer Hekla from Denmark, Norway and Sweden, with World's Fair exhibits and 600 passengers, is eight days overdue, and anxiety is growing.

THE DECAPITATION ACT

Becomes Such a Source of Annoyance

TO THE CHIEF MAGISTRATE

That the Appointment of Fourth-Class Nasby's are to be Withheld.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The postoffice department yielded a genuine sensation today. It was all due to an order issued by the postmaster general to the chief appointment division of the fourth assistant's office, directing him to give out no information in regard to appointments of postmasters of the fourth class. Heretofore complete lists of changes made daily were furnished the President, and the sudden change excited remark. It is learned that the order was issued because the President was beginning to dislike seeing so much in the prints relative to cutting off heads, "guillotine" and other terms of more or less short life, that were used to characterize the work of Maxwell, the fourth assistant. Later in the day, however, Bissell decided not to apply the order to the last appointments made today, and so these were given out. It is probable this quasi-suspension order will be continued, and the list will be given out as usual.

Commissioner Selected.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Senator Palmer of Illinois is authority for the statement that President Cleveland has decided on a man for pension commissioner, and that his name will be sent to the senate within forty-eight hours. He declined to give his name, but from a hint he dropped it is believed that the man is Judge Thomas Lochren of St. Paul.

FOWLER.

Sunshine's Contribution to Society News.

From The Republican's Special Correspondent.

FOWLER, April 5.—Miss Cora Harrah has been spending the week in Fresno visiting friends.

Messrs. Will and Wilson Shannon returned from Texas last week, where they have been visiting friends and their old home. They express themselves as having had a very pleasant time.

Robert Yount took his departure for Herndon last Monday to visit his brother.

Joe Bowden was in Fresno Tuesday on business.

Miss Lulu Harlan met with an accident last week while returning from Malaga. The harness broke, which frightened the horse and he started to run. She made every effort to hold him, but when she found he was beyond her control she tried to jump out of the cart, but slipped and was thrown to the ground. Through the kindness of a gentleman from Selma she was taken home safely. There was no broken bones, but she was badly bruised.

Mrs. Shannon and daughter Nannie are visiting Wilson Shannon's this week.

Professor Carpenter of Des Moines, Ia., will preach in the I.O.O.F. Hall Sunday at 11 a.m. All are cordially invited to attend as Mr. Carpenter is a very able speaker and has a wide reputation.

A number of the young people from Lone Star attended the Young People's meeting Sunday evening.

Mrs. Ball of Sanger has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Ash.

The Good Templars Lodge is very prosperous, as there are new members taken in almost every meeting. There were six new members initiated last Saturday evening, and a splendid program was given.

Ed Bush, the estimed clerk of Kutner, Goldstein & Co., has gone to Fresno to fill a better position. His many friends regretted to see him leave, but wish him success in his new undertaking.

A few of the Fowlerites attended Easter services in Fresno Sunday.

P. L. Howard was in our neighborhood Thursday.

Mrs. Marston and Mrs. Patton were in Fresno Monday shopping.

Messrs. Bowls and Marston were down on Kings river fishing last week. They report a good time and lots of fish.

SUNSHINE.

ANYBODY'S FIGHT.

New Aspirants Pound Each Other All Night.

NEW ORLEANS, April 6.—Andy Bowen of this city and Jack Burke of Texas fought tonight for the lightweight championship of the south and a purse of $2500, before the largest audience ever assembled in the arena of the Olympic club.

Both men were in perfect condition and betting was slightly in favor of Bowen.

In the first of the fight Bowen had the best of it, although Burke was allowed first blood. Burke landed a number of heavy blows with his left, but was repeatedly fought to the ropes.

In the sixth round Burke landed heavy with his left. Referee Duffy cautioned Bowen for foul fighting, and from this up to the fourteenth round both men fought hard with evenly divided honors.

Burke caught Bowen with a right in the nose in the eighteenth, which was the hardest blow of the fight.

In the twentieth Bowen received some hard raps in the face.

In the twenty-first Burke landed several facers and the round closed in his favor.

In the twenty-second Burke half fell and was half punched down.

In the twenty-third Bowen was knocked down and floored.

At 2.40 a.m the men, after ninety-three rounds, were still fighting, with no prospect of an immediate termination of the combat. Both are very weak and it is anybody's fight.

At 3.40 a.m. there seems to be no immediate prospect of the referee rendering a decision.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

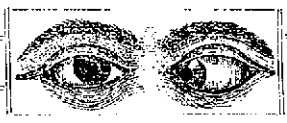
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

COPPER RIVETED OVERALLS AND LEVI STRAUSS & CO'S SPRING BOTTOM PANTS. EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.

C. A. KRAMER, MANUFACTURER OF Harness and Saddles, 1148 J Street, Fresno.

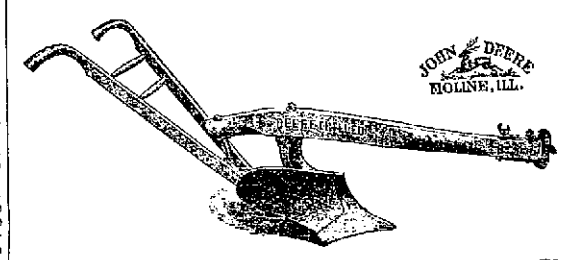
A CARLOAD JUST RECEIVED OF New Improved Champion Mowers AND HAY KING RAKES AT Goth & Co.'s Agricultural Implement Stores. Front Street, Opposite Freight Depot.

H. C. WARNER . . . . . OPTICAL DEPARTMENT

1809  1809

Mariposa Street..... Fresno.

All cases of Defective Vision Scientifically Corrected. -:- A full line of Watches and Jewelry. Special Attention paid to fine watch repairing.



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HOW IT WILL BE DONE.

Program Adopted for the Great Naval Review.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The secretary of the navy has decided upon an official program for the naval review in New York harbor on the 27th instant. Ships will be anchored in two columns, extending from Twenty-sixth street up the North river; the President and members of his cabinet will be received on board the Dolphin at 10.30 a.m off Twenty-third street, North river; the Dolphin will then get under way and, followed by the coast survey steamer Blake and the steamer Monmouth, will proceed up the river between the columns of United State's and foreign men of war.

The Blake will carry members of the diplomatic corps, the Mammoth the judges of the supreme court, senators and representatives of the United States and governors of states, accompanied by one of the staff officers. No other invitations will be issued for the review.

The Dolphin, proceeding between columns, will, as she passes the various ships, be saluted with the honors laid down by international treaties due to the chief of state, and arriving at the head of the column will anchor between them.

The Blake will anchor at the head of the foreign and the Monmouth of the the American column.

Flag officers and captains of the men of war will then be received on board the Dolphin and be presented to the President of the United States, who will entertain them at luncheon. Luncheon will at the same time be served on the Blake and the Monmouth to the guests on board.

The review will terminate by the return of the Dolphin, Blake and Monmouth through the lines, and when the President's flag is hauled down from the Dolphin it will be saluted with twenty-one guns by all the men of war present.

That Coyote Bill.

SACRAMENTO, April 5.—The state board of examiners today adopted a resolution postponing action on all claims for the quarter ending December 31st; also the quarter ending March 31st, until next June. These claims have come in so fast as to threaten the existence of the general fund in the treasury.

Woman Suffrage.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 6.—The senate today passed a bill extending suffrage to women in municipal and township elections.

Murderer Hanged.

PHILADELPHIA, April 6.—William Moore, colored, was hanged this morning for the murder of Charles Madden, who took his sweetheart away from him.

Wife Murderer Hanged.

PITTSBURG, April 6.—Dennis Cloonan was hanged here this morning for wife murder.

MAN'S INGENUITY.

How It Gave Mortal Offense to Two Worthy Ladies.

SENTINEL, Fresno county, April 4.—A friend with whom I am stopping has two chicken incubators, a large one and a small one. They are named and labeled by the manufacturers "The Giant Incubator" and "The Baby Incubator," respectively. In the country where he lives the incubators are somewhat a novelty, and many visitors call to see the machines. He was absent a few days ago and it fell on me to remain at home and look after things. In the afternoon two ladies called, and upon their expressing a desire to see the incubators, I proceeded to exhibit them and explain how they worked, and upon stepping into an adjoining room to get an "egg tester" for their inspection I overheard the following:

Mrs Q—Ain't it wonderful? Just think, that wooden machine takes the place of nature."

Mrs. X.—"Yes, indeed it is. It must have been a wonderfully smart man who invented the incubator."

Mrs. Q.—"Goodness me! Jennie, look here, this machine is labeled 'The Baby Incubator.'"

Mrs. X.—"Great heavens! So it is. Well, some men are too blamed smart anyway."

I appeared on the scene after the above dialogue, but the die had been cast. The seed of contempt for the inventor of the incubator had already taken root in the minds of the visitors and I did not attempt (from modesty) to pluck it from its resting place. The ladies departed shortly afterwards, and I opine that soon a report will be circulated about the neighborhood that my friend is running both a poultry and baby farm.

W. E.

Here to Stay.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Dr. Mott Smith, Hawaiian minister to the United States, called at the state department today, and had an interview with Secretary Gresham. He informed the secretary that he had received no instruction that he would be recalled by the provisional government as stated in San Francisco dispatches this morning.

A Kansas Brute.

SALINA, April 6.—An unknown colored man entered the house of Mrs. Frost in the absence of her husband, snatched a child from her arms and dashed it to the floor, fatally injuring it. Then he brutally outraged the mother. A posse is in pursuit, and he will be lynched if caught.

Nebraska's Troubles.

LINCOLN, April 6.—A joint session of the legislature this morning adopted articles of impeachment against Secretary of State Allen, Attorney General Hastings, and Commissioner Humphrey. Articles against ex-state Treasurer Hill will be acted on soon.

The Weekly Republican

Fresno, Fresno County, California.

By the Fresno Republican Publishing Co

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Jerry Simpson is going to make an European tour. Jerry has undoubtedly observed the favor with which wild west shows are received back in the blooming old country.

The second carload of oranges from Southern California have been sold in England at $5.40 per box, which will net the grower about $2 80. These prices will doubtless lead to large shipments to England another season.

Speaking of prize fighting the Los Angeles Times says: "It will be but a few years hence when this brutal amusement will be under the same ban as dog fighting and cock fighting." About time, isn't it, that man born of woman and made in the image of his maker should rise to a level with the brutes of the kennel and fowls of the baryard?

With bullet-proof uniforms the soldiers of the next century will be in little more danger from missiles than were the medieval knights in full armor. This new departure in protecting the body will probably be followed by new plans of warfare. How would it do to discard fighting at long range and revert to the primitive method of personal combat, hand to hand? There would not be so many killed or maimed as under the present system, while the test of strength and skill would be far better.—Chronicle.

If methods of warfare are to be considered from a humane standpoint, the logical conclusion is that the arbitrament of arms and brute force will cease, and that international differences will be settled as those of a national character now are, by appeal to powers created for their arbitration.

The annual convention of the National Republican League, to be held in Louisville, Ky., May 10th and 11th, will be one of the most interesting gatherings of that organization since its inception. It will mark the first formal national movement in the Republican ranks toward the campaign of 1896, and its utterances on questions of public policy and principle will outline the general course the Republican party is likely to pursue in the immediate future. Of special significance is the fact that the convention is to be held on southern soil. The call issued by the league is non-sectional and American in the broadest sense. It invites all citizens to join league clubs who believe in free and honest elections, the protection of American labor against debasing foreign competition, the maintenance of American reciprocity, the continuance of a sound currency, a safe and adequate system of banking, opposition to corporation rule in federal and state government and practical civil service reform. A particular appeal is made to Southern States for a liberal attendance. While not unmindful of the past the National Republican League addresses itself to the duties of the present and the future. It has proved an auxiliary of incalculable value to the Republican party, especially in the line of practical work, and its usefulness steadily increases with its years. There should be a general response to its call.

The passage of a bill by the Maine senate giving women the right to vote in local elections is an indication of the progress of woman suffrage in all parts of the country. An attempt was made in Massachusetts this year to confer upon women the right of suffrage and its defeat was chiefly due to the apparent indifference in the matter of the women themselves. At the beginning of the present year women enjoyed some form of suffrage in thirty-two of the states and territories. School suffrage existed in differing terms in Arizona, Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin. Wyoming gives women the right of suffrage, while Kansas and Delaware limit them to municipal suffrage. In Montana, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Louisiana, Tennessee and Mississippi women are allowed to vote on certain questions involving local taxation. California showed a disposition this year to join the woman's suffrage procession by passing a measure giving the ballot to women in school elections, but owing to the loose and defective manner in which the bill was drawn, the Governor decided to withhold his approval. Whatever the merits of the arguments for or against it may be, there is plenty of evidence that the sentiment in favor of woman suffrage i growing with considerable rapidity.

The organ of Boss Fahey is making a desperate effort to distract public attention from the wholesale colonizing of voters by the Boss in the Fourth ward, and from the real issue of the campaign as to whether there shall be a perpetuation of Triangle rule and jobbery in this city, by loud and blustering charges that the ward is stuffed with Republican voters who are vagrants and non-residents. The Republican has nothing to do with the management of the Republican campaign, but it is informed by those who have that matter in charge that no attempt will be made to have a single man vote the Republican ticket who is not a legal resident of the city, and of the ward in which he is registered. We have no reason to doubt the truth of this statement. On the other hand evidence is accumulating every day that Boss Fahey has not only stuffed the ward with men who have been in the city but a few weeks, but also that he has had a registration mill running in the rear of a well known saloon, and has registered voters as residents of the ward who are not now nor never have been residents of the city. In the meantime the Expositor is playing its part in the corrupt jobbery being done to maintain Faheyism in this city by making a loud noise and kicking up the dust as a cover for the wholesale rascality being practiced by the unrivaled jobber and ward stuffer, Boss Fahey himself.

After standing for more than twenty years with its four feet in the public trough, fattening as few papers have fattened in California or any other state, the Fresno Expositor, because The Republican has recently received a small share of the public work of which it has had an almost uninterrupted monopoly for a quarter of a century, and may under a recent change in the law get a few crumbs that have not gone to its empty maw of late, says that mortgagees of land in this county will not hereafter be compelled to "pay tribute" to this paper. This is, indeed, a fit subject for editorial exultation on the part of the Expositor. Under certain conditions, which involve the appointment of a commissioner to act for the sheriff, the mortgagees of this county may, if they desire, again have the inestimable boon of "paying tribute" to the organ of Boss Fahey. Of what the advantage of "paying tribute" to the Expositor consists to the mortgagee may not be plainly apparent, but the prospect of an occasional crumb from the official table is a thing of such paramount importance to the Expositor that it gives loud and exultant editorial voice to the subject. It is but natural. A newspaper which has always subsisted upon official patronage, and which in the last campaign knifed its own party with the vindictive treachery of a Comanche Indian because a portion of the spoils upon which it had grown old and fat had been promised a Democratic paper, naturally believes the possibility of a slight increase in its official fodder a fit subject for editorial ebullition. The newspaper which for nearly a year found no space in its columns for opinion regarding the Triangle except that it was unworthy of public confidence or respect, and which is now supporting its leading spirits for re election for the reason, as Mr. Van Meter states that he was informed by Trustee Alford, that it was given the contract for the city printing, naturally enough cannot suppress an expression of the emotions which agitate the most profound depths of its nature when the glimmering hope of a small political loaf and a few fishes rises upon its horizon. This paper has no disposition to interfere in the slightest degree with the only joy which the Expositor is capable of feeling. The Republican has never fattened upon public patronage nor starved without it. It has grown and flourished without political patronage, and would continue to do so without a cent of the small amount it is now receiving.

Speaking of the enormous advantages yet to be secured to communities through the transmission of water power by electricity, the Washington Star says that "some of these days an apparently guileless stranger will secure rights giving him control of the enormous water power now wasting its energies in the vicinity of the great falls of the Potomac. Then he will establish a sufficient plant, and by means of wires transmit to this city controllable force sufficient to run all the machinery in the District of Columbia. This idea is not a new one—it has often been advanced by the Star, and has been practically demonstrated in Europe. Now it is about to be operated in California. A San Antonio [Pomona] company is having a power plant set up in the San Antonio canon, where there is a minimum flow of 1,300 cubic feet of water per minute under a head of about 400 feet. The water is conveyed to the power station in pipes, where it revolves a number of turbine wheels that are coupled to the armature shafts of as many alternating-current generators. From these through suitable wires 10,000 volts of electricity will travel to Pomona, thirteen miles away, and to San Bernardino, twenty-three miles distant, and in both places be used for the production of light and power. Where are the wide-awake Washingtonians?" In the San Joaquin river, twenty miles distant from Fresno, there is sufficient water power going to waste to furnish light, motive and manufacturing power for a city of twenty times the present size of this city. The wonder is that capital has not already been attracted by the immense value of that power, and steps taken to bring it to an industrial center that would from the start prove a profitable consumer.

That particularly energetic democratic journal, the St. Louis Republic, denounces Senator Morgan, who is one of the American arbitrators on the Bering sea tribunal as a "Ben Harrison Democrat;" and it declares in support of this charge that "during the whole of the Harrison administration Senator Morgan gave the administration his support against what had been his own party." The assertion that the able and courageous senator from Alabama opposed the policy of the majority of the Democrats in the United States senate throughout the administration of President Harison is true. It is also most creditable to Senator Morgan. "A Ben Harrison Democrat," according to the Republic, is a Democrat who believes in upholding American rights. Senator Morgan supported the administration in its demand for reparation for the cowardly murder of American seamen at Valparaiso; he is a firm champion of the Nicaragua canal, an advocate of the vigorous assertion of the just claims of the United States in Bering sea and an outspoken believer in the annexation of Hawaii. In brief, he is an American first and a Democrat afterward. That is why the Democratic newspapers which regard American ideas with contempt have singled him out for denunciation. Their attacks will add to the respect with which patriotic Americans have learned to regard him.

The Fahey organ is as mum as an oyster about that registration mill which has been run in the interests of the Boss in the rear of a Mariposa street saloon, and which has turned out in its grists such permanent residents as Professor Young Dutchy and Contractor Reed of the Pacific Paving Company. Professor Dutchy has spent a couple of days or possibly a week in Fresno during the past year, and Contractor Reed has been in Fresno for several weeks enjoying the hospitality of the Triangle as the highest and most successful bidder for gutter plaster, etc.

A recent proverb says: "The American eagul don't squak in a furrin langgage." It is showing a disposition of late, though, to drop its "h's."

For unblushing impudence, the organ of Boss Fahey posing as the advocate of purity in politics, stands without a rival.

WHY DOES IT SUPPORT THEM?

If the readers of the Fresno Expositor were all point blank idiots, as it apparently believes them to be, they could hardly be misled by the ridiculous and imbecile efforts of that sheet to evade the responsibility of its former condemnation of the Triangle as the enemy of the public and of decent municipal government. In its issue of last evening the Fahey organ puts forth this brilliant idea as an explanation of its support of the Triangle after having damned it in unmistakable language:

Because nearly a year ago the Expositor sharply criticised the City Trustees in the matter of the construction of the proposed High School, the vagrant intellect of The Republican conceives that we are somehow estopped from exposing the stuffing of wards with colonized voters practiced by the Republican managers.

Right there is where the mind of the Triangle organ is wandering. This paper has never nor does not now intimate that the Expositor is in the slightest degree impeded in the glorious cause of exposing stuffers because it recently denounced the Triangle. To the contrary that is a most excellent reason for opposition to stuffers. And we here express the hope that the Expositor will continue to belabor stuffers with unabated energy, for every time its stuffed club decends into the ranks it will fall upon at least ten of the Fahey brand to where one erring Republican may suffer.

But this is another story, as Mr. Kipling says. The question that the Expositor is actually called upon to answer, and which it attempts to evade by bluster and bravado, is, how a newspaper making any claims to honesty or common decency, can turn squarely upon its own record and advocate the election of men whose official conduct it has denounced as at all times in defiance of public opinion and against the needs of the community? And this is what the Expositor said of the Triangle no longer ago than last July, in the following language, referring to the high school matter:

The majority of the city board have proceeded in this matter JUST AS THEY HAVE IN ALL OTHER CASES, IN DEFIANCE OF PUBLIC OPINION AND PROPER CONSIDERATION FOR THE NEEDS OF OUR LOCAL GOVERNMENT. With characteristic generosity with the public funds they allowed Mr. Curtis, the architect, more than he charged for his plans.

And the Expositor makes the very grave charge, also, that the Triangle paid the High school architect more than he asked for his plans? What meaning is that intended to convey? Boodling, is it not? If not, will the Expositor please explain what that kind of business does mean; and when it is through with that, a little more light on the subject of its support of men for re-election whom it thus boldly charges with having paid more for a piece of public work even than the contractor asked for it will be in order. When it has made this matter perfectly clear by howling "stuffers" in a loud, harsh tone, it may then explain why it supports these men for re-election after making the sweeping charge that "IN ALL CASES they have acted in defiance of public opinion, and a proper consideration for the needs of our local government." That refers not only to the high school matter, but to all other acts of the Triangle.

After this wholesale condemnation of these candidates, why does the Expositor now support them? That is the question which every intelligent reader of that paper will ask, and they have the right to know.

Harper's Weekly makes a practical suggestion to stock growers when it says that the sooner the farmers in the United States realize the fact that the ordinary and commonly bred horse is likely to deteriorate in value year by year, the better it will be for them. The use of cables to drag street cars has already reduced the service performed by horses in the cities, and the extension of the trolley system in the suburbs and the perfection of electric motors will relieve many other thousands of horses from such service. It has not been so very long since nearly all the threshing was done by horses; now only a very small percentage of even the threshing machines are worked by horse power. Practically all of the plowing is now done by horses, but a cheap and practical steam plow will be shown to visitors to the World's Fair, and it is not improbable that in ten years from now quite a large percentage of plowing will be done without the aid of horses. The need in the cities and on the farms for fewer horses will tend more and more to reduce their market value. Commonly bred horses will be the first to deteriorate in price; indeed, it is doubtful whether finely bred horses will suffer at all. There is no reason why they should. The purposes for which they are used will not be affected by any inventions revolutionizing methods of transportation or tillage. Even though we could fly in the air with a balloon entirely under control, a spin on the road behind a pair of trotters or a gallop across country would give just as much pleasure as ever it gave. The horses that get the blue ribbons in the horse shows will continue to be as valuable as ever, while humbler animals—those that drag street cars and plows—will be less valuable year by year.

During the late campaign the Expositor announced as one of the reasons why Mr. Van Meter should be elected, that he was opposed to the "high-handed proceedings" of the Triangle. The Expositor believed the virtue of Mr. Van Meter's opposition to the Triangle a good reason why he should be made the district attorney of the county, but it pretends to say now that the fact of its having urged Mr. Van Meter's election on the ground that he was an enemy of the Triangle is no reason why it should not advocate the re-election of the leading spirits of the Triangle to the positions which they then occupied. The Expositor is damned as a fraud and impositor by its every utterance in favor of Triangle rule.

The frothy and furious organ of Boss Fahey seems to have struck the gait of its patron and benefactor very successfully. The Boss is a good judge of choice English, and must be highly pleased with the tone of his organ. The Boss' enjoyment of the service he is receiving is also heightened of course by the fact that it is being rendered by people whom he has for a year or two past referred to, when in his politest moods, as dirty blackmailers, traitors, sneaks and descendants of the brute creation. To person who glories in power and dominion over his fellows as Boss Fahey does, there could hardly be anything which would afford more intense pleasure than the sight of men who had opposed him and whom he had denounced as beneath contempt, wriggling on their bellies in the dust before him, and doing his bidding obsequiously and eagerly. Boss Fahey will be severely panged by disappointment when he is defeated, but the campaign will have one memory which will go far towards dulling the keen edge of that disappointment.

Fredric Harrison in the April Forum gives a caustic criticism of modern literature and the taste which patronizes and sustains it. He says that if another Dickens were to break out tomorrow with the riotous tomfoolery of Pickwick at the trial, or of Weller and Stiggins, a thousand lucid criticisms would denounce it as vulgar balderdash. Glaucus and Nydia at Pompeii would be called melodramatic rant. The "House of the Seven Gables" would be rejected by a sixpenny magazine, and "Jane Eyre" would not rise above a common "shocker." Hence the enormous growth of the "Kodak" school of romance—the snapshots at every-day realism with a hand camera. We know how it is done. A woman of forty, stout, plain, and dull, sits in an ordinary parlor at a tea table, near an angular girl with a bad squint. "Some tea?" said Mary, touching the pot. "I don't mind," replied Jane, in a careless tone; "I am rather tired, and it is a dull day!" "It is," said Mary, as her lack-lustre eyes glanced at the murky sky without; "another cup?" And so the modern romance dribbles on.

Stockton society is in a high state of indignation on account of some rattle-weeded statements about dancing made by Rev. Mr. Ellsworth, the singer who was recently in this city in company with Evangelist Crittenton. We understand that Mr. Ellsworth made some remarks of the kind which has so exasperated the Stocktonians while here, but little attention was paid to them, it being evident that the speaker referred to people and conditions somewhere else, and also that he was hardly responsible for anything that he might say.

Had the Daily Review lived and maintained its hold on Triangle patronage, the Fresno Expositor would not today be stultifying itself by supporting men whom it has denounced as unfit for public confidence. There has been nothing in the conduct of the Triangle since the Expositor held them up to public scorn to warrant any change of opinion, but much to confirm the worst things which are said of them.

The editoralist of the Los Angeles Express gives away the freshness of his arrival from Kaw valley, Kansas, by remarking that the average cost of trout caught in California by sitting on a rock all day and waiting for a bite is $5 each. California trout caught in that way would not cost 5 cents apiece, for the time of a man who would try to catch 'em by sitting on a rock all day would not be worth $5 a year.

Cheerful music—beating the Triangle.—Expositor, July 28th.

Yes, it is quite cheerful, but somehow you do not seem to be enjoying the music quite as well as it was supposed that you would. Your musical tastes seem to have undergone a remarkable change within a few months. It is a surprising change in so short a time, but Mr. Van Meter's explanation appears to be altogether sufficient.

The Stockton Mail says that the Chronicle is breaking its beak on the armor of President Cleveland. As Grover does not really wear one of those things or anything else which an angry hen could not penetrate with its beak the Stockton paper evidently refers to the coat of Mail which it kindly throws over the portly President every time it hears a squawk in derogation of his divinity.

An eastern capitalist is building a five-story, $300,000 hotel at the village of Pasadena. It will contain 200 rooms and a dining room which will accommodate 650 people. And still there are some people who profess to believe that our glorious climate don't amount to much except as a matter of sentiment.

A newspaper with a record like that of the Fresno Expositor has lost its power either for usefulness or harm. The utterances of an organ which knife its own party, and takes the back track when promised the spoils, excites only derision and contempt.

Chief Croker of Tammany Hall is referred to by a Southern paper as "Colonel." That ought to be a passport to some of the good things being dished up at the government commissary.

The "ministerial crisis" in France is occurring so frequently of late that it leads to the conclusion that a final crisis is likely to occur at any time, the result of which can only be surmised.

The coagulated blood of its own party is still upon the knife which the Fresno Expositor is attempting to use in its fight for the perpetuation of the Triangle.

The Madera Tribune is a year old, and is prosperous and happy.

LIBERTY.

Some Items of a Society and Pleasing Character.

Liberty, April 3.—Messrs. E. Harlan and A. Glass of San Ramon were the guests of E. Harlan and family of Liberty for the past week.

Eugene Hodge of San Francisco and Clyde Boulden of Fresno were sight seeing in Liberty last week.

There was a marked scarcity of ladies at the Chicago party a week ago. Are the young men of today getting bashful?

Mrs. Sronce and Mr. R. Sronce of Kingsburg were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. Barritt last Sunday.

"On with the dance" is the motto out here. Last Friday night Caruthers gave a charming party.

Caruthers believes in starting out new in all respects; new houses, newly married people and new wash boards.

Mr. Ball of Fresno was among the merry dancers at Chicago.

Chicago is talking about having a rabbit drive in the near future.

They say that the Riverdale people who started to the rabbit drive found their lunch and one another's society more alluring than hunting rabbits.

Wanted, at Liberty, either the state capitol or some news. Address,

"Observer."

Frank Dentschmann, a native of Austria, has become a naturalized citizen of the United States.

THE TRUSTEES.

A Few More Bills for Labor on Park.

TALK ON STREET SPRINKLERS

Cole and Herrington Vote to Buy Two More—City Marshal Woy's Salary Fixed.

Last night's meeting of the board of trustees was of a routine character. The salary of the city marshal was raised to $125 per month and several more bills for "labor on park" came in and were allowed.

After the reading of the bills adopted at the last meeting Fahey asked whether George C. Roeding had collected the seventy and odd dollars allowed him for trees and plants and he was informed that he had. Fahey said that Roeding had promised to donate a good deal of the stock, and it seemed that he had not done so.

Cole explained that Roeding's donation was to be contingent upon his being allowed to have an advertisement of his nursery in the park. The council had refused to grant him that privilege and he had withdrawn the donation.

SALOON LICENSE.

A license was granted to J. Whittaker to conduct the saloon business, and his bonds were accepted.

TO REPAIR A PORCH.

Mrs. J. P. Brown asked permission to repair a wooden awning and porch in the fire limits that had been blown down by the wind. Granted.

EXTENSION OF TIME.

J. T. Shanklin was granted one week's further time to complete the grading of Fresno street.

AN EXPENSIVE PURCHASE.

W. H. Schroyer asked to have $18, the price paid for a horse bought by him from the poundkeeper, refunded to him. After he had bought the horse R. B. Butler took the animal away from him by replevin. Butler commenced suit against him, and Mr. Schroyer did not care to go to the expense of a law suit for $18. Hence judgment had been taken against him.

The matter was referred to the city attorney.

CITY CLERK'S REPORT.

The city clerk reported having collected $122 for dog licenses, of which $30.50 goes as commission to the poundmaster; also that he had collected $53.83 delinquent taxes for 1888.

RECORDER'S REPORT.

The city recorder reported having collected $15 fines and forfeitures during March.

CITY MARSHAL'S REPORT.

The city marshal reported having collected $21 for city licenses for the month of March.

STREET WORK.

A resolution was adopted ordering the grading etc., of I street from Amador street to the northern city limits.

CITY OFFICERS' SALARIES.

The ordinance fixing the salaries of city officers was read. Alford moved to fix the salary of the assessor at $1050—what it was two years ago. Fahey thought that $1200, the present salary, would be about right.

"We had more contention when we were paying $1200 than when we were paying $1050," remarked Cole.

Church seconded Fahey's motion to make the salary $1200. The motion was carried, Alford and Cole voting no.

A PLUM FOR MR. WOY.

Alford moved to raise the salary of the marshal from $100 to $125 per month. It was seconded by Fahey.

The motion was carried unanimously.

The ordinance will take effect on April 18th.

The ordinance as amended was adopted.

ADDITIONAL SPRINKLERS.

Herrington announced that there were twenty-four additional blocks to be sprinkled this coming season. He suggested that two more sprinklers be purchased.

Alford suggested that twelve hours per day was too long for teams to work. He suggested that sixteen hours per day should be fixed in the contract. Then there could be two teams and two drivers, each working eight hours a day. Boys were employed as drivers last summer and they fell asleep on the wagons.

Cole said that an estimate had been received from Studebaker & Co. of San Francisco for two sprinklers at $445 each.

Alford called attention to the fact that the wagons were bought last year for $430.

Cole remarked that some new improvements had been added and that these accounted for the increase in price.

Fahey did not believe that the Studebaker wagons were needed. If there was a double shift and run sixteen or eighteen hours per day the city would not require the additional wagons.

Street Superintendent Jones remarked that the city in that case would pay more for the sprinkling and less work would be done in proportion.

"If they are to start at work at 4 o'clock in the morning how do we know that they will start at that hour?" he asked.

"You can get up at 4 o'clock in the morning and see them start," suggested Alford.

The motion to purchase two additional sprinkling wagons was defeated, Cole and Herrington voting aye.

CHANGE OF POLLING PLACE.

Alford announced that the polling place of the ninth precinct had been burned down and that he had established a new polling place at the southeast corner of Merced and E streets. The city attorney was requested to call upon the two justices of the peace and ask them to make the announcement of the change in the advertised polling place according to law.

REDUCING THE FIRE LIMITS.

Charles Ericson, representing the I Street Improvement Company, presented a petition representing that in case the company shall erect any buildings on the south half of block 70 they shall be rustic and hard finished. They therefore asked that the south half of block 70 be taken out of the fire limits.

The city attorney was requested to draw an ordinance to exclude the south or west half of block 70, and the whole of block 63 from the fire limits.

Mr. Church suggested that it might not be wise to make the exclusion asked for. That was an important business locality and should be guarded against fire.

FLOOD BILLS.

Fahey presented some bills from H. Graff & Co. for shovels and other tools furnished to men working on the flood levees. One of the bills was for $7.65 for lunch for the workingmen, and another for $0.40 for sacks furnished. He did not approve of the lunch bill, and moved that the consideration of the bills be deferred until the next meeting. It was so ordered.

BILLS.

The following bills were read by the clerk and allowed:

GENERAL FUND.	
Fresno Water Company, water for fire department	$106 40
O. J. Overshiner, stoking	13 00
R. Seidler, stoking	2 50
Thomas Day, stoking	2 50
Mrs. Belle Davis, making shirts	12 00
Sachs & Heringhi, material for same	69 40
Tim Walton, care of fire alarm	40 00
W. D. Crichton, fees as justice	24 50
Lon Bearden, typewriting	10 00
Thomas E. Hughes, rent	35 00
J. D. Etter, rent	11 00
Jay Scott, board of prisoners	34 60
W. D. Yeargin, coal oil	2 09
Redden & Collins, coal	13 75
Redden & Collins, wood	23 00
Wood & Dorsey, coal	3 50
National Ice Company, coal and coke	19 00
John R. McKay, blacksmithing	8 00
Kles & Horn, blacksmithing	15 00
Macartes Bros, horseshoeing	5 50
Baker & Colson, drugs	1 60
Fresno Gas and Electric Light Company, police	6 39
Fresno Gas and Electric Light Company, fire department	58 30
San Joaquin Lumber Company, lumber	1 12
Expositor, job printing	15 75
J. D. Morgan, stamps	2 00
J. Fahey, labor on park	17 00
J. Lucy, labor on park	17 00
P. Muldoon, labor on park	44 00
B. Mornsin, labor on park	10 50
J. Hassor, labor on park	14 00
Leonard Bullock, labor on park	4 00
John McGinnis, labor on park	4 00
Long, Bros & Co., nursery stock park	6 30
L. Einstein, supplies for park	16 50
Mechanics' Planing mill, stakes for park	13 84
A. Mosely, paint for park	1 45
Wm. Doyle, painting park	10 50
A. D. Crow, pound fees	99 00
J. McMahon, labor on park	4 00
Los Angeles Rubber Company, badges	5 25
Sunset T. & T. Company, use of instruments	22 45
A. J. Weiner, wood for park	12 50
SEWER FUND.	
Expositor, advertising	3 00
J. Hemphill, sewer work	3 50
S. S. Farley, sewer work	10 00
Robert Pitts, sewer work	10 00
F. Urell, sewer work	10 00
J. H. Morrison, sewer work	16 30
F. Matty, sewer work	3 50
G. W. Warren, sewer work	11 00
P. Ryan, sewer work	3 00
STREET FUND.	
Fresno Gas and Electric Light Company, setting extra poles, etc	636 17
Fresno Gas and Electric Light Company, street lights	630 75
T. H. Walton, street cleaning	160 00
T. H. Walton, sprinkling	30 00
H. A. G. Smith, hire of barn	5 00
San Joaquin Lumber Company, lumber	6 24
Expositor Company, advertising	10 60
L. Einstein & Co., shovels, etc	24 50
Kutner, Goldstein & Co., supplies	14 00
Fresno Milling Company, sacks	18 00
Maurice Rurphuro, rubber coat	3 50
J. D. Jones, stamps	1 00
L. A. Winchell, assistant superintendent of streets	9 00
S. S. Farley, street work	8 00
F. Rodoey street work	5 00
F. Urell, street work	7 00
J. H. Morrison, street work	7 30
J. H. Anderson, street work	25 00
Thomas Taylor, street work	18 00
L. A. Bearden, street work	14 00
Charles Sumner, street work	3 00
R. B. Johnson, blacksmithing	10 25
O. A. Vorce, hire of scraper	6 00
Pay roll for graveling on Tulare street	142 90
Pay roll for repairing streets affected by the flood	511 55

A bill was presented by Justice of the Peace Crichton for $24.50, costs in the suit brought in the name of the city by the city assessor against the banks. The matter was referred to the city attorney.

The board adjourned until Friday at 2 p.m.

William Hahn Has Good Luck at Last.

William Hahn, a month ago a tramp, has just received information that he is heir to $100,000. Hahn has had a good many ups and downs, chiefly downs, and now that he has struck it rich he can scarcely believe in his good luck. He was born in New York city, of German parentage, thirty-four years ago. He learned the cabinet maker's trade with Herman, the big furniture manufacturer. He went west in 1876, visiting several states. He put $800 in the Fidelity bank in Cincinnati, and went to Alabama, and very soon learned that the bank had failed and that his earnings had gone with it.

Later he had his chest and face cut by a bursting wheel in a shop. Then his wife and child died. He went to Chicago, and in September began tramping eastward. He reached Utica on election day and begged a job in a furniture factory. When he sent to Chicago for his tools he learned that they had been stolen. In a few days he was taken ill, and now, when again on the verge of financial dissolution, he has received a letter from the burgomaster of Wurzburg, Bavaria, saying that his deceased uncle has left him $100,000.—Utica (N. Y.) Dispatch.

Mr. Yerkes and His Mausoleum.

It will be hard work to convince the patient people who ride or try to ride on the North Side Chicago cable cars that Mr. Charles T. Yerkes is a philanthropist, yet he sometimes finds very laudable uses for his money. Mr. Yerkes has set apart $250,000 for an observatory and telescope for the use of the University of Chicago. His order was particularly Chicagoesque: "Go ahead and construct the biggest and most powerful telescope in the world. I will be responsible for the cash." But Mr. Yerkes does not put all his money in telescopes. He lives well, furnishes his house lavishly and has an eye to paintings far beyond the ordinary purse.

Moreover, Mr. Yerkes has consideration for his future residence and is not to be outdone by Cheops or Mausolus or any other extravagant ancient. So he has put $50,000 into a tomb that will some day welcome him to its hospitable embrace. This provision sheds quite a luster on Mr. Yerkes' forethought, and shows how easy it is to spend money when one has the money and the accompanying brilliant ideas.—New York World.

The Man Who Really Enjoys Life.

To no man is the world so new and the future so fresh as to him who has spent the early years of his manhood in striving to understand the deeper problems of science and life and who has made some headway toward comprehending them. To him the commonest things are rare and wonderful, both in themselves and as parts of a beautiful and intelligent whole. Such a thing as staleness in life and its duties he cannot understand.

Knowledge is always opening out before him in wider expanses and more commanding heights. The pleasure of growing knowledge and increasing power makes every year of his life happier and more hopeful than the last.—Vick's Magazine.

The Encroaching Lake.

One of the humorously attractive characteristics of a child is his large sense of personal importance. A little girl was walking with her father on the shore of Lake Michigan, where the waves were gently lapping up on the beach. Suddenly one came up higher than the others and swept over her foot, when she exclaimed, "Oh, papa, the lake stepped on my toe."—

Those Fobs.

"Look-ey yer, yo' Jeems Johnson, yo' doan fink dat I'ze goin to waltze wif yo' wif yo' suspendah hangin down dat way. What yo' teck me fo', huh?"—Harper's Bazar.

Objection Overruled.

"Emily," roared Mr. Winterbottom from the head of the stairway, "these socks you've laid out for me are not mates."

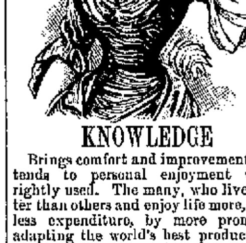
"Neither are your feet, dear," answered Mrs. Winterbottom sweetly from the hall below.—Chicago Tribune.

A landslide at Stielacoom, Wash., is said to have revealed a number of coins, ranging in denomination from five to twenty dollars. It is supposed that the money was buried in the bank some years ago by a man named John Lock.

A woman has applied for a separation from her husband on the ground that he married her while she was under the influence of hypnotism.

The First British Steamboat.

The first steamboat in Great Britain was the Comet, forty feet long, built in 1812 for the navigation of the Clyde; but before this time Fulton and Livingston had begun to build steamers at Pittsburg.—Syracuse Journal.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

Complete Manhood AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

A medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Subjects treated: Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. State age, and if married or single. Address the publishers,

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

HEART DISEASE In all forms, Palpitation, Pain in Side, Shoulder and Arm, Short Breath, Oppression, Asthma, Swollen Ankles, Weak and Smothering Spells, Dropsy, Wind in Stomach, etc., are cured by DR. MILES' NEW HEART CURE. A. F. Davis, Silver Creek, Nebraska, after taking four bottles of HEART CURE felt much better than he had for twelve years. "For 30 years troubled with Heart Disease; two bottles of DR. MILES' HEART CURE cured me."—Levi Logan, Buchanan, Michigan. E. B. Stutson, Ways Station, Ga., has taken DR. MILES' HEART CURE for Heart Trouble with great results. Mrs. Le Bar, Fitchburg, Mich., was ill for 15 years with Heart Disease, used Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and it cured her. It contains no opiates or dangerous drugs.

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Room 47, eighth floor, Mills Building, Montgomery and Bush street, San Francisco, Cal.

STEPHENS & BEAN UNDERTAKERS

Next door to Kutner-Goldstein Co.

I Street - - Telephone 39

TAXPAYERS

TAKE NOTICE THAT the second payment of taxes is now due and payable at the office of the Tax Collector, at the Court House, in Fresno City, Cal, and if not paid on or before MONDAY, the 24th DAY OF APRIL, 1893, 5 per cent and costs will be added.

W. C. GUARD,

Tax Collector.

Fresno, Cal, March 30, 1893

25 DOSES 25¢ THE GREAT TAKE THE BEST COUGH CURE 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

SHILOH'S CURE.

Cures Coughs, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup promptly; relieves Whooping Cough and Asthma. For Consumption it has no rival; has cured thousands where all others failed; will cure you if taken in time. Sold by Druggists on a guarantee. For Lame Back or Chest, use SHILOH'S PLASTER. 25 cts.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY.

Have you Catarrh? This remedy is guaranteed to cure you. Price 50 cts. Injector free.

STEEDMAN'S SOOTHING POWDERS

IN USE OVER 50 YEARS. For CHILDREN CUTTING TEETH.

RELIEVE FEVERISH HEAT, PREVENT FITS, CONVULSIONS, &c. PRESERVE A HEALTHY STATE OF THE CONSTITUTION DURING PERIOD OF TEETHING.

See that the words "JOHN STEEDMAN, Chemist, Walworth, Surrey," are engraved on the Government Stamp affixed to each packet.

Sold by all Leading Druggists.

MALYDOR INJECTION THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND AND FEMALE.

Our PERFECTION SYRINGE free with every bottle. Is CLEAN. Does not STAIN. PREVENTS STRICTURE. Cures GONORRHOEA and GLEET in One to Four days. A QUICK CURE for LEUCORRHOEA or WHITES. Sold by all DRUGGISTS. MALYDOR MANUFACTURING CO., LANCASTER, Ohio.

BANKING HOUSES.

Fresno Loan & Savings Bank

CAPITAL STOCK..............$300,000

J. G. JAMES..............President
W. H. McKENZIE..............Cashier

DIRECTORS:
J. G. James, J. R. White, A. M. Clark, P. D. Wigginton, J. A. Ewing.

Exchange bought and sold on all principal cities of the United States and Europe. Loan money, receive deposits and transact a general banking business. Interest paid on deposits.

Correspondents—Crocker-Woolworth National Bank, S. F.; Importers' and Traders' National Bank, N. Y.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. dc15d&w

THE FARMERS BANK OF FRESNO.

Paid Up Capital..............$200,000 00

Lewis Leach..............President
W. W. Phillips......Vice President and Manager
John Reichman..............Cashier

DIRECTORS:
A. Kutner, Lewis Leach, Alex. Gordon, W. W. Phillips, Alex. Goldstein.

Transacts a general banking business.

Buys and sells exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Europe.

Solicits the accounts of corporations, firms and individuals.

Has absolutely fire and burglar proof SAFE DEPOSIT VAULT.

Safety deposit boxes for rent at nominal figures. Office hours from 9 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK. FRESNO, CAL.

Oldest Bank in Fresno Co. Estab'd 1882

Paid Up Capital - - - - $100,000
Surplus - - - - - - - 130,000

O. J. Woodward..............President
R. Kennedy..............Vice President
E. A. Walrond..............Cashier

DIRECTORS.
J. Vogel, T. C. White, C. L. Walter, E. Kennedy, O. J. Woodward.

Our Business Card

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The Poor Man's Friend

The Largest Department Store in the Valley.

Clothing, Boots and Shoes.
Dry and Fancy Goods.
Millinery.
Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods.
Hats, Trunks, Valises, etc.

Sole Agents for the W. L. Douglas Shoe

Strictly one price and for cash only.
Every Department separate.

The White Front Stores
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Goods delivered free. Mail orders promptly attended to and samples sent to all parts of the Pacific Coast.

Our Business Card

MUSCULAR LAYMEN

Create a Sensation in a Church

BY PUNCHING EACH OTHER

A Lady Member of a Congregation the Cause of the Pugilistic Display.

CHICAGO, April 3.—A sensational scene took place this afternoon in the Belden avenue Presbyterian church, where nearly 200 ministers were present. Two layman, H. B. Freeman and James Ingles, quarreled over charges implicating Rev. Dr. Totherob and a lady member of his congregation. The two men came to blows and Freeman made a motion to draw a revolver. Ministers quickly interposed and the combatants separated. During the fight several blows were struck and more or less blood was shed.

Extra Session Arrangements.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Speaker Crisp had a consultation today with the President with reference to an extra session. The President, it is understood, exacted an assurance from Crisp that the latter would support the President's tariff reform, monetary reform and pension reform policies. The speaker gave these assurances. He was then informed that an extra session would surely be called in September, and the vacant committee chairmanships be given immediate attention. Owing to Springer's determination to retire, the ways and means committee will have a new chairman, with McMillan, the next member in the line of promotion. Wilson is also talked of. It is thought that Sayres will succeed Holman as chairman of the committee on appropriations. Blount's retirement leaves a vacant chairmanship in the foreign affairs committee, which Judge Chipman may get. Amos Cummings is thought to have a good show for the chairmanship of the naval committee, vacated by Herbert's appointment to the cabinet. A number of other important committees must be provided for.

Knows Nothing.

CHICAGO, April 3.—An Indianapolis special says: Ex-President Harrison, after reading the article about the extravagant allowances to the staff of the Bering Sea commission, said: "I don't know anything about it." Pressed for an explanation he said, "Well, General Foster was employed by Blaine, at what pay I do not know. I know General Foster, however, has done noble work. About the other charges I have nothing to say as I am ignorant of the facts."

A Typical Office Holder.

OAKLAND, April 3.—Ex-Mayor Chapman refuses to give up his office to Mayor-elect Pardee. Last night Pardee's bond was approved and accepted by the city treasurer, thus qualifying him as mayor. Chapman, however claims that his term does not expire until midnight of Sunday. He placed a policeman on guard and will not give up office until Monday.

Corrects a Rumor.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Secretary Gresham said this morning that there was no truth whatever in the published statement that the United States minister to St. Petersburg had been directed to stop all negotiations concerning the Russian extradition treaty, with a view to having the whole matter referred back. Further than this Gresham declined to talk.

A New Premier.

PARIS, April 3.—President Carnot has summoned Meline to form a cabinet. Meline is a lawyer and an opportunist in politics. He was elected a member of the chamber of deputies in 1872 and was under secretary of state for the department of justice in 1876, minister of agriculture in 1881 and president of the chamber of deputies in 1888.

A Fresh Feature.

MONTREAL, April 3.—About 3000 people assembled at Sohmer park tonight to see J. J. Corbett, champion pugilist, in "Gentleman Jack." A new feature in the performance was the first appearance of Mrs. Corbett, the champion's wife. Mrs. Corbett took the part of Polly Graham, a college widow.

Bold Robbery of a Store.

SAN BERNARDINO, April 3.—Last evening two masked men entered S. F. Frazier's grocery store at Highland, and covering the proprietor with pistols robbed the till of $25. Two boys who entered the store were also stood up by the robbers, who escaped.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Arrangments for the State Convention to Meet in Fresno.

There was another large and enthusiastic meeting last evening at the Presbyterian church of those interested in making arrangements for the state convention of the Christian Endeavor Societies that will convene here on the 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d of this month.

The committees reported progress in their special departments of the work.

The entertainment committee is in need of much assistance to entertain those that come on the free list. Any one that has not already been invited to entertain will confer a favor by reporting to Miss A. E. Armstrong, chairman of the entertainment committee.

The reception committee also announce that those who have carriages would confer a favor by placing them at the disposal of the committee for conveying the delegates to the places of entertainment on the arrival of the trains on the evening of April 20th.

It was decided that there should not be a lunch served to the delegates on the evening of their arrival.

Judge Frank Laning was selected by the executive committee to deliver the address of welcome on behalf of the citizens; Rev. F. D. Mather has recently been selected on behalf of the pastors. The meeting adjourned to meet Thursday at the Methodist Church at 7 30 p.m.

T. J. HAMMOND.

The Hermann's Sons.

At a recent meeting of the Order of Hermann's Sons the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing term: Phil Schmitz, president; George Goenheimer, vice president; Henry Johannsen, secretary; Paul Mayer, treasurer; Fritz Faatsch and Paul Borchardt were chosen trustees. The installation will be held on April 30th, on which occasion the grand president will visit the lodge.

A Town Wiped Out.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 31.—The chief of the fire department received word that the town of Galena of 800 inhabitants was wiped out by a fire this morning. Two hundred houses were destroyed and several persons severely burned, but no lives were lost. As no railroad or telegraph office is in town it is impossible to get further details. The houses were frame, and neat substantial buildings, built close together.

DISCOVERED IN TIME

A Tramp Saves a Passenger Train

FROM A TERRIBLE PLUNGE

Desperate Attempt at Train Robbery—The Discoverer Beaten and Stabbed.

PORTLAND, Or., March 31.—An attempt was made at midnight last night to wreck the north bound overland at Rice's Hill, a few miles north of Roseburg.

A rail was removed from the trestle, and so fixed as to immediately throw the train coming in contact with it off the track.

The express came whirling down the steep grade and was just swinging on the curve leading to the trestle, when the engineer of the leader of the two locomotives pulling the train of thirteen cars, saw a man lying between the rails and waving burning clothes.

It was George E. Richards, a gardener out of employment, and who was making his way on foot towards Roseburg. He had boarded the south bound train at Yoncalla three miles north of the trestle, but was put off, and followed, hoping to be able to board the south bound train at 3 o'clock, when it was

PULLING UP THE STEEP INCLINE

at Rice's Hill.

On the trestle he discovered that the outer rail had been removed and turned diagonally across the track. Thinking to get back to Yoncalla to telegraph he wheeled about and came face to face with two men from the other end. Three others also approached him.

The crowd beat him terribly about the head, stabbed him twice, and one wound may possibly prove fatal. They then threw him over the guard rail twenty feet to the ground.

The wounded man climbed the side of the ravine and walked and crawled half a mile, falling exhausted, and set fire to his handkerchief just in time to save himself and the lives of 250 passengers. If the train had struck the rail it would have been thrown into space, falling thirty feet and rolled down another hundred.

It is thought a clew to the miscreants has been found.

CONDUCTOR CHARLES WILSON STATED:

"We were due at Rice's Hill at 12 o'clock this morning, and there were flagged by Richardson, all worn out, panting and faint, and blood running from his body. We could see all this as the night was light. We stopped and he cried out, 'For Christ's sake don't go any further. There are five men down there to rob you and they have torn up the track.'

"We at once proceeded to get all the arms we could on the train, which was being pulled by two engines, and Master Mechanic Young took the head engine and with six armed men went to reconnoiter. After traveling half a mile very cautiously we came to a trestle thirty-five feet high, and we hadn't passed it but a short distance when the engine went off the track, every wheel of it. Upon investigation the party found an entire rail gone in the centre of the trestle, and it took us all night to get the engine on the track again."

The passengers this morning, while en route to this city, drew up resolutions extending their thanks and sympathy to Richardson. They also

RAISED A PURSE OF $50.

Some are of the opinion that the motive of the wreckers was revenge on the railroad company for hiring Japanese section hands instead of white men, but the more probable theory is that of robbery, and had the attempt been successful they would have secured a large amount, as it is reported that Wells-Fargo's treasure box contained $35,000 in gold alone, shipped from San Francisco to a Porland bank, while other sums in the box brought the sum up to

NEARLY $50,000.

Southern Pacific officials took charge of Richardson, bringing him to this city and providing medical attendance for him.

The crowbar and wrench used in removing the rail was found near the scene. They were identified as belonging to a section house at Yoncalla.

Southern Pacific officials say they have found no definite clew to the perpetrators.

Local authorities, who are now scouring the country, will be reinforced by the company's detectives and the company will probably offer a large reward.

Prosperous Brewers.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31.—Internal Revenue Collector Brooks today seized the brewery of Philip Klein & Son as the result of a discovery made yesterday that an illicit rum distillery of 1200 gallons capacity was being conducted there. In the discovery made by the revenue agents who had been working on the case for four months, and who forcibly entered a room, a small quantity of warm rum spirits was found and it is evident that a larger quantity was run into the sewer through a rubber hose, which appliance was kept in readiness in case of discovery. The plant is valued at $75,000 and the illegal distillery one of the largest ever unearthed. Philip Klein Jr. and his son were held in $1500 bail by United States Commissioner Bell for furthering hearing tomorrow.

A Clever Dodge.

CHICAGO, March 31.—The city is preparing to put on several hundred extra policemen for the World's Fair year. Applicants must pass a written examination. It was discovered today that some one had worked up a scheme by which applicants can secure the necessary question blanks already filled out in perfect shape. The applicant comes to the examination room, takes his blanks, pretends to fill them out, slips them into his pocket, substitutes the prepared answer and turns them in. One of them was caught at it this morning and confessed so much. The name of the man furnishing the bogus papers has not yet been learned.

Reward for the Wreckers.

PORTLAND, April 1.—The Southern Pacific Company has offered a reward of $3000 each for the arrest and conviction of the persons who removed the rail from the track near Drain on Thursday night for the purpose of wrecking the northbound passenger train. The company has a well organized posse scouring the country near the scene of the attempted wreck. It is believed they have a clew which may lead to the capture of the wreckers.

In Cold Blood.

VISALIA, April 1.—At 7 o'clock this morning Tex Bronson shot and killed W. H. Harris, eight miles south of this city. The men were in Tulare drunk yesterday, and returned home in the night and kept up the carousal, but it is not known that they had a quarrel. Bronson had not been arrested twelve twelve hours after the murder, though officers are in pursuit.

In Spite of Stuffers.

Two well known Democrats who have during the past few days made a canvass of the Fourth and Fifth wards, unreservedly express the opinion that Boss Fahey is certain of defeat, and that in the Fifth Spinney will be elected by not less than a two-thirds vote.

Began Early.

CHICAGO, March 31.—Two boys, one 14 and the other 15 years of age, today were given practically life sentences in the penitentiary for murder, both being sent up for forty years. The younger is William Blunck, and the other John T. Laveine. The crime for which the boys were convicted was the murder of Albert Eckroth in May last. One of them pushed a revolver in Eckroth's face while the other attempted to rob him. Eckroth resisted and he was shot dead. Blunck was captured running from the scene, and soon after a confession implicated Laveine, who was arrested the following day. When the verdict was rendered this afternoon Laveine was overcome, but Blunck took it calmly.

Morton Makes Appointments.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Secretary Morton has appointed five state agents in the department of agriculture to take office April 1st. They are Frank A. Dillilush of Illinois, vice S. D. Fisher, removed; A. S. Mercer of Wyoming, vice E. A. Block, removed; C. L. Fryer of Tennessee, vice T. H. Reeves, removed; L. M. Fay of Wisconsin, vice H. L. C. Adams, removed; Nathan Pratt of Detroit, vice D. B. Stewart, removed.

A Steamer Disabled.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The French steamer La Normandie arrived today, and reports that four days ago she spoke the steamer Hekla of the Thingvalla line, disabled in the ocean. She had made temporary repairs to her disabled machinery and was steaming on her way at the rate of eight knots an hour. The vessel has about 800 passengers, of which 60 are in the cabin.

A Wheel Around the World.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.—Thomas G. Allen and William Sachtleben, the Washington university students, who started from here on June 23d last to ride around the world on bicycles, arrived here today from San Francisco, having accomplished the remarkable feat. They were escorted into town by a cavalcade of local wheelmen, who went out to meet them.

A Son of His Sire.

BOSTON, March 31.—The mare, Maggie Sutton, 2.30, the 6-year-old of J. Malcom Forbes' stables, today gave birth to a filly, sired by Arion, the California 2-year-old wonder, 2.10½, purchased by Forbes a little over a year ago for, it is said, $125,000. Arion, it is stated, will be bred to Nancy Hanks the coming season.

Baseball.

Los Angeles—Oakland 6, Los Angeles 5.

San Francisco—Stockton 7, San Francisco 11.

A STRATEGIC PRAYER

SAVES GEORGE BOYLE FROM A FEARFUL DEATH.

Thrilling Experience With a Lunatic on the Roof of a 16-Story Building.

CHICAGO, March 31.—Today George Boyle of this city and Robert Gedney of Philadelphia went to the top of the Great Northern hotel, a 16-story building, to look over the city. They stood for some time looking about and then Gedney gave a strange laugh, and grabbing Boyle began to pull him about as if the cool breeze inspired him to playfulness. Then he said, "Hold my hands, I want to look down."

Boyle did so, and after Gedney had looked down he approached Boyle with a baleful light in his eyes and a strange earnestness in his voice, contrasting unpleasantly with his recent playfulness, and said, "You've got to jump off the building or I will throw you off."

With fearful reality it came to Boyle's memory that Gedney several years ago was treated for a mild form of insanity.

His first impulse as the sickening realization of the situation came over him was to call for help, but he saw it was useless and tried to temporarily treat the matter as a joke.

"Will you jump?" fiercely screamed Gedney, and without waiting for a reply he seized Boyle and began to drag him towards the edge.

Boyle fought with the desperation of despair and the men staggered to and fro over the roof.

Robert Haslam, who has an office in the upper story of the Monadnock building across the street, saw the men struggling and watched them, thinking it only sport. He soon saw, however, that it was a struggle for life and death, and hurrying down rushed to the hotel and informed Eden, the proprietor, who, accompanied by the porter and three men, started for the roof.

On the stairs leading to the turret they encountered Boyle, bareheaded and with his clothes torn from his back. He was very weak, excited and in a fainting condition.

Gedney was walking solemnly around his room when Eden put his head out of the scuttle, but he pleasantly invited Eden to come out and see the city, but Eden declined, and finally succeeded in getting Gedney to come down for the purpose of getting a drink.

He was put into a room and when asked why he attempted to throw Boyle off seemed surprised, but laughed and said it was only a joke. Nevertheless he was locked up and his father telegraphed for.

When Boyle was able to talk he gave a graphic account of the fearful fight for life, and it was learned that he only escaped by strategy.

After the struggle had progressed for some time and feeling his strength almost gone, he suddenly called to Gedney to stop and he would jump off, stipulating however that he must have a few moments for prayer. He stopped back and knelt down while Gedney reverently bent his head.

Boyle watched him through his half closed eyes and suddenly darted for the scuttle and went through it like a flash into the arms of his would be rescuers.

Will Implicate Them.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 31.—The joint convention of the legislature this afternoon, by a vote of 127 to 4, adopted a resolution of impeachment against Attorney General Hastings, Secretary of State Allen, Commissioner Humphrey and ex-Treasurer Hill. Before the adoption of the resolution Senator Pope offered a communication from four impeachables asking the adoption of the impeachment resolutions, in order that they be allowed a chance to be heard in their own defense. It was received and made part of the record by a unanimous vote. The committee agreed to draft articles of impeachment and prosecute them before the supreme court.

After Their Money.

OMAHA, March 31.—The state of Nebraska today began suit against ex-State Treasurer John E. Hill and his bondsmen to recover the sum of $263,364, which has, so it is alleged, been collected, but not turned over to his successor in office. The suit is the result of the failure of the Capital National bank of Lincoln, in which the state treasurer had deposits to the amount stated.

Lucky Eads.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—President Cleveland yesterday appointed W. M. Eads of Missouri Governor of New Mexico, vice L. Bradford Prince, time expired.

OFF WITH THE HEADS

Secretary Carlisle Busy Yesterday

DOING THE DECAPITATION ACT

Civil Service Reform Advocates Stand Aghast—More Beheading in Sight.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Secretary Carlisle was busy today making official changes in the treasury department. He called for the resignation of H. S. McLean, chief clerk in the architect's office, and in his place appointed Charles F. Kemper of Staunton, Va. The resignation of Frank Smith, of the architect's office, was tendered and accepted. General Daniel McConley, a late appointment clerk in the treasury department, was appointed chief clerk of the immigration bureau vice Hall, resigned. Two messengers were discharged and two Democrats appointed in their places.

Convicted of Murder.

BAKERSFIELD, March 31.—The jury in the case of William and Charles Gibbons, charged with the crime of killing Fletcher Burton at Kernville last November, brought in a verdict last night of murder in the first degree, fixing the punishment at imprisonment for life. The trial has been going on in the superior court for two weeks and considerable interest was manifested, as the evidence throughout was entirely circumstantial.

The First Stage.

WAWONA, March 31.—The first through stage arrived here today from Yosemite valley. There is but very little snow in the road, which accounts for its being open so early this spring.

Will Not Be There.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The original drafts of the Declaration of Independence and constitution of the United States will not be sent the World's Fair.

Rippey Indicted.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—W. C. Rippey, the old man who shot John W. Mackay and then shot himself, has been indicted by the grand jury for assault to commit murder, and bail fixed at $5000.

HIGH SCHOOL BONDS.

THE BOARD OF EDUCATION WILL CALL AN ELECTION.

The Compulsory Law to Be Enforced Next Fall—A Half Year Between Grades.

A special meeting of the city board of education was held last night.

City Superintendent Heaton reported several following recommendations, which were adopted. He recommended that the compulsory education law be enforced. The enforcement of this law will keep a good many children in school who are now becoming truants and hoodlums. The board decided to have the school census taken with special reference to the compulsory school law so as to obtain the name, age and residence of every pupil.

The superintendent recommended that an address by some prominent educator be substituted for the essays, etc., of pupils at the High school commencement exercises. This will give the class the full term of the regular school work. The recommendation was adopted. An effort will be made to secure the attendance of Professor Moses of the State University.

The superintendent also recommended that the systems of semi-annual promotions be adopted. At the present time there is a year between the grades, and by the new systems there will be only half a year, thus giving a better system of grading and better instruction. Under the present system if a pupil on account of sickness or other reasons drops behind his class it will be a delay of a year whereas by the new system the delay will not be longer than half a year. The recommendation was adopted and the new system will be enforced in all grades below the High school. This plan is followed in all large cities.

The board decided to take immediate steps towards calling an election for bonds for the high school. To this end the board resolved to employ counsel to take charge of the entire proceedings in order that all the steps may be regularly made. As soon as the call shall have been formulated by the special counsel employed by the board an election will be called. The amount of the bonds will be $75,000.

The meeting then adjourned, subject to the call of the chair.

A BRIBE.

T. P. Mernin was Offered One Hundred Dollars.

Thomas P. Mernin, president of the Laborers' Union, informed THE REPUBLICAN last night that a Triangle supporter attempted to bribe him with money to use his influence to secure the election of Fahey, Alford and Justy.

Mr. Mernin said that this person approached him last Friday and said, "You are accused of getting $100 from the Republicans, but I know a darned sight better than that. I know you didn't get it, but I can give you $100 in less than an hour if you want it."

He then proposed that Mernin should advocate the election of Fahey, Alford and Justy in consideration of $100 to be paid to Mernin by the person approaching him, because, as he said, Fahey, Alford and Justy had promised to give him the superintendency of streets in the event of their election.

Mr. Mernin declined the proposition.

THE CITY PARK.

Those Who Donated Trees and Shrubbery For It.

Among those who have donated trees and shrubbery to the city and which were planted in the City Park are Messrs. Marshall & Wilson, proprietors of the Fresno nursery, and D. W. Lewis. Marshall & Wilson gave the following:

Five lemon trees, 5 orange trees, 2 laurestenas, 6 lilacs, 1 olive, 2 Chamlops palm, 4 rose bushes, 2 hydrangias, valued at $18.

Mr. Lewis contributed 2 palms, 2 loquats, 2 Virginia red cedars, 8 oleanders, 1 Valencia late orange tree, 2 dracenas; value $17.50.

The liberality of these gentlemen is a precedent which, if followed, will make the City Park bloom as the gardens of Babylon.

Arrested for Insanity.

William Teague was arrested last night on a charge of insanity preferred by S. N. Griffith, and taken before Justice of the Peace Austin. The Justice committed him to jail to await examination. Teague is said to be the author of some libelous articles published in the Expositor.

A MINE EXPLOSION

Causes the Death of Ten Men.

HUNDREDS PLACED IN JEOPARDY

Heartrending Scenes at the Shaft When the Mangled Remains are Recovered.

SHAMOKIN, Pa. April 1.—A miner's lamp caused an explosion in the Neilson shaft, operated by Langdon & Co., this morning. Many miners in the mine at the time escaped, but twelve or fifteen lost their lives, and a number of mules were suffocated. Owing to yesterday being a holiday, not as many men were at work as usual. Ten dead have been recovered. It is not certainly known whether any more are in the mine, which is burning fiercely with momentary danger of explosion. Despite this, a force of men and officials are battling with the flames and gas. The dead were all found in a vein to which smoke found its way from a vien 200 feet below. A thousand men are out of employment.

Attempts were made to fight the fire, but those who started to do so were compelled to flee for their lives.

Ten men lost their lives while at work nearly 100 feet above where the fire broke out, through the airway of which the smoke poured, suffocating the unfortunates like rats in a trap.

Almost the entire town gathered in the vicinity of the burning flume, where the scenes were most distressing.

About mid-day a rescuing party went down the shaft. When they had proceeded a short distance, under constant danger of suffocation, they came across the bodies of two men locked in each others arms. Further on the bodies of eight more men were found, making ten dead in all.

The bodies were removed to the surface with much difficulty and taken to the blacksmith shops, where the most pathetic scenes were witnessed.

Only two mules were gotten out alive, and there are thirty dead mules in the mine.

USELESS EXTRAVAGANCE.

Secretary Gresham Makes a Startling Discovery.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Disclosures with regard to the Bering sea commissioners' expenditures still continue to excite surprising comment.

All arrangements for representation by this country at the conference was made by General Foster, and evidently with the determination that its staff should not lack the wealth to make a display. Looking at it in this light there are some people who are willing to admit that the ex-secretary had the right idea, but they think he carried it to extremes. For instance, they do not see why the paymaster of the commission, whose duties occupy no more than one or two days at the outside in every month, should have so large a sum for his expenses over and above a per diem salary; in fact, they fail to see why a paymaster is necessary at all, and his duties could just as well have been performed by one of the clerks, or even by one of the commissioners themselves.

Members of the house who are in the city are outspoken in their protests against the extravagances which the investigations of Secretaries Gresham and Carlisle have disclosed, and there is talk of introducing a resolution in the senate asking for an investigation. This proceeding is discouraged by some, who say it is wholly unnecessary in view of the fact that the two secretaries are doing all the investigating necessary, and when they reach a conclusion they may be relied upon to act quite as vigorously and fearlessly as any senate committee. Moreover, there is a wider spread of a feeling of confidence in Secretary Gresham's ability to get at the bottom of a complication of this kind.

The First Bid.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The Coney Island Athletic Club made a bold bid tonight for the great fight between Charles Mitchell and James J. Corbett. Judge Newton, representing the Coney Island Club, met Corbett and succeeded in getting the Californian to attach his signature to an agreement to fight Mitchell in the Coney Island arena for a purse of $40,000. The agreement signed by Corbett is as follows:

"I do hereby agree to box Charley Mitchell before the Coney Island Athletic club, according to the articles of agreement now signed by Mitchell and myself, the man who is declared the winner by the referee of the club to receive the sum of $40,000.

"JAMES J. CORBETT."

The proper articles will be signed later, in the event of Mitchell accepting the purse offered by the Coney Island Athletic Club. Hammel, Mitchell's advisor in America, cabled Mitchell tonight advising him to accept the offer.

The Month's Money.

WASHINGTON, April 1—A statement of the public debt, giving transactions of the treasury in the month of March was issued this afternoon. It shows a net decrease of the debt of $1,956,172; of this $453,532 is the amount of the reduction of the bonded indebtedness of the government, and $1,502,640 the increase of cash in the treasury during the month. The aggregate interest and non-interest bearing debt on March 31st was $962,328,210; the available surplus in treasury was $25,630,228.

Earthquake at Vacaville.

VACAVILLE, March 31.—A sharp earthquake shock was felt here at 2 30 o'clock this morning. It lasted several seconds. The vibrations were from north to south.

SUPERIOR COURT NOTES.

Law and Motion Day in Department No. 1.

Yesterday was law and motion day in Judge Harris' department of the superior court and the following matters were disposed of:

Edgar A. Cohen vs. H. H. Hotaling et al.; motion to strike out part of answer denied and demurrer to answer overruled.

W. C. Maze vs. Alex Gordon, administrator; on motion of defendant motion for new trial and motion to strike out part of cost bill dismissed.

J. W. Beall vs. S. C. Fisher et al.; execution stayed.

B. C. Wells vs. W. N. Snow et al.; demurrer overruled and ten days to answer.

Sig Wormser vs. Samuel Oldham; demurrer overruled and ten days to answer.

LuLum vs. Yu Chong et al.; demurrer overruled and ten days to answer.

Mary R. Teague vs. S. N. Griffith; demurrer overruled and ten days to answer.

D. G. Whidden vs. D. C. McDougall et al.; demurrer submitted and taken under advisement.

G. D. Kent et al. vs. W. M. Williams et al; objection to motion to set aside default of San Francisco Savings Union sustained and motion dismissed without prejudice.

J. W. Scott vs. Alford-Coffman Co.; costs retaxed and reduced from $178.30 to $168.40.

George O. Cheano vs. Centerville and Kingsburg Irrigation Ditch Company; hearing of motion to dissolve injunction continued till April 5th, 9 a.m.

FRANK ELGAN.

He Returned From Hanford and Paid His Bills.

Frank Elgan, the good-looking special policeman who left here recently after having surrendered his star to City Marshal Morgan, returned yesterday.

Two complaints had been filed against him in Justice of the Peace Austin's court charging him with misdemeanor. One of the complainants was Joseph Stock, proprietor of a restaurant at 1,743 Mariposa street, and the other was O. P. Tuller. They alleged that Elgan had left the city with intent to defraud them, they being creditors for goods sold and delivered, etc.

Mr. Elgan was allowed to go on his own recognizance on settling the bills.

He denies several of the statements made concerning his departure and the alleged reasons for it. He says that he did not go away with Mamie Sanchez, but with a gentleman friend of his, and that he went to Hanford on business. He denies also that he was in Miss Sanchez's house when the pistol shot was fired, and alleges that he went off his beat into Chinatown to see Policeman Smith on a matter of business. While in the street he heard the report of the pistol and he blew his whistle to attract the attention of the police.

He proposes to resume his duties as a special on his old beat.

A SEVERE LOSS.

JOE JEFFERSON'S SUMMER HOME BURNED.

A Life's Accumulation of Curios and Valuable Paintings Destroyed.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass, April 1.—A fire this afternoon totally destroyed the beautiful summer residence of Joe Jefferson, situated on the shores of Buttermilk bay, and the family cook, Helen McGrath, perished in the ruins.

Miss Simmonds, the housekeeper, Miss Collins, the maid, and Miss McGrath were in the cellar at noon, when Miss McGrath discovered what she supposed to be water covering the floor. She called the hired man, named Wright, who saw at once that it was oil from a gasoline tank. He shouted to the women to flee for their lives, but they stood dumfounded. The gas communicated with the fire in the furnace, and in an instant a terrible explosion ocurred.

Wright caught Miss Simmonds and Miss Collins and fought his way to the open air.

He endeavored to return for Miss McGrath when he was met with a blinding sheet of flame. Burned and bleeding, he heroically tried to gain an entrance, but was unsuccessful, and the unfortunate woman was left to perish.

When the cry of fire was raised Mrs. Jefferson, who was ill in bed, hastily arose and fled, not stopping to dress. She suffered a severe nervous shock, and medical attendance was summoned.

The children, who were playing in the attic, were the first to escape and seek a place of safety.

A large and valuable painting, which was to have been exhibited at the World's Fair, was totally destroyed, together with Jefferson's costly collection of curios. It is estimated that $150,000 worth of paintings was consumed and the total loss will be $250,000. Jefferson was en route to California, and word was sent him.

LOOTING THE TREASURY

HOW IT IS DONE UNDER TRIANGLE RULE.

Extravagance and Waste in Work Paid for Out of [illegible]

Thirty-four men and four teamsters were set to work yesterday by Boss Fahey filling in a mudhole near the corner of Tulare and G streets.

The teamsters hauled gravel from the cars near by and the twenty-four men—twelve to each wagon—shoveled the gravel on to the wagons with long tailed shovels. They were so much in one another's way that not more than half of them could work at a time while the other half rested or made a bluff at poking their shovels between the legs of their fellow laborers.

The spectacle was viewed by a large crowd who were delighted with this strategic movement on the part of the Boss to get a few votes. It is needless to say that this work did not cost the Boss a dollar. It will be taken out of the city treasury.

One half the number of men could have done the work just as well, and in the same time as that consumed by the thirty-four men.

Such is the opinion of those who saw the work done and who made audible comments on it. It is characteristic of the Boss.

Another job of work was done recently on Fresno street, near the flouring mill. It was lowering some water pipe in a trench across the roadway. This work cost the city 700 per cent more than the same work had cost the water company. The taxpayers had to pay the bill. But, according to the Boss system of politics, everything goes in a municipal campaign.

Another sample of Triangle extravagance and violation of law may be seen in the new city park, which cost between $3000 and $4000, done not under the supervision of the street superintendent and by contract as the law requires, but under the supervision of Boss Fahey. The raw material of the bituminous rock used in the walks cost before it was laid nearly $1400. What the labor of laying it cost, nobody knows.

But the money was paid out of the city treasury, and nobody had a chance to bid on the work.

Still Hunting Train Robbers.

Our correspondent in the Sierra Nevada mountains chronicles another fruitless attempt made by private parties to capture the train robbers, Evans and Sontag, says the Sanger Herald. It is a well known fact that parties have been scouring the hills for months past in search of the outlaws, and they seem convinced that Evans and Sontag still make their home in the wilderness, occasionally making trips to the valley for supplies and information concerning the movements of detectives. There is a possibility that the robbers may be caught napping and taken in by the officers before long.

A Fatal Mistake.

SANTA ANA, April .—James S. Bakers of this city, who has lived her about six weeks, coming from Miller, Neb., took carbolic acid this morning, mistaking it for brandy, and died within an hour. He leaves a wife and two children.

A Gain in Cash.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—It is estimated that the public debt statement to be issued tomorrow will show a gain of available cash during the month of $1,500,000.

THE BACK TRACK

As Taken by the Expositor on the Triangle.

A LEAF FROM THE PAST

Unkind Things Said by Boss Fahey's Organ Before He Captured It.

The Expositor, which is now supporting the Triangle with tooth and toenail, had, before it received the city printing contract, denounced the Triangle as unworthy of public confidence.

As after the death of the Review it took the back track in its attitude towards the Free Companions and the court house ring, so now, after the birth of the city printing contract, it takes the back track in its course towards the Triangle. Before that interesting event the Expositor said editorially that the Triangle had in all cases acted in defiance of public opinion and proper consideration for the needs of the municipal government.

In its issue of July 1, 1892, appears the following in an editorial under the heading "The High School Matter," referring to the action of the city trustees:

"There is no argument to justify this going out of the plain beaten legal path to carry out a public improvement. There is no emergency to give it seeming justification. The majority of the city board have proceeded in this matter JUST AS THEY HAVE IN ALL OTHER CASES IN DEFIANCE OF PUBLIC OPINION AND PROPER CONSIDERATION FOR THE NEEDS OF OUR LOCAL GOVERNMENT. With characteristic generosity with the public funds they allowed Mr. Curtis, the architect, more than he charged for his plans."

A little further on in the same editorial appears the following:

"Why should the city trustees manifest such an intense anxiety to boss this job? Is it simply in keeping with their general desire to boss everything that is going on, or is it because there is money to spend?"

In an editorial under date July 6, 1892, and headed "Down Went Fahey," appears the following on the same subject:

"The majority of the city trustees have struck a snag. They imagined that they would have plain sailing in their little scheme to handle the money for building the High school, but they have discovered that there is such a thing as law in the land."

Again in the same editorial: "From this lucid statement it appears that only two courses are open to the trustees. One is to turn the money over to the board of education—or rather transfer it to the school fund—and the other is to spend it all in buying plans from Mr. Curtis and paying him more than he charges for them."

Under date of July 8th the Triangle received another whack as follows:

"But he (Van Meter) cannot afford to let the men who have heretofore opposed him be his spokesmen and make his candidacy a question of vindicating the ring or Mr. Church for his course as a city trustee. It must not go abroad that Mr. Van Meter is in sympathy with the high-handed proceedings of the majority of the city trustees."

The High school matter is reverted to editorially in the issue of July 26, 1892:

"The trustees were determined from the first to handle and spend the money, and their method of expenditure was illustrated when they paid Architect Curtis more for his plans than he charged for them. * * * But they are bound to spend the money at all hazards."

In the issue of July 27th the Expositor said editorially:

"If the city trustees had exerted themselves as energetically to seek a way out of the High school muddle satisfactory to the public and in harmony with public interests as they have sought for pretexts for spending the money without consulting the board of education there never would have been any necessity for buying a new lot on which to build the school. * * * But the trustees are bound to spend the money."

A SURPRISE PARTY

Given Mrs. Appling on Friday Evening Last.

A very enjoyable surprise party was given Mrs. Appling Friday evening at her residence in Florence addition. Excellent music was furnished by Messrs. Cascagnette and Pool. There were present:

Mrs. Emerson, Mr. and Mrs. Cloyd; Misses Sarrah Crandle, Emma Stoner, Alice Stoner, Rosa Wolfe, Hattie Welch, Ida Hemphill, Sadie Brice and Jennie Budge.

Messrs. Milt Pool, Columbus Oaks, George Carter, James Brice, Bert Brice, Ed Dryden, Ed Sinnell, Frank Hart, Ed Budge, K. R. Lane, Ham Cloyd, Elmer Appling, Murry Stoner, Corwin Stoner, Ben Hemphill, George Armitage, Arch Wilkins and others.

Excellent refreshments were served, after which dancing was continued until a late hour.

MINARET

Proposed as the County Seat of Madera County.

Madera will have a competitor for the honor of being the county seat of Madera county. It is the town of Minaret, at Mud Springs, on the Adobe ranch, about fourteen miles east of Madera and four miles north of Bates' station.

George L. Hoxie and assistants will begin the work of surveying the town site today, and the residents of the foot hill country will be enlisted under the banner of the Minaret party.

It is reported that two lumber flumes will empty at Minaret, and that a branch railroad will be built from Minaret to Fresno or Pollasky.

Mr. Still, one of the Madera county commissioners, owns the Adobe ranch, and is in favor of Minaret as the county seat.

A Scheme to Loot the Treasury.

The burning of Governor Markham in effigy by the people of Mariposa for refusing to approve the Mariposa and Yosemite free wagon road bill was a faultless piece of folly. The burning-in-effigy business has lapsed into desuetude, except among semi-barbarous people. The free wagon road bill was one of the schemes for looting the treasury, which was carried through the legislature by the you-help-me and-I'll-help-you game. The passage of the bill was the direct result of bargaining. It is true that if the proposed road were constructed it would operate as a check on the toll collectors who confront tourists on the way to the Yosemite valley, but the practical effects of the measure, if it had received the governor's approval, would have been to make Mariposa county a present of $50,000. When the taxes of the people shall have been diminished to half what they are, the free wagon road will be given all proper consideration.—Stockton Mail.

The High School Bonds.

The city board of education have employed Judge Rosenbaum, attorney for the German Savings & Loan Society of San Francisco to prepare the call for the special election for the issuance of bonds and to handle the bond matter until the bonds are sold and the money received. Beyond this the present board will take no action except to publish the call for the special election as soon as they receive the copy from Judge Rosenbaum.

THAT MERNIN BRIBE

Card From the President of the Laborers' Union.

HE RELATES WHAT HAPPENED

The Sword of Damocles Over the Head of Street Superintendent Jones.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—This evening's Expositor contains an editorial which says among other things:

"Now our stuffed contemporary blazons abroad another statement from Mernin to the effect that some unnamed 'supporter of the triangle' has offered him $100 for his valuable services in behalf of certain Democratic candidates, an offer that Mernin rejected with scorn and hiccough. The munificence of this alleged offer has excited unbounded curiosity to learn the identity of the remarkable idiot who made it. Outside of THE REPUBLICAN editorial rooms it was not supposed there was a man in Fresno so absolutely destitute of the thinking faculty. The offer in itself is sufficiently marvelous, but it becomes thoroughly miraculous when we are informed that it was not accepted. Perhaps the matter was compromised with a drink."

In reply I wish to assure the editor of the Expositor that the matter was not compromised with a drink, and the offer of a bribe was made and declined as stated.

This man to whom I referred said: "I want you to do all you can to help me in this election. Fahey, Alford and Justy are friends of mine, and they have pledged themselves to appoint me as street superintendent in place of Jones. Here is $2 50."

I replied: "Well, that is not $100." This man answered, "I have only $5 with me now. I will give you $25 tomorrow. I know that the Expositor accuses you of getting $100, but I know a darn sight better. I know that you did not get it."

That was the essential part of the conversation.

With regard to the Expositor's dirty slur on me about compromising the matter with a drink, I will say that while in common with a good many other hardworking men I have sometimes drank more than was good for me, I can't hold a candle to the editor or publisher of the Expositor in that line.

THOMAS P. MERNIN,
President of the Fresno County Laborers' Union.

THORNTON MURDERED.

HIS BODY FOUND WITH A BULLET IN THE HEAD.

Evidently Shot From Ambush for the Money That He Had on His Person.

The mystery surrounding the disappearance in Arizona of Harry I. Thornton Jr. of this city has been cleared up by the finding of the body of the missing young man about six miles from San Pedro river on a trail to Hooker hot springs, says the San Francisco Chronicle. The circumstances indicate that he was murdered in cold blood and robbed. The news of the finding of the remains comes in the following dispatch from Fort Grant, about fifty miles from where the body was found:

"FORT GRANT, A. T., April 2.—The remains of Harry I. Thornton were found on Friday six miles from San Pedro river, on the trail leading to Hooker hot springs. He was murdered by a rifle shot through the skull, fired from the left side and slightly behind. Death must have been instantaneous. The body was robbed. The officers have excellent clues which they desire kept private until the arrest of the murderer."

Ex-Justice James D. Thornton of the supreme court, the father of the deceased, received the news of the fate of his son about 8 o'clock last evening.

A private dispatch to Judge Thornton from his son Crittenden, who went down to Arizona a week or two ago to search for his brother, gave some additional information regarding the finding of the body. In that dispatch Crittenden Thornton says: "The identity has been perfectly established. Your's and mother's last letters from home were found near the body. The remains have been temporarily interred in the cemetery at Fort Grant. I will be home on Wednesday, and will bring a report from the surgeon here who examined the body and the wound in the head. It is a clear case of murder. There could have been no suffering. Death must have been instantaneous."

In speaking of the affair Judge Thornton said:

"The date of his disappearance was November 17th, when he left Nick Meyer's ranch for Hooker Hot Springs. This evidently was the date of his murder, and he could have gone but a few miles, alone, unarmed and on foot, from the ranch when shot down from behind. He was known to have on his person at the time between $300 and $400 and whoever committed the murder robbed him. Who the guilty party is I have no more than a suspicion, and that I won't state until my son Crittenden returns. He may have information entirely different. My son evidently intended to return to Meyer's ranch in a few hours when he started for the springs, for his gun, some articles of clothing and personal effects and a saddle were left at the ranch."

CRIMINAL COURT.

Several Cases Set for Trial—Special Venire Ordered.

Ah Wing, charged with an assault with intent to commit murder, was arraigned before Judge Holmes yesterday and April 4th set as the time for him to plead. S. J. Hinds is the defendant's attorney.

Adam Bollinger, charged with an assault with a deadly weapon, was arraigned. He pleaded not guilty and his trial was set for April 17th. R. P. Davidson is his attorney.

People vs. Thomas Bettys, grand larceny; trial of cause set for April 10th, 10 a.m.

People vs. Thomas T. Johnson, grand larceny; trial set for April 11th, 9 30 a.m.

People vs. A. M. Dillwood, grand larceny; same.

People vs. P. H. Deckert, mayhem; trial set for April 12th, 9.30 a.m.

The court ordered that a special venire of thirty jurors issue, returnable at 10 a.m. April 10th.

Fined for Battery.

J. Genricks and a male friend took a drive to the wineries last Sunday with a horse and buggy hired from a livery stable.

They sampled the sweet fruity port, sherry and muscat wines of the Fresno vintage of 1891, and became merry—so merry in fact that Genricks' friend drove away from one of the wineries, leaving Genricks inside and obliging him to walk two or three miles to catch the buggy again.

Genricks did not take the matter as a joke, but was very angry and thumped his friend. He paid Recorder Laning $7 50 yesterday as a fine for battery.

The Weekly Republican

Fresno, Fresno County, California

By the Fresno Republican Publishing Co

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

TRAINS LEAVE FRESNO DAILY.

12.25 a.m.—Los Angeles Express—For Santa Barbara, Los Angeles, San Bernardino and Riverside.
5.00 a.m.—Fresno Local—For Merced, San Francisco and way points.
3.00 a.m.—Express—For Collis, Mendota, Newman, San Francisco, Sacramento and North.
6.00 a.m.—Mixed Train—Wednesday only, for Sanger Junction, Reedley, Porterville and on special order only to Poso.
12.20 p.m.—Express—For Merced, San Francisco, Sacramento, Portland, Ogden and East.
3.30 p.m. Daily—For Sanger Junction, Reedley, Porterville and way stations.
5.50 p.m.—Sunset Route Atlantic Express—For Los Angeles, New Orleans and East.

FRESNO AND POLLASKY.

Train 39 leaves Fresno at 10.15 a.m. daily, and arrives at Pollasky at 11.45 a.m.
Train 40 leaves Pollasky at 12.30 p.m. and arrives at Fresno at 2 p.m.
The stations are East Fresno, Barton's Spur, Las Palmas, Egger's Spur, Tarpey's Spur, Clovis, Gordon and Pollasky.

RICH GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager.
T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. Agent.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau

FRESNO, April 6—Observation taken at 5 p.m.

Temperature	47
Dew Point	39
Humidity (percent)	72
Wind N (miles per hour)	6
Maximum Temperature for past 24 hours	58
Minimum Temperature for past 24 hours	42
Rainfall	.32
Total rainfall for season	11.08

Weather Forecast.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6—Official forecast for twenty-four hours ending midnight, April 7—Northern California—Fair weather; warmer on Friday variable winds.

EVENTS.

TODAY.

April 7—2 p.m.—City Council.

TO COME.

April 10—City election
April 11—Heath and Polley's arraignment.

WHAT has the Pope's encyclical counterfeit to do with the fitness of the Triangle for office, anyway?

GROVER'S remarks about the offices are received with great disfavor by the "earnest workers" in the party.

THE attempt of a Triangle worker to bribe the president of the Labor Union shows to what straits the Triangle is reduced in its attempt to perpetuate itself.

CONGRESSMAN QUAY, a leader of the proposition to close the World's Fair on Sunday, is now accused of having gone a-fishing on the Lord's day. That's just like a whole lot of people, who want to make rules for other folks which they haven't any use for themselves.

THE San Francisco Call is about to set up one of the finest and fastest newspaper presses ever brought to this coast. The Call has greatly improved its news facilities of late, and is a paper which enjoys the confidence of a large and substantial element in San Francisco and throughout the state.

M. L. WOY is an energetic and thoroughly competent business man, and his election to the office of City Marshal will insure prompt, efficient and business-like methods in the conduct of that important office. The public is to be congratulated upon the candidacy of so thoroughly competent a man as Mr. Woy for the place.

GEORGE RICHARDSON, the tramp hero who saved the passenger train from destruction in Oregon the other day, while badly wounded by the wretches who had laid their plans to wreck it, should be placed beyond the reach of poverty's pangs, either by the railroad company, whose property he saved, or by the generous contributions of people at large, who can appreciate an heroic and unselfish act.

N. B.—If later reports are true and the tramp tumbles from the pedestal to which he has been elevated by a daring but rather transparent fake, the above remarks are rescinded so far as he is concerned, and are reserved to apply to the first hobo who actually does the hero act.

THE Expositor correspondent, "C. J. O.," who wants to see jobbery exposed and the Triangle candidate protected from criticism in the interests of the rising generation, ought to be sent to the World's Fair as a sample extraordinary of political rara avis, triple plated with pure brass. In that event, however, it is more than probable that the Expositor would be temporarily deprived of the services of one of its most gifted penmen, for it is beyond the range of probability that the idea of educating the rising generation in the art of letting contracts to the highest bidder in defiance of law and common business honesty could have originated outside of the office of the Fahey organ.

THE Expositor last evening prints a "green goods" encyclical letter from the Pope, together with the charge that it is being circulated here for campaign purposes. While it does not plainly say so, it evidently desires to create the impression that Republicans are circulating this bogus document in order to create prejudice against certain candidates on the Democratic ticket. THE REPUBLICAN has protested from the first against all attempts to bring the religious issue into the campaign, and we think any effort to do so will prove a failure from first to last, including the attempt of the Expositor to incense good Catholics into supporting a candidate whom they naturally believe unfit. Inquiry among prominent Republicans, including those who are managing the campaign, discloses the fact that they had never seen the document until it appeared in the Expositor, and knew nothing in regard to anything of the kind being put in circulation. If this letter is in circulation then, as the Expositor states, the responsibility does not attach to the Republicans, but to some individual for whose act they are not responsible. THE REPUBLICAN is very decidedly of the opinion that there is very little in this attempted religious controversy, anyway. People generally are becoming entirely too liberal in their views to be influenced to any great extent by religious prejudice. For instance, if Boss Fahey were really a good Catholic and lived up to the teachings of the Pope, there would be no reason to complain of his official acts. Hence, it is really because the Boss is not a good Catholic that THE REPUBLICAN and the taxpayers of this city desire to see him effectually relegated to private life. Candidates must stand upon their individual merits, for the fact that they belong to this or that organization will not pull them through if the body of the taxpayers have made up their minds that they do not want them.

IDEAL FARMING COMMUNITIES

Other sections of the country than California are beginning to realize the superiority of small farming and thorough and careful culture of the soil over "big ranching" and loose, haphazard methods. Concerning a new colonization scheme in Georgia the New York Press says:

The movement in Georgia to organize a stock company to establish an experiment in village farming suggests a practical solution of many difficulties with which agriculture in that section is now burdened. One disadvantage which Southern farmers at present encounter is the attempt to cultivate poor tracts of soil, by which valuable labor and time are wasted. Another disadvantage is the isolation of farms, involving insecurity and difficulty of communication. Added to these disadvantages is the tendency to raise the same kind of crops year after year, a tendency which, it is believed, would be modified in an important degree, if farmers were in position to interchange views and to become better acquainted with the conditions of agriculture and the demands of the markets.

The proposed plan is to buy a tract of good rolling land of twenty five square miles. The soil is well adapted to both grain growing and fruit raising. The tract is to be divided into 100 farms of 100 acres each, supplied with suitable buildings. In the center of the tract it is designed to plant a village, made up of the families owning or working the surrounding farms. These families would be within reach of their farms, and at the same time would be able to enjoy the advantages and blessings of schools, churches, stores, mails and railroad facilities within convenient propinquity. The soil chosen for the initial experiment is so well suited to general agricultural purposes that high hopes are entertained for the success of diversified crops. The project includes a canning establishment, which is expected to be an incentive to fruit and vegetable farming. The enterprise is the outcome of a vigorous agitation for the betterment of southern farms, in which some of the most eminent public men in Georgia have taken part. The indications are that if the present movement proves successful a number of similar associations will be formed in various sections of Georgia. Not the least commendable feature of the proposed scheme is the absence of any attempt to realize notions of a socialistic or impracticable character.

The writer of the above is evidently not familiar with the success that has been achieved in small farming in Fresno, San Bernardino and other counties in this state, else he would not speak in any but certain terms of the feasibility of small farming communities, where the soil, climate and other conditions are such as to permit a diversity of crops and to warrant painstaking methods. Whether the Georgia scheme proves a success or not, the superiority of the colony or small farming system has been thoroughly demonstrated in this state. There are, however, few if any sections in the United States in which the natural conditions are so favorable for it as they are in this state. The soil is very fertile here, and coupled with irrigation produces double the amount of almost any product that can be grown in a non-irrigating section. The farmer here does not have to buy 160 acres of land, 20 and 40-acre tracts making the model farms. This enables the most thorough cultivation, and at the same time affords in a still more marked degree the advantages of compact and populous communities. The dwellers in a Fresno colony have all the social advantages that are enjoyed by village residents, and with those the comforts and pleasures of rural life. Theirs is the ideal farming community, and its superior cannot be found on the earth. They have their churches, schools, fraternal and literary societies, together with all that is most healthful and enjoyable in the cultivation of the soil and the production of the choicest products of a semi-tropic clime. There is no question about the success of small farming in this great central valley of California. It has been demonstrated beyond the doubt of the most pessimistic skeptic that has ever predicted failure or decried its advantages.

IF the Fresno Expositor has any legitimate reason for changing its opinion of the Triangle since it denounced the acts of that combination as at all times in defiance of public opinion and against the interests of the community, it owes it to the citizens who will cast their votes on next Monday to state those reasons. If the Triangle has given evidence of repentance for the crimes against the community of which it stands charged by the Expositor, it is nothing more than right that the fact should be stated in the columns of the paper which so charged them. There would indeed be more rejoicing, not to mention astonishment, over the conversion of those two sinners, than there would over the gathering of all the rest of the community into the fold. If the organ of Boss Fahey has any reason to believe that the Triangle has been converted from its evil ways, let the fact come out by all means.

ONE of the leading managers of Boss Fahey's campaign stated recently in the presence of a number of citizens that he was going to see to it that the Boss is re-elected, if in order to do so it should be necessary to pack the roofs of the houses in the Fourth ward with stuffers. Owing to the inclement weather it has not been thought necessary to inspect the roofs, but there is a well founded opinion that Fahey's lieutenant has compromised on the cellars and has come as near fulfilling his threat as lies within the range of that sort of political industry.

IF Boss Fahey really cared to get useful service out of his army of retainers, now living at the expense of the city, he should have armed each of them with a sprinkling pot yesterday and set them to watering the dust befogged streets. That would have been a much more useful way of putting in time than massing them around a mud hole so thick that the safety of ships were endangered by attempts to use long-tailed shovels.

THE British government has decided to raise the rank of its American representative to that of an ambassador, and the result of this action is outlined as follows by the Washington Star:

Ambassadorial privileges are being discussed quite extensively just now in view of the changes that are being made in diplomatic relations between several of the greater European nations and the United States, but only trifling attention is being paid to the probability that in a little while these promotions, so far as ambassadors resident here are concerned, may result in the public appearance of vehicles and individuals connected therewith the like of which have not been seen here since the band wagons and the Circassian ladies and the wild animals in open cages paraded last spring. If an ambassador desires to maintain the style which in Europe is his, secured by copyright, he will ride on occasions of state in a gorgeous carriage drawn by four or six horses that are controlled by outriders. Then there must be two generally inanimate and splendidly arrayed and bewigged beings on the box and two other imitations of decorated graven images will stand on a platform at the rear end of the equipage, just where the small and incorrigible American boy may stick pins into the white silk stockings to gratify his curiosity as to the material with which the stockings are stuffed. The display, if transatlantic customs prevail—and there is no reason for believing they will not—promises to be beyond anything ever known in this neighborhood. When it appears there will be no magnetism in the warning "Wait for Barnum," no thrill of excitement in the statement that "Forepaugh is coming," no popular delirium at the approach of John Robinson's grand aggregation of equestrian and acrobatic marvels. Washington will enjoy a perennial circus.

THE San Francisco grand jury is still wrestling with boodlers of high and low degree, and their job appears to be an endless one.

THE Pope's bogus encyclical letter cannot be traced to any Republican source, but there is a rumor afloat that it was printed in the Expositor job office.

CONGRESSMAN MEREDITH says there are 5000 applicants for office in the Eighth Virginia district. The state of Presidents must be pretty hungry.

AS AN indication of our national prosperity, it is a significant fact that we now have the fattest President and cabinet ever assembled at the national capital.

IF Grover had any idea how the office seekers are suffering in this state, he would do something for them mighty quick. He ought to stop and think how anxious he was to get in.

IF the Triangle had not squandered $5000 on gutter plaster—over $1000 more than the lowest bid—the city could now afford to buy enough wagons to keep the streets thoroughly sprinkled during the summer.

THERE is not sufficient funds in the treasury to sprinkle the streets of the city as they should be sprinkled this summer, but the Triangle had no difficulty in finding $5000 to throw away on gutter plaster.

THE Expositor had nothing to say against the character or standing of the Labor Union's president when Boss Alford and Ike Hyde thought they were going to stampede the workingmen into the Triangle camp.

KANSAS has found time between political convulsions to raise an ear of corn twenty-seven inches long, with whiskers on it like a Populist senator. It is pleasant to hear that something besides perdition has been raised in that state.

LOS ANGELES is great on political pulls and some other things, but when it comes to playing baseball she can get pointers from Milpitas, Bakersfield, or nearly any place where there are school boys enough to take a whack at the game.

THE proposed contest between Laborer Mernin and Boss Fahey, to decide which is the superior in his knowledge of the English language, is likely to prove one of the most interesting events of a remarkable campaign. It will draw the biggest kind of a crowd, and betting will run high. THE REPUBLICAN will buy its pools on the laboring man.

C. J. CRAYCROFT, candidate for trustee from the Second ward, is exactly the kind of man which this city needs in the board of trustees. Mr. Craycroft is a plain, straightforward, practical business man, whose hard sense and familiarity with business affairs would make him invaluable as a member of the board. The desirability of having the Second ward represented by Mr. Craycroft is generally conceded, not only by the voters in the ward, but by the leading taxpayers of the city at large.

THE Expositor yesterday accomplished the unparalleled feat of straddling both sides of the fence in the same issue and in the same edition of the paper. In one editorial it vehemently asserts that Mr. Lane did not attempt to bribe Mr. Mernin, and in another editorial it says: "Deputy Sheriffs Peck and Timmins, on their own oaths, witnessed the commission of a felony, and made no attempt to arrest the perpetrator. What are officers for, anyhow?" As the Expositor persists in making the statement that Mr. Lane committed a felony, it would be proper for it to cite the law in proof of the assertion. The prevailing opinion is that his offense is a misdemeanor. If he will make a statement under oath that the allegations of the witnesses of the bribery are untrue, then a charge of felony would evidently be forthcoming.

THE Fahey organ thought it a matter of the most tremendous importance when it dug up an unsubstantiated statement that the Republican committee had paid $100 to the president of the Labor Union to secure his influence in the campaign, but now that the shoe is found to be on the other foot and incontestable evidence is produced to show that one of the Triangle's most active adherents made a proposition to bribe the president of the Union, and actually paid over money to bind the bargain, the Fahey organ sneers at the facts and says the whole matter is a transparent job. Perhaps the Expositor will now claim that Mr. Lane is a thimble-rigging Republican politician, engaged in a conspiracy to injure the reputation and standing of the Triangle in the community. It would be no more absurd than the general proposition of the Expositor's support of the Triangle in the interests of pure politics and honest government.

THE supreme court has decided that a newspaper publisher cannot be cited for contempt for publishing the proceedings in a divorce case tried with closed doors. The decision goes beyond the case at issue—that of the proceedings against the publisher of the San Jose Mercury—and covers the whole ground as to the powers of courts respecting newspaper publications. The following is an extract of the decision:

The power of the court to control conduct by command or prohibition is restricted to persons before it; it cannot determine the conduct of those over whom it had acquired no jurisdiction. An order forbidding the publication of proceedings cannot operate to affect the right or abridge the liberty of one who is not a party to the action at trial. If what he says or does is not made unlawful by the law of the land it cannot be made so by the order of the court made in a cause in which the court had no jurisdiction over him.

TRIANGLE or no Triangle, crops of all kinds are just booming.

IT SEEMS that all that head chopping must be attended to before the trust smashing begins.

LOS ANGELES had a little earthquake Tuesday, just to amuse the eastern tourists. Only the very timid ones were frightened.

SAN JOSE is going to have a capital removal convention. The Garden City seems to be taking that removal joke in dead earnest.

THE Stockton flood appears to have affected the temper of the Stockton Mail. Ever since that overdose of water it is as mad as a wet hen, and shows special aversion to any show of enterprise on the part of this city. The Mail should take courage. It will be dry enough there for long drinks in the month of August.

THE Expositor denies with great earnestness and the characteristic amount of bluster, that the counterfeit encyclical letter was printed at its job office. Under the circumstances it is probably just as well to give it the benefit of the doubt. Supporting the Triangle after it had damned its official acts as at all times in defiance of public opinion and the interests of the community, is enough odium for that tottering organ to carry in one campaign.

THE Fahey organ says: "N. P. Justy is the man to elect Trustee in the Second ward. No man can throw rotten bricks at him." Nobody has attempted to throw anything at Justy. In fact, with the exception of the Expositor's dirty insinuations, the contest in the Second ward has been commendably clean and decent. If the Fahey organ were half as sound and honest as Craycroft's bricks it would not now be looking for a soft spot in which to collapse.

TRUSTEE ALFORD says that he does not consider Laborer Mernin a fit character to stand up at the bar and drink with, but unfortunately for the force of Mr. Alford's opinion, he was perfectly willing a few weeks ago to be a member of the organization of which Mernin was the President, and offered no protest to his selection for that position. Mernin and the Laborers' Union were all right until it was discovered that they were not a part of the Triangle machine.

THE public is evincing the liveliest interest in the impending literary contest between Laborer Mernin and Boss Fahey. It will evidently be necessary to hire the largest hall in the city if the contest is arranged as proposed, and a reasonable admission fee will bring a fat harvest for the benefit of the Associated Charities. It could doubtless be profitably arranged to run excursion trains from Merced, Tulare and other neighboring cities. It would be worth coming miles to see Boss Fahey tackle the English language for one round without gloves.

THE Triangle organ is very thoroughly disgusted with the labor union and the bribery question. And it is very natural that it should. It is in about the same fix as the person who yoked himself with the young bull. It is willing to stand still while the unyoking is being done. The labor union was organized under the fostering care of the Triangle, through its agents, Trustee Alford, Ike Hyde and W. S. Lane. The Expositor rendered important service in creating the new organization. It soon found, however, that the workingmen could not be stampeded into the Triangle camp, and it promptly commenced heaping scurrilous abuse upon the same body which it had encouraged and commended. It was also the original discoverer of an attempt to bribe the president of the union. But it could produce no proofs of the charge, and it is now devoting columns of space to frantic efforts to let go of the question of bribery. The circumstances, however, make that operation very difficult and painful. It has been proven by the sworn statement of three witnesses to the transaction that W. S. Lane, a tireless Triangle worker, paid a sum of money to the president of the union for the stated purpose of procuring his assistance in electing the Triangle candidates. When Mr. Lane responds to this charge with a statement under oath, it will then be proper to give his denial consideration. Until he does so, it is not worth discussing.

"EVIL communications corrupt good morals" is a proverb that has stood the test of time very well. While the Expositor's morals could not be corrupted by its intimate relations with the Triangle, its association with that political body has had a very bad effect upon its manners. That is to say, the evening paper has become inconceivably nasty and brutal. In its frenzied zeal to serve its masters it has thrown aside the last vestige of decency, and attacks those who have the hardihood to oppose the Triangle and expose its methods with the foul language used by hoodlums. Not content with this, it ascribes the most base motives to those engaged in the excellent work of revealing the political jobbery being practiced by the Triangle through its tools. Whether it does this knowing its insinuations and charges to be false, or whether it is mainly the result of a moral perception gangrened with disappointment and hatred, matters but little. The people are not inclined to follow the stream of the Expositor's filth to its source. The filth itself is disgusting enough. An appeal to the self respect of the evening paper would be vain, but if it could be impressed upon its dull understanding that its shameless course will injure it financially it would no doubt assume the decency so foreign to it.

IN calling attention to the showing of the last census that the United States contains 3,000,000 men over 30 years old who have never been married, the Boston Globe concludes that this fact is due to the competition of women in industrial and commercial pursuits which has resulted in crowding out men and making it impossible for many of that sex to support families. This inference is open to doubt. The competition of women has unquestionably displaced men in various branches of employment, but, on the other hand, the general range of activities has so broadened that a hundred opportunities of employment exist today where ten existed a few years ago. This statement is corroborated by the constant tendency of wages to increase.

The number of bachelors in the United States is chiefly owing to the circumstance that in the newer sections where they abound mostly conditions do not favor matrimony. Many of these unmarried men are not only young, but of foreign birth, and all of them are bent primarily upon bettering their fortunes. In addition, the prairie, the wilderness and the ranch are not conducive to home life. These conditions, however, are only temporary. With the greater development of the frontier country will come settled and domestic habits. This tendency is already apparent in the loud demand that Northwestern states are now making for marriageable women. There is nothing in the present course of events in the United States to show that bachelorhood will find permanent foothold in this country, where so much of all that is best in our civilization rests upon the home.

MONEY WAS USED

TO CREATE THE COUNTY OF MADERA.

So It is Said, and Considerable of a Sensation is Promised.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 6.—The Evening Post says today that the people of the new county of Madera, which was formed out of a part of Fresno county, who were opposed to county division, charge that money was corruptly used in securing the passage of the bill by the legislature. These citizens, the Post says, propose to go into court and, in addition to the names of the bribed legislators, will give the amounts each man received for his vote, the date on which it was received and the name of the agent who paid it to him.

BUTCHERED HIS MISTRESS.

The Fiendish Work of a Spaniard. Wounded by Officers.

SAN BERNARDINO, April 6.—A horrible butchery took place today at about 12 o'clock on Fourth street, near the depot, in which old man Goldcoffer and a woman named Francisco Flores were killed by a Spaniard named Jesus Fuen. Fuen and Francisco Flores were living as man and wife, but Fuen had become jealous of her for some reason and had threatened to kill any one found in the house. The neighborhood was aroused at noon by screams of the woman. Fuen chased Francisco with a butcher knife into the house of a neighbor. Old man Goldcoffer, about 75 years old, and a paralytic, opened the door and let in Francisco and attempted to bar the door against Fuen, who battered it down.

Goldcoffer then attempted to shoot Fuen with a shotgun, which failed to discharge. Fuen rushed in and stabbed the old man in the neck, cutting his head half off. Fuen then gave chase to Francisco, pursuing her through fields about one hundred yards before overtaking her, when he stabbed her downward just above the collar bone, killing her instantly.

A house dog that followed them began licking the dead body of the woman. Fuen kicked him away, and laid down on Francisco's arm.

Isem Mendiblee, a Spaniard, who was cutting wood near by, came running to the assistance of the screaming woman, when Fuen ran at him with a knife, but Mendiblee hit Fuen on the head with a big rock, stunning him until the officers arrived ten minutes later. Fuen was at once hastened by officers to the jail, and none too soon, for loud threats were made of immediate lynching, which was only averted by the doctors pronouncing Fuen in a dying condition.

It is understood, however, that his wounds are only scalp wounds, and not of a serious nature.

THE KING JAMES.

Her Survivors to Visit Santa Barbara Today.

SANTA BARBARA, April 6.—The sloop Big Loafer left here this morning for San Miguel island to search for one of the seamen from the King James, who is reported to have landed from Captain Drummond's boat on April 3d.

The mate and his men from the ill fated ship King James are expected to arrive from Port Concepcion some time tonight. The teams got through by the beach and cut off forty miles of the distance. A telephone message from Gaviatas, forty miles west, says that the men reached that point safely this afternoon, and all were well. The first news of the rescue of the captain and three men reached the mate's party this afternoon. The party will probably take the steamer Los Angeles tomorrow afternoon for San Francisco if the captain's party is on that boat.

C. White Mortimer, British vice consul at Los Angeles, arrived at 9:30 this evening and said the captain and other survivors of the burned ship King James and his party would arrive tomorrow afternoon or next day to determine the cause of the loss of the King James.

The mate and fifteen men of the King James arrived here tonight at 11 o'clock. The men were driven in from Point Concepcion, leaving there at 11.20 this morning. The men were all well. The first account of the captain and party were received by them here.

The Mormon Temple Dedicated.

SALT LAKE, April 6.—The great Mormon temple was dedicated today. The site was selected July 28, 1857, by Brigham Young. Ground was broken February 6, 1853, and the corner stone was laid April 6th of the same year. The services today were secret, and no one outside of the church was allowed to attend. The cost of the building was $5,000,000. The architecture is without a known parallel in ancient or modern times. Today is the sixty-third anniversary of the organization of the Mormon church.

More Bloodshed Threatened.

MORGANSFIELD, Ky., April 6.—George Henry, George Delaney, Henry Delaney and Frank Holt are under arrest for the Oliver murder. They claim innocence, but Mrs. Oliver positively identifies them. The men all belong to prominent families and if any attempt at lynching is made the county will run with blood. Each man is under a bodyguard. Lynching talk is subsiding. Taylor Oliver is not dead yet, but the end is not far off.

Picked Them Up.

LEWES, Del., April 7.—The fishing schooner Laughing Water arrived at breakwater this morning, having on board twelve men, survivors of the fishing schooner Genesta of Gloucester, Mass., which capsized this morning in a squall off Bornegat. Six men were drowned.

Penalty of Flirting.

BOMBAY, April 6.—The Khan of Khelatt, suspecting five of his wives of infidelity, had them killed. The Khan has agreed to give up the other prisoners he has been torturing.

Baseball.

San Francisco—Oakland 2, Stockton 10.

Los Angeles—Los Angeles 7, San Francisco 6.

TO HIS ETERNAL REST

Death of the Right Rev. Bishop Kip

IN SAN FRANCISCO THIS MORNING

Successful Career of One of the Brightest Clergymen in the Country.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7.—Rt. Rev. William Ingram Kip, for over forty years Episcopal Bishop for the Diocese of California, died in this city at 12:05 this morning. The end was a peaceful one and has been looked for for weeks.

Bishop Kip was born in 1811. He was a graduate of Yale College in 1835, and entered the priesthood a few months after.

His career from the first was marked with success. His transference from Grace church in New York to the rectorship of St. Paul in Albany soon brought him to the missionary bishopric of this state.

As bishop of California he has long enjoyed the dignity and popularity which, perhaps, excelled that of any other clergyman.

At the age of 24 the Bishop married Miss Maria Lawrence, a daughter of the President of the United States Bank of New York. She survives her husband. He also leaves two sons, William Kip Jr. and Colonel Lawrence Kip, the latter residing in New York city. There are several grand children in this city and the east.

The Ely Boys.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The senate has confirmed the following nominations:

James D. Porter of Tennesse, minister to Chili.

James McKenzie of Kentucky, minister to Peru.

Lewis Baker of Minnesota, minister to Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Salvador.

Pierce M. B. Young, minister to Guatemala and Honduras.

Edwin Dun of Ohio, minister to Japan.

Bloodthirsty Texans.

HOUSTON, Tex., April 6.—This afternoon great excitement was created in the center of the business portion of the city by an encounter between Congressman J. C. Hutchinson and W. O. Ellis, an ex-banker. Both men were arrested. The trouble was caused by circulars printed and spread broadcast during the last campaign making a bitter attack on Hutchinson. More trouble is feared when the men meet again.

THE COLONEL'S WEDDING.

A Bon Ton Affair in the Zion Church.

A pleasant wedding took place in the Zion M.E. Church last night, Colonel Charles Saunders and Mrs. Harriet Suter being the contracting parties. There was a large attendance of friends of the happy couple, and it was quite a tony affair.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. A. Knox. The Colonel's best man was S. A. Phillips and the bridesmaid was Miss Mary Bowman.

After the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Miles Robinson on North E street, where a banquet was served and corks were popped in honor of the newly married couple. A quartet, consisting of John Phillips, Sam Robinson, Thomas Sadler and Rice Council, sang "I'll Protect Thee, Birdie." It was sung with great feeling.

The Colonel has an honorable war record. He enlisted in the army during the late civil war from the first district, Washington, D. C., and served three years, seeing some hard service. He afterwards served three years and six months on the ship Plymouth as captain's steward.

MEDICOS MEET.

Entertained by Dr. Maupin at the County Hospital.

Last Tuesday afternoon the Fresno County Medical Society held a meeting at the county hospital by invitation of Dr. W. T. Maupin, the county physician.

A brief business meeting was held, after which it was decided to forego the reading of the usual paper so that the doctors might make an inspection of the hospital. Piloted by their host they visited the various wards and found much to interest them.

But a small proportion of the doctors had been at the hospital and were therefore surprised at the magnitude of the institution. They expressed themselves much pleased with the excellent condition everything was in. There are at present 112 inmates at the hospital.

The inspection concluded the doctors sat down to an appetizing, anti-dyspeptic luncheon, which they dispatched with gusto. The following members of the society were present:

Drs. T. R. Moux, Chester A. Rowell, J. R. Reily, A. G. Deardorff, E. C. Dunn, J. D. Davidson, T. M. Hayden, G. H. Aiken, George S. Farley, Dr. Summers, Dr. Church, and Drs. Burns and Russell of Selma.

A FLAG PRESENTED

By the Women's Relief Corps to the G. A. R.

There was a joint meeting of the G.A.R. and Women's Relief Corps in Edgerly hall last evening, the occasion being the presentation of a flag to the former organization by the latter.

Mrs. Fred Banta made a very neat presentation speech, and at its conclusion handed the flag, which is a very handsome one, to Commander H. Russell. Mr. Russell responded briefly and feelingly on behalf of the G.A.R. The flag is destined to wave over the graves of the veterans resting in Mountain View cemetery.

This over, the delegates to the department encampment recently held at Los Angeles gave their experiences in that city. They spoke highly of the hospitality of the Angelenos, and declared the encampment to be a great success.

Senate Doings.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—Dorman in the senate offered a resolution that the body proceed to the election of secretary, sergeant-at-arms, door keeper and chaplain, to enter on the discharge of their duties only on the assembling of the fifty-third congress in either regular or extra session. Laid over till 2 p.m.

Debate on the admission of appointed senators was resumed.

Peffer argued against their right to seats.

At 2 o'clock the resolution for the election of officers of the senate came up and was agreed to, after speeches complimentary to the present officers by the senators from both parties.

The new officers are W. R. Cox of New York, secretary; Richard J. Bright of Indiana, sergeant-at-arms; W. H. Milburn of Illinois, chaplain. The senate then proceeded to executive business.

Exaggerated Reports.

IQUIQUI, Chili, April 6.—Yesterday's reports about martial law at Santiago are exaggerated. Martial law has not been declared.

A CHANCE FOR GRESHAM

A Wild and Murderous Peruvian Mob

SHOOTS UNCLE SAM'S AGENT

Probability That the Shooter Will Be Compelled to Express His Regrets.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—It is officially reported that a consulate at one of the Peruvian ports has been sacked by a mob, with apparent police sanction, and an officer acting as consular agent for the United States fired upon and wounded in the foot.

The news comes in a brief telegram from the United States minister to Peru. He omitted such essential details as to name the place or name the wounded officer, or they were dropped from his dispatch in telegraphic transmission.

The telegrams are as follows:

"Lima, April 5—Gresham, Washington—A mob attacked the Masonic lodge, sacked the building, and burned fixtures in the street. Incidentally the United States consulate was invaded, the furnishings destroyed and the acting consulate and agent shot in the foot. The archives were saved in tact. A squad of Peruvian police looked on while the mob performed the work without interference. The mail will bring particulars.

"HICKS, Secretary."

Gresham conferred with the President on the subject, and this afternoon sent the following telegram to the minister:

"Hicks, Lima—Protest against the failure of the authorities to afford protection to the consulate, and if the facts are well established, ask an expression of regret, a prompt prosecution of the guilty parties, and reparation for the injury to American property or person.

"GRESHAM."

A BOLD BURGLARY.

K. SUGIHARA'S STORE ENTERED YESTERDAY MORNING.

Prevented From Making a Rich Haul by Being Too Noisy.

About 2 o'clock yesterday morning the store of the K. Sugihara Company, 1036 Mariposa street, was entered by burglars. Had they not been disturbed in their nefarious occupation it is very likely they would have carried off Japanese goods to the value of $1000, or even more.

The burglars met with no obstacle of any consequence in making an entry. They climbed over the brick wall in the rear of the store and let themselves in with a pass key. Nothing else was necessary as the door had no bolts on it.

They went to a closet in the rear part of the store in which were several hundred dollars worth of fine silk handkerchief and shawls and passed them to an accomplice over the wall. The latter piled the packages at the foot of the wall and it was evidently their intention to put out as much as they could carry and then make off with the spoils.

Special Officer Cuthirth who happened to be passing heard a noise. He peered into the store and touched the latch of the front door. The burglars were panic struck and fled, taking with them only several dozen handkerchiefs and shawls. The police were notified and Mr. Sugihara sent for. They inspected the premises and soon found the bulk of the goods stacked by the wall. The value of the goods stolen is about $40.

The store contains many valuable Japanese curios, and if undisturbed the burglars would have been able to make a rich haul. Nothing in the front portion of the store had been touched, and no attempt had been made to break open the till.

About 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon John McTiernan was arrested on suspicion of being one of the burglars. The officers think they have the right man. It is not yet positively known whether were only two, or more men engaged in the affair.

After a Third of It.

SANTA BARBARA, April 6.—It is stated tonight that there will be filed in the superior court tomorrow another contest in the Elizalde estate cause, recently settled, by the will of deceased, Marcus Antonio Elizalde, being set aside on the ground that the deceased was insane at the time of making his will. Now it appears that there is a claimant who alleges that she is an illegitimate child of deceased, and who will claim a third of the estate. She is a girl of about 20, who, it is said, has lived in the family for fifteen years and was acknowledged by Elizalde to be his daughter. It is also stated that she was baptized in the Parochial church here and given the name of Mary Elizalde. She is living in this city now. Her attorney is Moye Wicks of Los Angeles, whose clerk is in town now preparing papers in the case.

Nearly Frightend to Death.

BELLEVUE, Idaho, April 6.—At Carry, twenty miles from Bellevue, a shooting scrape occurred at 12 o'clock last night in which Edward Garvin, a rancher of Muldoon, Idaho, was shot in the hip by David Evans. Herman Scoville then fired three shots at Evans. When the smoke cleared away Evans claimed to be shot through the heart and made his will. He then said:

"I am dying, boys," and when the terror stricken bystanders supposed him dead they removed his clothing, and to their astonishment, found a bullet buried in in a package of gum in Evans' vest pocket. Evans was resuscitated from his fright.

Under Advisement.

SACRAMENTO, April 6.—Hearing before the advisory committee relative to certain rules of conduct in the state surveyor general's office was begun today. The chief argument was as to whether the public has the right of inspection of applicants for lieu lands in the general's office, such inspection having heretofore been denied. The board listened to arguments for four hours and adjourned.

Somewhat Mixed.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 6.—The revised total vote for governor gives Baker, Democrat, a plurality of 185. The composition of the general assembly is—Republicans 40, Democrats 38, doubtful 30. The Democrats feel confident of electing enough assemblymen to enable them to elect the general officers.

An Insurance Company in Trouble

CLEVELAND, April 6.—A receiver was appointed for the Washington Insurance Company. It is one of the oldest in the state. The assets and liabilities are reported small.

There will be a reunion and consecration meeting at the Presbyterian church tonight, preparatory to communion and reception of members of the sabbath.

"Patience" to be Repeated.

Mr. and Mrs. O. M. Pyke, desiring to show their appreciation of the liberal manner in which the public patronized the recent production of the opera, "Patience," announce that at an early date the opera will be repeated for the benefit of the Associated Charities, the ladies and gentlemen who took part the other evening having generously volunteered their services for the repetition.

MARRIED.

PEASE—HOOGENDYK—In this city April 6, 1893, at the residence of the bride's parents, Charles Pease and Miss Gertrude Hoogendyk.

SAUNDERS—SUTER—In the Zion M. E. church, Fresno, April 6, 1893, by Rev. S. A. Knox, Charles Saunders and Miss Harriet Suter.

HEWITT—ROBERTS—In Fresno, March 28, 1893, by Rev. C. F. Collins, Robert Golding Hewitt and Annie Roberts, both of England.

DIED.

CARDWELL—In Selma, April 2, 1893, Lydia Alice, daughter of R. G. and Lydia Cardwell, aged 17 years, 5 months and 26 days.

M'INTIRE—In Squaw Valley, March 28, 1893, Lilly McIntire, daughter of Mrs. M. McIntire.

"Beauty" may be "only skin deep;" but the secret of a beautiful skin is pure blood. Those coarse, rough, pimply complexions may, in most cases, be rendered soft, smooth, and fair by the preserving and systematic use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Complete Manhood

AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

A medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Subjects treated: Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the plain facts, the old secrets and new discoveries of medical science as applied to married life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. State age, and if married or single. Address the publishers,

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Notice of Assessment.

Principal place of business of the Liberty Mill Race Company, Riverdale, Fresno County California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT A meeting of directors held March 18, 1893, an assessment of $10 per share was levied, payable immediately to the secretary, at his residence, Riverdale, Fresno County. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 18th day of April, 1893, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before will be sold on the 18th day of May, 1893, to pay the assessment and expenses.

THEO. SCHILLING, Secretary.

m31t3

Notice of Annual Meeting.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Liberty Canal Company will be held in the Liberty School House on the first Saturday in May, at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of electing new officers and transacting any other business that may come before the meeting.

MRS. E. L. ROUNTREE,
m31-td Secretary Liberty Canal Company

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Anna T. Gherardi, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE UNdersigned, administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Anna T. Gherardi, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said administrator, at the office of Geo. A. Nourse, in the City of Fresno, State of California, the same being my place for the transaction of the business of the said estate, in the County of Fresno, State of California.

HORACE DAVIS,
Administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Anna T. Gherardi, deceased.
Dated at Fresno, Cal., March 2, 1893. m3w16

Notice for Publication.

Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.
United States Land Office, Stockton, Cal., March 11, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," George Forsyth, of Fresno, County of Fresno, State of California, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement, No. 1115 for the purchase of the n½ of sw¼ and lot 1, of section No. 33, in township No. 10 south, range No. 21 east, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Stockton, Cal., on Friday, the 2nd day of June, 1893.

He names as witnesses, James Hasson, of Fresno, Fresno County; W. H. McKenzie, of Fresno, Fresno County; Geo. L. Hoxie, of Fresno, Fresno County; J. G. Hobbs, of Pollasky, Fresno County.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 2nd day of June, 1893.

GEO. A. M'KENZIE, Register.
m17t10w

Summons on Foreclosure of Mortgage.

In the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California.

Thomas E. Hughes, plaintiff, vs. Marshall L. Mixter, defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California, and the complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said county.

The People of the State of California send greeting to Marshall L. Mixter, defendant.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APpear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California, to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this court for the foreclosure of that certain mortgage described in the said complaint, and executed by said Marshall L. Mixter on the 17th day of September, 1888, to secure the payment of four promissory notes bearing date the said 17th day of September, 1888, made by said defendant to plaintiff for the sum of $500 each, amounting in all to the sum of $2000, said notes becoming due respectively in one, two, three and four years from the date thereof, as described in the complaint herein: plaintiff alleging that no part of said notes or any of them has been paid, and that the whole sum of $2000 is due and unpaid, together with interest thereon from said 17th day of September, 1888, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, payable half-yearly, and $100 attorney's fee, as provided in said mortgage; that the premises conveyed by said mortgage may be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of said four promissory notes and the interest thereon, together with attorney's fees and costs of suit, and in case such proceeds are not sufficient to pay the same, then to obtain an execution against the said Marshall L. Mixter for the balance remaining due, and also that the said defendant and all persons claiming by, through or under him, may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien, equity of redemption, and interest in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief, as will more fully appear by reference to the complaint on file herein.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of the County of Fresno, State of California, this 25th day of March, A. D. 1893.

Seal. W. A. SUTHERLAND, Clerk.
By E. T. WOLCOTT, Deputy Clerk.
L. L. Cory, Attorney for Plaintiff. a7t9w

Constable's Sale.

Notice of sale of real estate under execution.

Benjamin F. Kohlberg et al vs. Henry H. Boren;

Tong Duck and Tong Sing vs. Henry H. Boren, and

John C. Deuel vs. Henry H. Boren.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the Justice's Court of the Third Township of the County of Fresno, State of California, wherein Benjamin F. Kohlberg and Frank Cavagnaro, plaintiffs, and Henry H. Boren, defendant, upon a judgment rendered the 19th day of December, 1892, for the sum of one hundred and forty, 5-100 dollars, lawful money, besides costs and interest.

And by virtue of an execution issued out of the Justice's Court of the Third Township of the County of Fresno, State of California, wherein Tong Duck and Tong Sing are plaintiffs and Henry H. Boren is defendant, upon a judgment rendered on the 19th day of December, 1892, for the sum of $[illegible], lawful money, besides costs and interest.

And by virtue of an execution issued out of the Justice's Court of the Third Township of the County of Fresno, State of California, wherein John C. Deuel is plaintiff, and Henry H. Boren defendant, upon a judgment rendered the 31st day of December, 1892, for the sum of $[illegible], lawful money, besides costs and interest.

I have levied upon all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendant, Henry H. Boren of, in and to the following described real estate to wit:

The west half (½) of section seven (7), and the west half (½) of the east half (½) of section seven (7) in township fourteen (14) south, range twenty-six (26) east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, containing about four hundred and eighty acres.

Public notice is hereby given that I will on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock m. on said day in front of the court house door of the County of Fresno, sell at public auction, for lawful money, all the right, title, claim and interest of said defendant, Henry H. Boren, of, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient to satisfy said judgments with interests and costs, etc., to the highest and best bidder.

WILLIAM SHAW,
Constable Third Township.
John C. Deuel, Attorney for the Plaintiffs.
a7t3

THAT MERNIN BRIBE

W. S. Lane Was the Man Who Paid the Coin

WHILE ALFORD WAITED OUTSIDE

A Full Statement of the Affair From Four Reliable and Responsible Witnesses.

Deputies Sheriff P. F. Peck and L. P. Timmins, and C. H. Toy, secretary of the Laborers' Union, who swore to an an affidavit published in yesterday's issue of THE REPUBLICAN to the effect that an adherent of the Triangle had attempted to bribe Thomas P. Mernin, president of the Fresno County Laborers' Union, to use his influence with the Union in favor of the Triangle, were very much amused yesterday afternoon when they read the following in the Expositor kaleidescope editorial column:

"Very likely the transactions detailed in the affidavit occurred as related, but also it is extremely likely that the mysterious briber was like Mernin, a stool-pigeon for the the thimble-rigging Republican politicians, who have colonized the Second, Fourth and Fifth wards with imported voters maintained on campaign funds.

"The farcial aspect of this clumsy attempt to play on public credulity is heightened by the fact that Mernin is an idle, ignorant, shiftless fellow without influence or standing whatever. To call him a representative workingman is to slander every self-respecting industrious laborer in the city, and to ascribe political influence to him is to insult common sense. He has been made to father a number of cards, resolutions, etc., when it is as well known as anything can well be that he cannot write a sentence of grammatical English to save his life, and cannot correctly spell consecutively a dozen of the commonest words in the language. That anybody would be silly enough to offer this man $100 for his influence, except in jest or derision, is a howling absurdity. It is flying at very small game to devote so much attention to a character of Mernin's stamp, but the continued efforts of the little band of jobbers to use him as a figurehead for the laboring element of this city, renders it necessary that the ridiculous farce should be exposed."

Mr. Mernin, in reply to the charge of fathering cards, desires to say that he has fathered the cards in the same manner as a father fathers his children by being the author of their existence. He is the author of his own cards.

In reply to the Expositor's cowardly insinuation that the briber was a stool pigeon for the Republicans and that the person to whom the money was paid was the person from whom the money was received, Messrs. Peck, Timmins and Toy have authorized THE REPUBLICAN to make the following statement:

Just before the interview took place City Trustee Alford and W. G. Barnum, who were seated in a buggy, halted at the corner of Tulare and I streets. They had a short consultation with W. S. Lane, a member of the Laborers' Union and enthusiastic adherent of the Triangle. Lane was the man who cast the solitary dissenting vote against the adoption of the resolution pledging the union to vote against Alford and Fahey.

Lane walked from the buggy in which were seated Trustee Alford and W. G. Barnum and entered the employment office of the Laborer's Union, where Toy, Timmins and Peck were lying in ambush for him.

After Lane paid Mernin the two dollars and a half, Lane asked Mernin to go out with him and have a drink, Lane explaining that Alford was waiting for them on the next corner. Mernin replied, "All right; I'll come as soon as I lock up the place."

Lane was seen by the witnesses to go back to the buggy in which Alford and Barnum were waiting. When he got there City Marshal Morgan was standing by the buggy conversing with one or both of the occupants.

So much for the Expositor's Buckingham! It has howled for the name of the briber and now it has got it.

A CHALLENGE TO BOSS FAHEY.

President Mernin of the Laborers' Union publishes the following card of explanation and also a chal enge to Boss Fahey:

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—I see that the time has arrived when a citizen cannot have an opinion and express it any more in Fresno unless he stands in with the Triangle without being termed a loafer and an idle, shiftless, ignorant fellow. The Expositor charges that I cannot write a dozen of the commonest words grammatically. That may be true, but it would not prove that I am not a workingman for all that. Workingmen cannot have the same advantages of education that editors and college professors have, but there are very few workingmen among my acquaintances who do not know that the Pope never wrote an encycle letter. The editor of the Expositor speaks of a "forged encycle letter," but I have not been able to find such a word in the dictionary. What the ignorant, idle and shiftless editor of the Expositor meant was an encyclical letter.

"I will admit that I never had the advantage of going through a college course, but I will say that whatever appeared in THE REPUBLICAN or in any other public journal over my name was written by myself, grammar or no grammar, and therefore that flopper of an Expositor, when it tries to make the public believe that my writing is done in THE REPUBLICAN office only adds one more to its thousands of falsehoods.

"I don't think the Evening Fence Jumper will charge me with writing the first call published in the columns of the Triangle's hireling for the organization of the Laborers' Union.

"I will bet a cigar against a Fahey cocktail that the publisher or editor of the Fahey organ dare not go to the man that I gave that $2.50 to and tell him that he received his own money.

"Whether I am an idle or shiftless fellow or not no man or ring can buy me. With reference to my sudden change of politics, I will say that of the whole ticket I voted last fall there were only two men on it that were defeated. Can the Fahey organ say as much for its ticket? If I don't mistake very much on my calculations I don't think I'll lose any on Monday next.

"As to the man who offered me the bribe the parties to the affidavit have my consent to publish his name if they see fit to do so to please the Expositor.

"I will wager $20 against $20, the stakes to go to the Associated Charities, that I can spell better, read better and speak the English language better than Boss Fahey can, and I am willing to appear with him in public in a spelling bee or any other kind of literary contest, to determine our qualifications in the ordinary English branches.

"THOMAS P. MERNIN,
"President of the Fresno County Laborers' Union."

The Supervisors.

The supervisors at their meeting yesterday accepted the plans of the court house architect, William Curlett, for strengthening the walls of the old building. The appointment of Dr. F. M. Sponogle as health officer of the county was revoked, it being discovered that the board had no right to make it. Dr. C. P. V. Watson was appointed health officer at Sanger, and Dr. F. R. Brown health officer at Madera, at a salary each of $100 per annum. Their term is one year.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Minutes of the Proceedings of the Board.

March 8.

A B Butler	136 12
J H Harding	239 00
Dougal McCaig	18 85
Valley Lumber Co	28 70
Valley Lumber Co	20 73
San Joaquin Lumber Co	170 17
Manuel Moreno	27 00
George Hansen	22 00
John Dapell	65 55
O M Peckinpah	7 00
Valencia Garcia	27 00
John Oester	39 75
Jas F Easton	201 75
E T Allen	56 90
C H Dostin	59 75
A G Ellis	60 00
J G Sraton	78 75
A H Washburne	645 95
Frank Sharp	41 25
J H Davis	30 00
R L Barr	43 20
W P Nelson	100 00
J L Maupin	10 00
James Gallagher	19 50
Robt H Elder	19 00
Robt H Elder	10 00
Robt H Elder	26 23
J C Mawry	3 01
E C Dunn	25 00
J Graham	10 00
J R Riley	25 00
Alexander & Goodman	60 85
J N Thomas	93 70
L O Stephens	82 50
Fresno Gas & Electric Co	188 75
J N Thomas	12 65
E N Upton	71 33
B McClusky	125 00
Woodward & Vogel	15 00
John G Daw	2 93
J A Graham	5 00
Lyon & Vanderburgh	115 30
I L Jones	43 90
M L Lewis	16 60
S P Kidder	1 50
Henry Bigelow	23 30
H O Stoddard	25 80
Wm Johnson	3 00
Theodore Strombeck	5 85
Robert Jackson	5 60
J H Hill	21 00
Max Gutter	55 90
Henry Stoddard	32 00
W Weilhart	30 75
August Kittle	24 00
Frank Lewis	14 35
W J Patterson	32 50
Martin Brylia	36 59
W J Patterson	10 00
J L Farcade	59 00
Mollie (an Indian)	3 00
Bill May	3 00
Louise Brown	3 00
Susie Brown	3 00
Charley (an Indian)	3 00
G Parenti	4 50
Dick Neil	3 00
Harry I Colon	14 00
William Phillips	8 50
Mary (an Indian)	3 00
Jeff Johnson	3 00
Botello Gazia	3 00
Valentine Gazia	3 00
M Pereirdo	3 00
Frank M Byrd	11 00
Mrs C Evans	13 10
George Poney	3 00
O Black	23 30
Edward Jones	16 00
T B Craig	6 00
J C Hewitt	6 00
Q J Pritchard	6 00
W D Weaver	3 00
E C Adams	3 00
J R Austin	6 00
H M Berry	6 00
Geo Studer	6 00
Andy Brown	6 00
A Anderson	6 00
C B Anton	6 00
J F McDonald	6 00
J E Hughes	6 00
S Hamilton	6 00
Con Hurley	3 00
S B Bresse	3 00
J W Fanning	6 00
H P Hedges	6 00
A A Wintermute	6 00
S Funk	3 00
A Montrose	6 00
D Hatch	6 00
W G Woodson	96 75
J A Cole	3 00
C H Ashley	8 00
A R Holmes	6 00
F L Moore	6 00
W F Rowe	6 00
E J Brewster	6 00
J A Walton	28 00
John Foye	3 00
Frank Harris	6 00
J B Peck	6 00
Al Studer	3 00
J G Wofford	6 25
L Hass	6 00
Butler Morris	3 00
J B Ward	6 00
F M Hodges	6 00
C B Sharer	6 00
J S Ward	6 00
M Bieby	3 00
G W Bell	3 00
John Doyle	3 00
W W Machen	3 00
S W Renfro	6 00
W R Richey	6 00

The auditor and treasurer are hereby directed to transfer from the general road fund to road district fund No. 14 $1000, and to road district fund No. 15 $1000, and from the general fund to the indigent fund the sum of $5000.

Adjourned until March 9th.

March 9th.

Ordered that the petition of W. W. Machen and others filed herein, to open certain streets in the city of Fresno, be and the same is hereby rejected.

Ordered that the county assessor be and he is hereby allowed two additional assistants for the term of four months, and the compensation of said assistants is hereby fixed at $80 per month for the said term of four months.

Ordered that Supervisor R. B. Butler and W. S. Badger be appointed as a committee to proceed to Sacramento and lay before the representatives of this county the needs of the county in matters pertaining to the county government act now under consideration by the legislature.

Ordered that the board adjourn until March 10th.

March 10.

Present—Supervisor Letcher, Myer, Sayre, Wickersham.

Absent—Butler.

The auditor was directed to draw his warrant on the general fund in favor of the Whittier Reform school for the sum of $9 on the first day of each month hereafter. Said allowance is made for the maintenance of George Morgan, confined therein by order of the superior court.

Ordered that the application of F. M. Sponogle to be appointed county health officer be granted, term of said health officer to be one year, and salary fixed in the sum of $100 for said term.

Ordered that the application of R. G. Tibbetts to be appointed a director of the Huron Irrigation district be granted.

The auditor and treasurer are directed to transfer from the general road fund to road district No. 9 the sum of $300.

Ordered that the board adjourn until March 11th.

March 11.

Present, F F Letcher, supervisor.
J Myer, supervisor.
J H Sayer, supervisor.
F P Wickersham, supervisor.
Absent, R B Butler, supervisor.

Reuben Goins having appeared before this board and asked for temporary assistance, and having shown to the satisfaction of the board his inability to support himself and family and further showing his indigent circumstances, and after due consideration by the board thereof, the auditor is directed to draw his warrant on the general fund in favor of said Goins for the sum of $10 for said temporary assistance.

The petition of William Haskins and others for a route for a public road, is, upon motion, continued until Monday, March 13th.

Upon motion, William S. Badger is appointed to furnish this board with a diagram of the rooms, together with a list of furniture for requirements in the new court house and additions.

The board examined, allowed and ordered paid the following claims:

F F Letcher	$46 00
J Myer	66 00
J H Sayre	48 65
F P Wickersham	40 00

Ordered that the board adjourn until March 13th.

March 13.

Present, Supervisor Letcher,
Supervisor Myer,
Supervisor Layre,
Supervisor Wickersham.
Absent, Supervisor Butler.

The board examined, allowed and ordered paid the following claims:

Fresno Republican	$18 50
Armstrong & DeGuerre	310 60
W M Spencer	47 21
James Minturn	250 00
J E Denny	4 60

It was ordered that the petition of William Haskins and others, for route for public road, be continued until the first Tuesday in April.

The auditor is instructed to cancel warrant No. 12, in favor of Henry Gray, for the sum of $9 on road district No. 1.

It is ordered that the petition for a new school district, to be known as Alpha school district, bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the ne corner of sec 36, on the section line, t 11, r 17, M.D.B. and M.; thence west three miles to nw corner of sec 34, in said township; thence south three miles to sw corner of sec 10, t 11, r 17; thence east to se corner of sec 12, in said township, three miles; thence north three miles to ne corner of said sec 36 to place of beginning, be and the same is hereby granted.

The board adjourned until March 14.

March 14.

Present, full board.

Ordered that the claim of W. Z. Garten and wife in the sum of $115.50 for witness fees be allowed.

Ordered that the claim of J. M. Akers in the sum of $61.50 for witness fees be allowed.

The board had under consideration World's Fair matters, pending which an adjournment was taken until tomorrow, March 15th.

March 15.

Present, full board.

Whereas, The Fresno County World's Fair Commission and the finance committee thereof has given unto Fresno county and filed with this board a bond in the sum of $3570.77, conditioned upon the proper application of said sum by said Fresno county World's Fair commission to the uses to which it was appropriated by this board as authorized by subdivision 40 of section 25 of the county government act, approved March 31, 1891.

Now, therefore, it is ordered that the auditor draw his warrant in favor of W. M. Hughes and George A. Wilson, World's Fair commissioners, on the World's Fair fund, for the said sum of $3570.77, being a part of $7500 heretofore set apart by this board under the provisions of said act for the uses of said World's Fair commission.

The petion of Robert Smith and others for a route for a public road, commencing at the northeast corner of section 30, township 15 south, range 17 east; thence south along the line running between sections 10 and 11, 14 and 15, 22 and 23, 29 and 27, 34 and 35 to the north line of township 17 south, range 17 east; thence west along said township line 50 rods to the line between sections 2 and 3; thence south along the line between 2 and 3, 10 and 11 to the south side of said sections 10 and 11, said sections 2 and 3, and 10 and 11 being in the last named township and range, Mount Diablo base and meridian.

Now, therefore, it is by the board ordered that the said prepared route for a public road be surveyed and viewed, and a report of the surveyor and viewers be filed herein on the first Monday in April.

The board examined, allowed and ordered paid the following claims:

F F Letcher	16 00
R B Butler	82 90

It is ordered that the board adjourn until April 3, 1893.

W. A. Shepherd, clerk.
By J. B. Johnson, deputy.
F. F. Fletcher, chairman.

SELMA NEWS.

Items of Interest From the New City.

From The Republican's special correspondent.

SELMA, April 5.—Rev. C. Yager is visiting friends in Selma.

Z. T. Ives is having his dwelling house repaired and renovated.

Jones and Clint Morrison and mother left on last night's train for Norborne, Mo.

T. L. B. Weems and wife left on Tuesday night for their old home in Florida, Illinois.

H. Habernachl is down from his mountain ranch. He will take charge of the German hotel next week. His friends welcome him back.

Rev. J. R. Kirkpatrick returned from Visalia to day. He has been attending the Tulare Presbytery at that place.

Rev. Dooley of Glenville, Kern county, is the guest of Rev. Kirkpatrick and will preach at the C. P. church tonight.

The Salvation Army of Selma, enforced by members of the Fresno commandery, held a meeting in their new quarters in the Hanpeth block last night. The meeting was well attended.

The city trustees of the city of Selma are rushing the work through in fine shape. Just "stay with 'em," trustees, and Selma will be a good city yet.

The Easter services held at the different churches were well attended. At the Whitson street M. E. church over $200 was pledged for foreign missions.

M. McWhorter and wife left Monday for their ranch on the West Side, where they will stay for a short time.

Lydia A. Cardwell, who has been sick with consumption for some time, died Sunday. Burial services were held at the M. E. Church, south, on Monday morning.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Nancy Bell took place from the Baptist church Sunday afternoon.

W. S. Hilderbrand of Ashland, Oregon, is in Selma visiting friends.

O. F. McConnell, aged 64 years, died at his home near Wildflower Saturday. He was buried at the Kingsburg cemetery on Sunday. A large circle of friends mourn his loss.

The lake on Front street has about dried up and unless refreshed soon the frogs will be compelled to cease their mighty serenades. X. X. X.

THE CARNIVAL.

It Closed Last Night With a Promenade Party.

The Easter carnival given by the guilds of the Episcopal church closed last night with a promenade party. The flower and refreshment booths were still in operation and were well patronized. In a room adjoining the hall refreshments of a more solid nature were dispensed.

Music was made by the Barton orchestra and, as usual, it was very good. After the promenade dancing was in order and the evening was delightfully spent. The ladies wore handsome toilets and many of the gentlemen were in evening dress.

The carnival was a great success and much credit is due to the ladies who arranged the affair.

Mrs. Languish. "Tired! Oh, so tired all the time!" Mrs. Smart. "Well, so I used to be until I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a spring medicine, and now I dont know what it is to have that tired feeling. Try it, my dear; only be sure you get Ayer's." *

If you intend planting nursery stock this season it will pay you to examine the fine stock of Long Bros. & Co, J st.*

THE CONTEST CASES

Decided Yesterday by Judge Law.

JUDGMENT FOR THE DEFENDANTS

R. H. Austin and Smith Norris Declared to Have Been Elected.

After ninety days of presumably hard and deep thinking Judge J. K. Law of Merced has given judgment for the defendants, with $20 costs, in the contested election cases of W. W. Machen against Smith Norris, and G. N. Freman against R. H. Austin. The findings were ed yesterday and are the same in each case, excepting in the matter of the number of votes received by the candidates for each of the contested offices. It is therefore necessary to give the findings in only one of the cases, and that of Machen against Norris is chosen. They are as follows:

"After hearing the evidence both oral and documentary, offered and introduced in behalf of the plaintiff, and the said defendant having declined to introduce any testimony, and submitted the case upon the testimony offered by said plaintiff, the court took the same under advisement and having fully considered the law and evidence, and being fully advised in the premises, the court does now make of it the following findings of fact and conclusions of law:

"That a general election was held in the county of Fresno, state of California, on the 8th day of November, 1892, that at said election the plaintiff, W. W. Machen, the defendant, Smith Norris, and one Milton McWhurter, and one G. W. Wyllie, were voted for, and were the only persons voted for for the office of recorder for the county of Fresno.

"That at said election the defendant, Smith Norris, received 3009 votes for the said office of recorder of the county of Fresno, and the plaintiff, W. W. Machen, received 2991 votes for said office, and said Milton McWhorter received 1501 votes, and the said G. W. Wyllie received 299 votes for said office, and said votes, as received by said parties were the only votes cast at said election for said office.

"That the board of supervisors, of the county of Fresno, met on the first Monday after said general election, and canvassed the returns of said election, and that said board met on that day, and thereafter adjourned from day to day until said canvass of said returns was completed, and that at and during said canvass by said board the returns of said election from every voting precinct of said county of Fresno where the polls had been opened were before said board, and were canvassed by the board.

"That after and upon said canvass of said votes so cast at said general election for said office of county recorder of the county of Fresno, the board of supervisors of said county thereupon duly found, ascertained and declared that the said defendant, Smith Norris, received 3009 votes for said office of county recorder of the county of Fresno, and that the plaintiff, W. W. Machen, received 2991 votes for said office, and that said Milton McWhorter received 1501 votes for said office, and that the said G. W. Wyllie received 299 votes for said office; and thereupon the said board of supervisors ascertained, found and declared, at said general election, Smith Norris duly elected to said office of recorder of the county of Fresno."

The next clause asserts that the returns of said election so canvassed by said board were true and correct and repeats the number of votes cast for each candidate. Continuing:

"That said general election was held by the boards of judges of election of each and every one of the several voting precincts duly established in and or the county of Fresno, and that said election was by said several boards of judges in each and all of said voting precincts fairly held and legally conducted, and that none of said boards of judges of any of said election precincts were guilty of any mal-conduct at and in conducting said general election, and at and in counting, or at or in returning the votes so cast in the said several election precincts. And the said several boards of judges of election in and for said several precincts counted and returned the votes cast for said Smith Norris for said office, and no more, and that said several boards of judges counted and returned all the votes cast for said W. W. Machen for said office of county recorder of said county, and the returns made by said several boards of judges showed correctly, and in accordance with the facts that the said Smith Norris received more votes for said office of county recorder of the county of Fresno than were received by the said plaintiff, W. W. Machen.

"That all the legal votes actually cast and voted for the plaintiff and contestant for said office were counted and returned by said several boards of judges, and that said several boards of judges, nor any of them, did not count or return any votes not legally cast for said Smith Norris for said office.

"That the board of judges of election of Pine Ridge precinct, in said county of Fresno, held said election and received votes and the place of voting for said Pine Ridge precinct at said general election was at the place appointed and directed by the board of supervisors of said county of Fresno, to wit: at Kenyon's store, and within the boundaries of said election precinct.

"That upon the conclusion of such canvass of said returns and the declaration of said board of supervisors as to the result of said election as to such office of recorder, the clerk of said board, being the county clerk of said county, immediately made up and delivered to the defendant a certificate of election, as required by law, certifying that he, the said defendant, Smith Norris, had been duly and legally elected to such office of recorder of the county of Fresno.

"That all of the allegations of plaintiff's complaint herein, which are denied by defendant's answer, are untrue, and that all of the denials contained in defendant's answer are true.

"And as conclusions of law from the foregoing facts, the court finds:

"That the defendant, Smith Norris, was duly and legally elected recorder of the said county of Fresno, state of California, on the 8th day of November, 1892, for the full term of said office, commencing on the first Monday of January, 1893. Let judgment be entered according'y. J. K. LAW."

The Church divorce case is still in progress before Judge Holmes. The plaintiff has rested and the defendant is introducing testimony. The case may be submitted today.

The Fresno county Foresters' picnic on April 30th at Kings river will be attended by Foresters of this and adjoining counties and by Chief Ranger G. A. McElfresh of Los Angeles.

If you desire the appetite and digestion of early years, take Lash's Kidney and Liver Bitters. For sale by Baker & Colson. *

This company will despatch a steamer to Firebaughs on Sunday, April 9th, from Stockton. Freight received in San Francisco the preceding day. Freight rates given on application. If possible to cross the dam at Firebaughs, we will go as far as Whites Bridge.
CALIFORNIA NAVIGATION & IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, Stockton. *

The City Bakery employs the only cake baker in Fresno. *

PERSONAL.

J. O. Koop is down from Alameda.

W. H. Childers is here from Coalinga.

S. C. Lillis spent yesterday in Fresno.

Lee Gray has returned from San Francisco.

James McCardle has gone to Selma on business.

Ole J. Olsen of Portland, Or., is here on business.

L. Heilbron has returned from a trip to Sacramento.

J. C. Shepard has gone to the bay city on business.

H. M. H. Karsberg was in from his vineyard yesterday.

W. Harrison came down from Sacramento last evening.

J. O. Fitz erald and wife are here from Grand Rapids, Mich.

Charles Harris, of the Merced Star, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Taylor of Visalia spent yesterday in Fresno.

The Misses Hotchkin of New York arrived in Fresno last evening.

Napoleon Vieu came in from his vineyard yesterday on business.

Mrs. J. W. Humphreys is down from Toll House visiting friends.

J. L. Hodges of Marion, Ka., is making a brief sojourn in Fresno.

Mrs. S. F. Earl of Reedley was visiting friends in this city yesterday.

Ed Erwin left yesterday for Oregon to search for his long desired fortune.

Mrs. I. S. Gaither and Mrs. Cooper of Selma have been visiting friends in this city.

George H. Wendell Jr., a San Francisco insurance man, was in Fresno yesterday.

County Surveyor George L. Hoxie returned yesterday from Sequoia, where he surveyed a new thirteen mile road from there to Mill creek.

Finest assortment of citrus trees, greenhouse plants ever offered in Fresno at Fancher Creek Nursery tree depot. Trees traded for live stock.

BLOODLESS MEETING

BETWEEN TRAIN ROBBERS AND DETECTIVES.

Evans and Sontag Make Their Escape on Snow Shoes—Mrs. Evans' Opinion.

A report has come from the mountains of a thrilling adventure in which Evans and Sontag are represented as fleeing from only half a dozen detective. The particulars are as follows:

The detectives having heard that the train robbers were in the vicinity of Red Rock, which is some forty miles beyond Sampson Flats, boldly set out for that place. They came across a deserted campfire and found that the robbers had not even left a coal scuttle behind them. They did leave their tracks, however, and these the sleuths followed.

The snow was very deep and had packed, making it possible to walk thereon, but the robbers had ordered a new snow, which made progress quite difficult. In order to avoid ambush a poor devil of a detective was sent ahead to draw the first fire. This scout, after going a distance, espied the robbers, who saw him about the same time.

Evans and Sontag had snow shoes on their backs, which is rather an odd place for even train robbers to carry them, but on seeing the scout they hastily put them on their feet and incontinently fled. The scout ran back to his companions and told them of their discovery, and all of them immediately set out in pursuit.

Of course, having snow shoes, the robbers had the advantage and soon distanced their pursuers. They ascended the summit like a streak of greased lightning, and soon put the mountain between themselves and the detectives. It does not seem to have occurred to the latter to use their arms, for the report is silent upon that point.

This fine story met with little credence in this city. It is considered very unlikely that the train robbers would winter in a locality where the snow must be from fifteen to twenty feet deep, when they could escape the vigilance of the officers as easily in much more comfortable quarters. Up to date no one has accused Sontag and Evans of being blooming idiots. The snow shoe incident also throws discredit on the rumor, while very few people believe the robbers would show their heels to only six detectives.

Mrs. Evans passed through Fresno last night on her way to Visalia. She was asked to give her views concerning the report by a REPUBLICAN reporter. While disclaiming any knowledge of the whereabouts of Evans and Sontag, she was inclined to consider the report of this meeting with the detectives a fake. It did not seem at all likely to her that Evans and Sontag would be in such a neighborhood.

An Accommodating Street Car Line.

The street car system of Tallahassee, consisting of one car, is operated by a "nigger and a mule," both of whom live only to please the people. If the car happens to be going one way and a passenger wants to go in the opposite direction, he has only to say so, and the mule is immediately hitched to the other end and the car started in the desired direction.—New York Tribune.

Talking Away From the Subject.

When Frederick Robertson of Brighton, the great preacher who had written much about Tennyson's poems, and for whom the poet had a high regard, first called upon him, "I felt," said Tennyson, "as if he had come to pluck out the heart of my mystery, so I talked to him about nothing but beer."

Men of sense often learn from their enemies. It is from their foes—not their friends—that cities learn the lesson of building high walls and ships of war, and this lesson saves their children, their homes and their properties.—Aristophanes.

The term "tabby cat" is derived from Atab, a famous street in Bagdad inhabited by the manufacturers of silken stuff called atabi or taffeta. This stuff is woven with waved markings of watered silk resembling a tabby cat's coat.

When rooms are heated by stoves, economy lies in never letting the fire go down in cold weather, as it takes more heat to warm the rooms when the walls are chilled than it does to keep them so for days.

Dogs are not the only animals emotionally affected by music. Cats sometimes show great fondness for playing and singing, though music does not appear to affect them to the point of howling.

During the past two weeks thirty-nine additions have been made to the membership of the Congregational church.

D. Imparatrice was examined before Justice Austin yesterday on a charge of threatened offense. He was put under $500 bonds to keep the peace.

The trial of W. H. Geary, charged with battery, was continued by Justice Austin until Saturday at 2 p.m. on account of the absence of the prosecuting witness.

The Captain's Sight.

It is sometimes a fault of young people to rely too fully upon their own opinions or impressions, and there are grown people who are quite too sure regarding matters to which they have given little attention. A passenger on a French steamer tells this story:

The wind was fresh, and we were running at the rate of 12 knots an hour. Our mariners were deceived in their calculations, and as the lead did not indicate the proximity of the coast they were expected to approach they concluded that the currents had carried us into the channel. One morning at break of day I heard the captain exclaim:

"I see breakers through the mist."

M. de l'Aiguille, an officer of superior merit, who nevertheless displayed sometimes too much of the confidence of youth, replied with a smile, "Those breakers, captain, are nowhere but in your glass."

"Young man," said our old captain, with a tone of anger, "you are major general to the squadron and may give it the orders you think proper, but I know what I have to do. It is I who answer for the safety of my ship. I shall therefore give orders to tack, for there is not a moment to be lost."

He accordingly gave that order, and during its execution, the fog having suddenly cleared away, we perceived at about 200 yards from us the rocks against which our fleet would inevitably have perished. Fortunately the whole squadron imitated the movement of our vessel, and all danger was over.

The young officer lost no time in thanking the captain for his wise reproof, and for his adherence to the duties of his position.—Youth's Companion.

An Electric Elevated Road In England.

No misgivings need apply to the case of the new railway at Liverpool. In size and power, as well as in the ingenuity of its details, it surpasses the best American models. It extends along the quays of the great line of docks on the Mersey for nearly seven miles. Its carriages are of full size, not arranged like a tram car, but like the ordinary passenger car of the United States, each being in two compartments and capable of seating 57 persons. Beneath each car is an electric motor of from 100 to 70 horsepower, and the speed will be as high as 30 miles an hour.

The power to work the trains, and with them the accessories of signals and light, is the same, and generated from a single point on the system. The whole runs upon an "overhead railroad" or continuous bridge of iron. That is not, however, of the essence of an electric railway, though the lightness of electric rolling gear makes such an arrangement cheap and suitable for the purpose.—London Spectator.

An English Boy's Knowledge of Literature.

Every one who is not a schoolmaster is aware that a young Englishman knows almost nothing of the literature of his own land, and what little he does know he dislikes, because he has had at school to translate it into Latin. It is most humiliating to hear an American youth discourse upon this matter while our own sons sit mum and glum. Efforts have been made of late to find out what our boys do read for their own pleasure, and the result of these inquiries seems to be that they read the accounts of prize fights.

One headmaster tries to prove that this is derived from the influence of Homer, but it is much more likely that it comes from a perusal of the sporting newspapers and the general devotion to athletics. From whatever cause it arises, it is certainly true that while there is no deficiency of good poetry and good fiction among us the rising generation cares for neither.—London Illustrated News.

England's Banking Center.

Threadneedle street is a corruption of Thrideunl street, meaning the third street from "Chepesyde" to the great thoroughfare from London bridge to "Busshop Gate" (consisting of New Fyshe streate and Busshop Gate streate, Anglo-Saxon, thridda, third). Another etymology is Thrig-needle (three needle street), from the three needles which the Needle Makers' company bore in their arms. It begins at the Mansion house, and therefore the Bank of England stands in it. The directors of the Bank of England were called "The Old Lady In Threadneedle Street" by William Cobbett, because, like Mrs. Partington, they tried with their broom to keep back the Atlantic waves of national progress. After giving the foregoing, Brewer notes the following extract from Dickens' "Dr. Marigold:" "A silver curl paper that I myself took off the shining locks of the ever beautiful old lady of Threadneedle street" (a bank note).—Brooklyn Eagle.

A Little Absentminded.

It is told of a prominent clergyman that when writing his sermon for last Sunday he became so engrossed in his subject that he made it much longer than usual. When delivering the sermon, he noticed that the congregation was becoming somewhat wearied. He was anxious to close, but could see no possible place to stop until through. He became so nervous that when he stepped into the chancel to pronounce the benediction he said the grace he is accustomed to say at table. The effect was electrical, and the congregation was well awakened.—Indianapolis Journal.

Electric Currents In Dentistry.

Much is expected of the use of electricity to deaden sensibility in teeth that are to be filled or extracted. As to extraction, it is announced that already the use of an electric current delivered through electrodes containing cotton saturated with cocaine or ether has produced complete local anæsthesia, so that teeth have been extracted without pain.—Hartford Courant.

A Family Wig.

A man in Bridgeport wears a wig that was worn also by his father, grandfather and great-grandfather in their turn. It's a regular family hair-loom.—Philadelphia Ledger.

AN ELECTION BET.

Fahey or Adams.

S. H. Redden, of Redden & Collin's, wood and coal dealers, and W. Parker Lyon, Fresno's Furniture King, have made a wager on the coming election. If Fahey is elected, Redden is to escort W. Parker Lyon from K street to the depot and return on Mariposa street, Lyon to wear a ladies hat of the latest style to be selected by Redden. If Adams is elected, Lyon is to escort Redden over the same route, Redden to wear a lady's hat of the latest style selected by Lyon. After the procession, which is to be led by their Salvation Army band, the hat is to be put up at auction, the proceeds to go to the Associated Charities. For the benefit of those who may not be able to attend the procession, Redden has placed on exhibition in the show window of The Misses Calimberti the hat he intends Lyon to wear, and Lyon says he has not yet decided on what style of hat for Redden. The procession will form at the Southern Pacific Hotel Tuesday, April 11th, at 2 p.m. So remember the day and date as the management expects to make this one of the greatest events of the season. *

To cure your rheumatics, go to Sinclair, next to Hughes Hotel. He has the medicine. *

Kutner-Goldstein COMPANY

The - Universal - Providers

—Carry the Largest and Best Stock of—

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes

MILLINERY, FURNITURE AND CARPETS

In the San Joaquin Valley.—Their Prices in

GROCERIES AND HARDWARE

Are Lower than any Other House in Fresno.

KUTNER-GOLDSTEIN CO.

☞ The Universal Providers.

STEAM -:- COAL

$5 per Ton............Carloads Only.

The National Ice & Fuel Co

Kern St. and R. R. Reservation. P. O. Box 1666.
Telephone 62.

A PROFESSIONAL "WEEPER."

A Young Scamp Who Finds Begging More Profitable Than Working.

"Jack the Weeper" is well known about the lower part of the town. He has been exploited in the newspapers in connection with arrest and incarceration, has been interviewed and had his picture taken, and on various occasions has sworn off from professional weeping. "Jack the Weeper" is a diminutive looking specimen of a seven-year-old boy with a twenty-year-old face and a stock of experience and cunning rarely accumulated by mankind this side of fifty. He is ostensibly a newsboy, but the fraternity hold him in great contempt or know him only to thump him. His "racket" has been to get a bundle of papers together late in the evening and weep at the foot of the elevated stairs down town.

Sympathetic people cast him pennies and nickels and dimes, and sometimes an occasional quarter or half dollar found an abiding place in the weeper's inside pocket—all on the supposition that he was an honest lad who had been "stuck." Thus the weeper found that tears could be coined into cash more easily and profitably than by the ordinary course of the news trade. But just as Jack had worked up a fairly regular trade in came a policeman, a cold and calculating man of the world, with a club, and broke up business by arrest, examination and consequent publicity.

At the foot of a down town stairway of a Sixth avenue elevated station in the most fashionable part of New York recently occurred a scene which demonstrated that "Jack the Weeper" had not only not gone out of business, but had vastly improved upon former methods.

It was about the fashionable shopping hour and the swell women and dilettante young men were flocking to the down town trains. A delicate lad, with a consumptive cough and a bundle of castoff morning newspapers, stood shivering at the foot of the stairs, two great big homemade tears plowing their way through the dirt on his cheeks as the muddy waters of the Missouri seek the sea. Several of us stopped out of sympathy and began to question the boy. At the same time nearly every hand in the crowd instinctively sought for change. An exceedingly sharp eyed lady impulsively pulled out a bill and pushed it into his trembling fingers, accompanying the act with an appealing look around upon the rest of us. It worked.

Everybody in sight gave silver, and an old lady who came in later on the scene pressed a two dollar note upon the child. I missed two trains to note the goodly sight, and I felt proud of my fellow creatures and the beautiful sympathy of my kind. The boy never said a word. He merely coughed and wept and scooped in the coin. In the excitement of the moment I forgot an errand I had at the next station and went past it. Then I got out, went up the other side and rode back.

There was a little mob gathered on the down town side at the foot of the stairs. So nearly like the other mob was it that at first I thought I had made another mistake and gone back to my starting point. But no; it was the next station.

Well, "shiver my timbers!" as the old salt says, if there wasn't the same boy with the same graveyard cough, the same weep, the same old papers, and, what was more astonishing, here was the same sharp eyed, benevolent lady in the midst of a group of sympathetic women, just starting a liberal subscription.

My first impulse was to jump in and grab her and yell for the police, but I conquered it and walked away, wondering how much money there was in this new snap of the woman and the weeper.—New York Herald.

See the fine display of nursery stock of Long Bros. & Co. J street. *

Sure Cure for Piles.

Itching piles are known by moisture like perspiration, causing intense itching when warm. This form as well as blind, bleeding or protruding, yield at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly on parts affected, absorbs tumors, allays itching and effects a permanent cure. 50 cents. Druggists or mail. Circulars free. Dr. Bosanko, Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Smith Bros., druggists.

Spring Medicine.

Dr. Gunn's Improved Liver Pills on account of their mild action are especially adapted for correcting spring disorders, such as impure blood, tired brain and aching and worn out body. They act promptly on the liver kidneys; drives out all impurties from the blood, and malaria from the system. Only one pill for a dose. Try them this spring. Sold at 25 cents a box at Smith Bros., druggist. *

Dr. Gunn's Onion Syrup.

This remedy is a sure cure for all diseases of the throat and lungs, caused by taking cold. It will stop a cold in one night, no matter how severe. It is just what its name implies; and onion syrup, compounded in such a manner as to do away with the unpleasant taste and odor of the vegetable.

When in need of a cure for a cough or a cold, try it. Price 50 cents. Sold by Smith Bros., Druggists. *

The Expositor profited last night by Mr. Mernin's suggestion that the Pope never wrote an "encycle letter," and now spells the word "encyclical" properly. Thus something may be learned from a laborer, even by the wisest of men.

The case of Clark Moore against J. M. Hensley was continued yesterday for the term by Judge Harris upon Moore's paying the jury's fees for the day. The continuance was asked for by the plaintiff on account of the absence of some material witnesses.

Every Man to His Calling.

No dangers equal those of the drug business. The public cannot be too careful in soliciting the purest and best remedies when sickness abounds. We guarantee accuracy and purity as well as square dealing in all transactions. Smith Bros. are the most competent, holding six certificates, which alone testifies to their ability.

Prescriptions and family receipts filled at prices within the reach of all. Our motto not "How Cheap," but "How Good." Good goods sold cheap and purity guaranteed. We are the leaders in pure drugs and low prices. Give us a call. SMITH BROS., Opposite the Hughes.

What Is It?

Dandruff is the result of a languid, unhealthy condition of the scalp or hair, whereby the perspiration becomes thick and clammy, and adheres to the surface, which, drying forms a scurf or dandruff, which can only be removed by using Smith's Dandruff Pomade, one bottle of which is guaranteed to cure all cases no matter how long standing the case may be or money refunded. For sale only by Smith Bros., druggists, Fresno, Cal.*

Dandruff for Six Years.

I suffered for six years with dandruff and tried every remedy recommended to me, without any good effect until I purchased a bottle of Smith's Dandruff Pomade, one-fourth of which cured me, and I can faithfully recommend it to all.
Yours truly, CHARLES SCHWEIZER,
* Dealer in Harness and Saddles.

Five Years!

Having been troubled with dandruff for five years, I procured a bottle of Smith's Dandruff Pomade and was cured entirely upon as many applications. I can recommend it to all and have no doubt but that it will cure any case.
* M. E. SANFORD.

To Whom It May Concern.

I have been troubled with dandruff for two years, but by the use of Smith's Dandruff Pomade I have been entirely cured. F. C. WOODWORTH. *

Smith's Corn Paint removes without pain; never fails; try it. *

Now Try This.

It will cost you nothing and will surely do you good, if you have a cough, cold or any trouble with throat, chest or lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Suffers from the grip found it just the thing and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is.

For sale at Webster Bros.' City Drug Store, corner K and Mariposa streets, Fresno. Large size 50 cents and $1. *

Specimen Cases.

S. H. Clifford, New Castle, Wis., was troubled with neuralgia and rheumatism, his stomach was disordered, his liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight year's standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large fever sores on his leg, doctors said he was incurable. One bottle of Electric Bitters and one box of Arnica Salve cured him entirely.

For sale at Webster Bros., City Drug Store, corner K and Mariposa streets, Fresno. 50 cents and $1 a bottle. *

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☞ Tickets sold, sleeping car berths secured and proper information given upon application at the company's office, where passengers calling in person can secure a choice of routes, etc. Orders sold at lowest rates for tickets for passage from European and Eastern cities to any point in the Pacific States and territories. These orders if not used will be redeemed at the full amount paid therefor.

A. N. TOWNE, General Manager. T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Tkt Agt. N. GRAY Gen. Traffic Manager

FRESNO'S SOCIAL SWIM

Lent is Over and All May Rejoice.

ATHLETICS STILL THE FAD

Two Important Social Events to Come—"Patience" and the Carnival.

Today is the last of Lent, and it has been a Lent that will be remembered with pleasure by many people. In spite of the fact that the season is supposed to be one of "sackcloth and ashes" the majority of the people seemed inclined to rejoice rather than repent, which may or may not be considered a good sign. Excepting a week or two Lent was as interesting from a social point of view as any other time of the year. While no events occurred at which our 400 have turned out in a body, they have been represented quite well here and there. The season of repentance being over, however, the various social organizations will see to it that the ante-vacation months are pleasantly employed. The 80 ... club, Cotton club, New England society and other organizations will soon be heard from and their functions will be as swagger as should be expected.

What an eruption of Easter finery there will be today! Not since many years have the styles been so bright as they are this season. Some of the bonnets are truly chromatic marvels and one might imagine many of them to be palettes from a painter's studio. And the shapes! I inspected a milliner's stock the other day and could find no two hats of the same shape. Right here I wish to call attention to something that may not have been noticed by the casual observer, and that is that the proportion of well dressed women is larger in Fresno than in any other city in the state, excepting San Francisco.

The athletic fad has shown an unexpected permanency and it really seems as if the women were engaging in physical culture more because they believe it beneficial than because it is the fashion. Physical culture for women, however, is still being opposed by a lot of fossils, who believe woman's sole mission is that so tersely stated by Iago. One of these back numbers, speaking of a recent exhibition of their athletic skill by a number of women, says:

At a recent exhibition of their acquirement in this new fad, running jumps from the spring board, high kicking and work on the flying rings were prominent features. Marching and fancy steps, with dumb bell exercises by the class, came first. In the running high jump the Misses Nutting and Elliot showed considerable proficiency. Then a quartet of attractive looking young women made a tambourine tinkle, although it was suspended six feet in the air. Misses Potter and Parsons stopped at this height, but Miss Alice C. Nutting of Northampton, Mass., and Mrs. Antisdale kept on, and tied at six feet eight inches. Close work followed on the traveling rings, some tests of endurance being shown by the fair athletes as they circled the gymnasium. Besides violent exercises there was an exhibition by the class showing the relaxing system practiced in the gymnasium for women, the initiatory movement being a hop and the terminal an easy, graceful swing. Club swinging by Miss Alice Nutting concluded the exhibition.

Fancy wedding a woman who, as a bride, can kick six feet and eight inches, and has not yet acquired full proficiency, and is as well an adept on the flying rings and is possessed of a knowledge of the "relaxing system." How could one pacify a bride of this caliber after a "low jinks?" This fad should be met with the severest repression by the superior sex.

An event that will be largely attended is the carnival to be given at the armory next Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings by the guilds of the Episcopal church. It will be something beyond the ordinary, and if the visitors do not enjoy themselves they must be hard to please, i... nd. There will be a number of booths presided over by the fairest of Fresno's ... ones. At the flower booth, rare ... ers from San Francisco, Sacramento, Fresno and other cities will be on exhibition. Miss Fanny Helm will preside at the Turkish booth, and it is stated she and her assistants will be in costume. At the ice cream booth there will be a representation of a New York winter, and Mrs. O. K. Kirby Jr. will be the queen at the Gypsy camp. A pretty Fresnoan will for the time merge her identy into "Rebekah," and the liquid she will dispense at the well will bear a close resemblance to lemonade. The children have also been provided for and one of the features for their entertainment is a fish pond. There will also be other attractions for them. Mrs. O. K. Kirby Jr. will sing Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. Gilbert's drama, "Sweethearts," will be produced. Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Pyke, DeWitt Parsons and fifteen beautiful young ladies will appear in the pantomime, "The Magic Mirror." On Thursday evening there will be a promenade party. A complete orchestra will be in attendance each evening. There will also be other novel features. The affair is under the management of Miss Jennie M. Long.

Colonel and Mrs. Theo C. Marceau left San Francisco Friday afternoon on the Alameda for Honolulu and Australia. A large number of friends saw them off at the pier and I am informed that their cabin was a mass of flowers, sent by their many friends. At the last moment Mrs. Marceau decided to take her little son, Allan, with her, the youngster expressing vigorous objections to being left behind. The Marceaus will visit China and India and may go up to Egypt. Thence they will proceed to Europe, visiting the places they failed to see during their trip last year. The tour will require about seven months.

Tomorrow (Monday) evening Gilbert & Sullivan's "Patience" will be produced at the Barton by Fresno talent. The affair is a testimonial to C. M. Pyke by his many friends and there is every indication that it will be a grand success in every particular. The rehearsals have been conducted under the supervision of Mr. Pyke himself and he has attended to all the necessary preliminaries. Having had many years experience as a manager and artist it is but natural to suppose he has brought the people engaged in the production to a high state of proficiency. The final rehearsal was held last night and proved a most satisfactory one indeed. The principals gave a spirited performance and the chorus showed thorough training. If the performance on Monday night is as good a great hit will be scored. Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Pyke, whose reputation as professionals is well known, are cast in the opera. It will be a great pleasure to many to see and hear the charming "Louise Manfred" again. Mrs. Lydia Warren Roberts with her excellent voice and experience will add much to the strength of the performance. Mrs. Kirby has one of the sweetest voices in Fresno and those who expect much from her will not be disappointed. But, it is impossible to mention every one, though all deserve it. The loges and boxes have all been sold already, I hear, and there is a lively demand for seats. It will no doubt be the best amateur performance ever seen in Fresno.

MLLE. ARSENIC.

THEY GO THROUGH THE FORM.

And the Clerk Keeps the Books in the Regular Way.

FRESNO, April 1.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—Having read on several occasions in your paper that Fahey's hotel was stuffed with illegal voters, for the purpose of securing the election of Mr. Fahey as trustee of the Fourth ward at the forthcoming election, I, as bookkeeper for the hotel, aver there is not a man boarding in the hotel that is not regularly and bona fide on the books, and must and does pay for what he gets. If such statement was allowed to pass unnoticed it necessarily injures the business of the hotel, and not believing that a liberal press would allow their columns to be used for so base and sordid a purpose I ask, in justice, the publication of this letter with the accompanying declaration.

HY. D. LEWIS.

State of California,
City and County of Fresno.

Harry D. Lewis being duly sworn, deposes and says that the above statement that there are no persons boarding in Fahey's hotel who are not on the books of the hotel and regularly pay for what they get, and it would be impossible for such to be the case without the knowledge of this affiant.

HY. D. LEWIS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of April, 1893.

L. S. H. U. MAXFIELD, Notary Public.

FUNERAL OF A DRUID

STRANGE DEATH RITES ON A LOFTY HILLTOP IN WALES.

Impressive Ceremonies Attending the Final Disposition of the Body of the Late Leader of the Druids of Wales—Rather Mixed Services.

Far away seem the times and the rites of the Druids; even under the mistletoe at yuletide—the time of Yowling. Theirs was one of the most ancient and primitive of religions, and its cult is greatly shrouded in mystery. Yet it is not altogether dead. Among the hills of Wales many strange relics of the past remain. There may be no "fragments of forgotten peoples," but there are legends and customs and songs and social and religious rites preserved unchanged from the days of Arthur and Merlin and Taliessin. There are probably not a few seers who, like Glendower, "can summon spirits from the vasty deep," though whether or not they will come is yet a mooted question. And as for the Druids, their line is yet unbroken, and their weird rites are still celebrated as of old.

The death occurred at Llantrissant of Dr. William Price, who held the distinguished office of archdruid of Wales. He was something more than 93 years old and might have passed for one of the old time bards who perished in King Edward's reign, so rugged and antique was his appearance. Six or seven years ago, it may be remembered, an infant that had been born to him in his old age died, and its body was publicly cremated by him with Druidical rites. For this he was arrested and brought to trial. But after a hot contest in court he was acquitted, and a decree was pronounced from the bench establishing the entire legality of this form of funeral. Accordingly when Dr. Price himself died a similar ceremony was enacted without thought of interference.

The ceremony took place on the summit of a high hill at Caerlan, the very spot where the body of the infant had been burned. Several hundred tickets were issued to the friends and former patients of Dr. Price, entitling them to enter the inclosure and witness the burning. The hour first set was noon. But public curiosity rose to so high a pitch that, to avoid being overwhelmed by a mob of sightseers, it was at the last moment decided to change it to 7 o'clock in the morning. So in the gray light of that early hour the strange procession made its way to the hilltop. No mourning garb was to be seen. The closest friends of the deceased Druid were attired in the ancient costumes of the Welsh people.

The body of Dr. Price was clothed in the Druidical robes he had worn in life and was then placed in a coffin of perforated sheet iron. On the hilltop two stone walls had been built, four feet apart, each being about 10 feet long and 4 feet high. A number of iron bars extending from one to the other formed a rude grating between them, some distance above the ground, and upon these bars the coffin was placed, the head being toward the east and the feet toward the west.

A clergyman of the Established church was present and read the ordinary service for the dead in Welsh. The vestments of the church contrasted as strangely with the Druidical garb worn by some of the attendants as did the words of the prayer book with the strange rites. Some slight changes were made in the service, such as the body being "consigned to the flames."

Then under and over and all around the coffin was piled a great lot of wood, perhaps a whole cord of it, and to this were added several tons of coal. Many gallons of paraffin oil were thrown upon it, thoroughly saturating the entire pile. Then, at about 8 o'clock, two of the closest friends of the late Druid came forward from the throng and applied torches to the wood, one at each end of the mass. In a moment it was all a raging furnace, and the hill literally flared like a volcano.

A brisk breeze was blowing, which fanned the fire and carried the flame and smoke far into the heavens. For many miles the strange spectacle was clearly seen, and thousands of people came flocking thither from all parts of Glamorganshire. Seven or eight thousand of them gathered in a ring about the pyre, as close to it as possible, and watched it with eager interest all day long.

Some hours after dark that evening the flames had died down, and there was only a dull glow from the coals. Then with long hooks they dragged the coffin from the furnace, when it was discovered that it had been literally burned through in many places, and when the lid was uncovered the receptacle was absolutely empty without the faintest trace within of the remains. The coffin was subsequently conveyed on a bier, followed by an immense crowd, and deposited on the couch in the deceased's residence, where a few days previously he had breathed his last.—New York Tribune.

Two Wealthy Girls With No Taste.

Two girls sat awhile ago in opposite stage boxes at the theater to whose united wealth the word inconceivable would almost literally apply. Both were faintly pretty, of the style that is absolutely null without proper dressing. One, the most decided type of blond, wore pale blue. The result was simply flat. The other girl is a brunette and was dressed in a brown silk (which is the ugliest and most characterless wear the mind of man can devise, except in combination), and had a wisp of illusion tied tightly around her neck.—New York Letter.

HEATH AND POLLEY.

A Motion to Quash the Indictments.

THE PRISONERS INTERVIEWED

Heath Describes How He Was Arrested by Captain Callundan of Morse's Detective Agency.

Richard S. Heath and Frederick W. Polley were brought into Judge Holmes' court yesterday morning for arraignment. They were represented by W. W. Foote, James H. Budd, R. B. Terry, W. D. Grady and A. O. Williams.

Mr. Foote moved to quash the separate indictment against Heath and the joint indictment against Heath, Polley and John Doe. The following is a verbatim report of his motion:

THE MOTION TO QUASH.

First—That it is not found or endorsed or presented as required by sections 940, 943 and 944 of the Political Code of California.

Second—That all the names of the witnesses examined before the grand jury, or whose depositions may have been read before them, are not inserted at the foot of the indictment or indorsed thereon.

Third—That a person was permitted to be present during a session of the grand jury when the alleged charge embraced in the indictment was under consideration, and that said person was not such as is provided for in section 925 of the Penal Code.

Fourth—That the defendant had not been held to answer the charge in said indictment herein, No. 892, or any other criminal charge before the finding of the said indictment, and that the notice of drawing of the grand jury was not given and that the drawing was not had in the presence of the officers designated by law.

Fifth—That the grand jurors of whom it is claimed the alleged grand jury which found the alleged indictments filed herein was made up, was not drawn as required by law, in this:

a. That there was not in the month of January, 1893, an order made by the superior court for the county of Fresno, designating the estimated number of grand jurors and also the number of trial jurors that would, in the opinion of said superior court, be required for the transaction of the business of the court and the trial of causes therein during the ensuing year, as required by section 204, C. C. P.

b. That the board of supervisors did not immediately (if any order in the particular mentioned in the first clause was made,) select any list of persons to serve as grand jurors, and also a list of persons to serve as trial jurors in the superior court of said county during the ensuing year, or until the lists of jurors should be provided, and that any selections and listings, if made, were not of persons suitable or competent to serve as jurors, who stood assessed in said month of January, 1893, in the last preceding assessment roll of such county of Fresno, and that said board of supervisors did not in making selections, if any made, take the names of such only as were not exempt from serving, who were in possession of their faculties and not infirm or decrepit, or of persons of fair character and approved integrity and of sound judgment, as required by section 205, C. C. P.

c. That the list of jurors—if any were made, and required to be made as provided in section 205, C. C. P.—did not contain the number of jurors, which had been designated, if at all, by the court, by any order that was made (if any order was made) and that the names of such lists were not selected from the different wards or townships of the county of Fresno, in proportion to the number of inhabitants therein, as nearly as the same could be established by the persons making the lists, if any were made, and were not kept separate and distinct, one from the other, as required by section 206, C. C. P.

d. That the certified lists, if any were made, of persons selected to serve as grand jurors and as trial jurors, were not at once placed in possession of the county clerk, as required by section 208, C. C. P.

e. That the county clerk for said county, if he received such lists, did not file the same in his office and write down the names contained therein on separate pieces of paper of the same size and appearance, and fold each piece so as to conceal the name thereon, and did not deposit the pieces of paper having on them the names of the persons selected to serve as grand jurors in a box to be called "The Grand Jury Box," and those having on them the names of the persons selected to serve as trial jurors in a box called "The Trial Jury Box," as required by section 209, C. C. P.

f. That there is not of record, as this defendant is informed and believes, any order of the superior court setting forth that in the opinion of the court the public interest must ignore, or directing, a grand jury to be drawn; or make or file with the county clerk such order, or an order directing a grand jury to be drawn, or designating the number to be not less than twenty-five nor more than thirty, nor designate therein the time at which such drawing would take place; nor were the names of the grand jurors drawn on the list of names certified and summoned as provided for drawing and summoning trial jurors, and the names of any persons drawn who may not have been impaneled upon the grand jury gain place in the grand jury box, as required by sec. 241, C. C. P.

g. That the provisions of sections 242 and 243, C. C. P., were not complied with.

Sixth—Because the individual members of the grand jury which found the the aforesaid indictment against this defendant, were at the time they were impaneled as grand jurors and at the time they found the said indictment incompetent to act as grand jurors in the finding of said indictment, for the reason that there existed a state of mind on the part of each of them in reference to this case, and in reference to this defendant, which prevented them and each of them from acting impartially and without prejudice to the substantial rights of this defendant in the finding of said indictment.

Seventh—That in the investigation of the charge in said indictment, both in its presentment and indictment, the said alleged grand jury received evidence other than such as was given by witnesses produced and sworn before them, or furnished by legal documentary evidence of the deposition of witnesses, in the cases mentioned in the third subdivision of section 686, penal code; and received other than legal evidence and the best evidence in degree and did not exclude hearsay, or secondary evidence, contrary to section 919, penal code.

WITNESSES TO BE SUMMONED.

Heath's attorneys asked that the members of the late grand jury, the late board of supervisors and the ex-county clerk be examined in relation to the points made in the foregoing motion.

The sheriff on being asked how long it would take him to serve subpenas on the witnesses mentioned replied that it would take about ten days.

THE CASE POSTPONED.

The court set Friday, April 14th as the time for the defendant to prove the allegations of his motion, and ordered that the sheriff be instructed to serve subpenas upon all the members of the grand jury who presented the indictment, A. O. Williams, former county clerk, and all the members of the board of supervisors of this county, commanding them to be present in court on the day mentioned. The same order was entered as to W. F. Polley.

L. W. Moultrie, of counsel for Polley, made a similar motion, and the same cause was taken regarding his case. It was agreed that Heath's attorneys should first examine the grand jury.

AN INTERVIEW WITH POLLEY.

A REPUBLICAN reporter called at the jail yesterday and had a talk with F. W. Polley. The prisoner occupies a large room up stairs with two beds in it and is very comfortably situated. He is a man of apparently not more than 30 years of age, of medium height and build, and with blue eyes and light mustache.

He complained that both he and Sheriff Scott had been misrepresented by the Expositor in the publication of the statement that visitors had not been permitted to see him. He said:

"I have no statement to make regarding the charge on which I am confined here, except that I know nothing of the McWhirter murder and am entirely innocent of any charge in connection with it. It has been published that I have made a confession in this matter. That is not true. I have made no confession because I have nothing to confess.

"I must say on behalf of Sheriff Scott that he has always treated me well and that whenever I have expressed a desire to see anyone the sheriff has always allowed them to visit me. I have never been denied any request of that kind.

"It has been stated also that two persons representing themselves to be reporters of THE REPUBLICAN and of the Expositor interviewed me recently and that jailer Connolly introduced them as such. That statement is not true. I was interviewed by only one man, and he represented himself to be a REPUBLICAN reporter. I had requested Jailer Connolly to send me a REPUBLICAN reporter and he promised that he would. In the mean time he went out to supper and Deputy Sheriff Barr took his place, and while he was on watch the man came in and talked with me. I made no confession to him or to anybody else, because, as I said before, I have no confession to make, knowing nothing about the murder."

"What name did he give you?" was asked.

"I can't remember the name, but he wore brown or gray clothes. I have since learned that he was a detective. I saw him this morning in court sitting alongside of C. J. Stilwell, the Examiner reporter."

A CHAT WITH DICK HEATH.

Richard S. Heath occupies a room adjoining and connected with the jailer's office on the first floor. He greeted the reporter cordially and was apparently in the best of health and spirits.

"The Keely cure is a good thing," he said. "I never felt better in my life before. My nerves are all right. This arrest has not disturbed me a bit, because I know nothing at all about the murder and am entirely innocent of any participation in it. There's nothing in it whatever. Everybody who knows me knows that if I wanted to kill a man I wouldn't go in the dark to do it.

"My treatment in this entire matter has been very peculiar, to say the least. On the day of my arrest I started from Collins' place on the corner of California and Montgomery streets and was walking down Montgomery toward Sacramento street, when a man whom I knew by sight overtook me, tapped me on the shoulder and said, 'I place you under arrest.'

"I thought he was joking and we walked along a little ways, and I said, 'I guess I'll go up stairs and see my friend Crooks.' This man said, 'I guess you don't want to see Crooks; I want you to come along.' Still thinking it was a practical joke I turned down Sacramento street with him and as we turned the corner I asked him his name. He said it was Callundan, one of Detective Morse's men.

"Then I asked him whether he had a warrant. He told me that he had, and produced it and let me read it. As we came by Carpey's store I wanted to go in there and see him, but Callundan said, 'If you don't behave and come along, I'll put the handcuffs on you.' I then asked Callundan to step around with me to the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company, so that I could notify my brother of my arrest. I explained that my mother was 63 or 64 years old, and I wanted to send her word by my brother that I had left town on business for a few days, so that she might not worry over my absence. But he refused that.

"I inquired where he proposed to take me, and he replied that we were going to the Oakland mole, where he would deliver me into the custody of an officer who would take me to Fresno. He said that when we got to the wharf he would allow me to write a note to anybody I pleased, and that he would see that it was promptly delivered. On my asking him how soon it would be delivered, he replied that it would be delivered by 7 o'clock that evening.

"When we crossed the bay and arrived at the Oakland mole we found C. J. Stilwell of the Examiner and Detective McFarlane of the Morse Agency waiting for us, and I was given in charge of the detective and taken here. Just before leaving Callundan on the mole I impressed upon him the necessity of delivering the note by 7 o'clock that evening, and he declared that he was a gentleman and had given his word of honer and that I need have no fear on that score.

"I learned afterwards that Callundan, instead of delivering my note, had brought it to the editorial rooms of the Examiner where it was opened and its contents published the next morning.

"My mother did not know what had become of me until the next morning when she read in the Examiner the account of my arrest, and she did not receive the note until 10 o'clock that same morning."

Heath in conclusion said that he had been well treated by Sheriff Scott and his deputies, and that all his friends had free access to him.

A Disconsolate Governor.

The infant phenomenon of the Bay State justly feels that he has been playing in very tough luck. He was elected governor of Massachusetts the other day by a plurality of 2,700 votes, and has been feeling so good over his remarkable success that he began to think himself almost a "bigger man than old" Grover. Now it turns out that if the the wide awake and highly cultured Republican voters of Massachusetts had only known how to mark their Australian ballots Mr. Haile, the Republican candidate, would have been elected by about 12,000 plurality, and young Mr. Russell, who was pluming his wings for even the loftiest flight, is left disconsolate, standing around on one leg like a rooster in a rainstorm.

He may continue to draw the salary and play governor, but all the roseate dreams that lately flushed his sweet young life with opalescent waves of indescribable brightness have fled, and he is left to plod wearily along in the gray mists, breasting the piercing east winds of the man who is rejected by the people, and wins by a blunder. "This is 'ard," as old Eccles would say.—New York Advertiser.

How Greeley Learned to Read.

By a singular adaptation to the changes of motion on his mother's part while spinning Horace Greeley when a youngster acquired the unwonted quality of reading with the book in almost any position, sidewise or upside down, as readily as in the usual fashion, without at that time thinking it anything unusual. —St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A FRESNO VENUS.

The County of Grand Climate to the Front.

A COMPETITOR FOR THE STATUE

The Ice Broken for the Glory of the Queen City of the Plains.

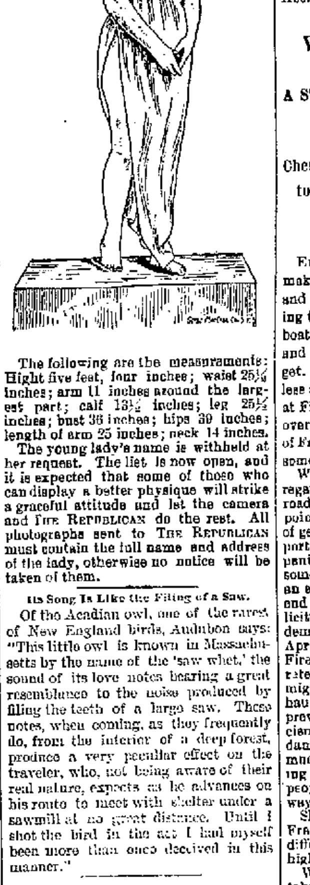
The competition among beautifully formed women to be used as the model for the statue of the best formed woman in California to be exhibited at the World's Fair in Chicago has brought to the public view a good many roses that had hitherto blushed unseen.

The San Francisco Examiner and the Stockton Mail have reproduced cuts made of photographs of well formed women whom artistic taste decrees are worthy of admiration.

Fresno is modest, but it can produce as many beautiful women to the acre in proportion to population as can any other city on the Pacific Coast or in the rest of the United States, and Fresno does not propose to be left behind in the beauty show.

Ladies who bare their arms and busts without hesitation in the ball room are somewhat loth to pose in a classical fashion before the camera, even although there may be nothing in the least suggestive of indelicacy, but the reputation at Fresno is at stake, and the ice having been broken, it is expected that several more modern Vennses de Medici will enter the lists.

The picture below is taken from the photograph of a young lady resident of this city. It is to be regretted that the engraver did not do full justice to the original or the photograph, the forearm being out of drawing and the wrist being too thick. The wrist and ankle, as shown in the photograph, are small and delicate, but the cut gives a good idea of the young lady's proportions.



The following are the measurements: Hight five feet, four inches; waist 25½ inches; arm 11 inches around the largest part; calf 13½ inches; leg 25½ inches; bust 36 inches; hips 39 inches; length of arm 25 inches; neck 14 inches.

The young lady's name is withheld at her request. The list is now open, and it is expected that some of those who can display a better physique will strike a graceful attitude and let the camera and THE REPUBLICAN do the rest. All photographs sent to THE REPUBLICAN must contain the full name and address of the lady, otherwise no notice will be taken of them.

Its Song Is Like the Filing of a Saw.

Of the Acadian owl, one of the rarest of New England birds, Audubon says: "This little owl is known in Massachusetts by the name of the 'saw whet,' the sound of its love notes bearing a great resemblance to the noise produced by filing the teeth of a large saw. These notes, when coming, as they frequently do, from the interior of a deep forest, produce a very peculiar effect on the traveler, who, not being aware of their real nature, expects as he advances on his route to meet with shelter under a sawmill at no great distance. Until I shot the bird in the act I had myself been more than once deceived in this manner."

The Restless Man.

Of all tiresome beings a restless man is the worst. A restless woman cannot begin to come up to a restless man. She gets physically tired out after awhile and must sit down. But a man—he can go on and on forever.

In cafes, railroad trains, theaters—in fact, wherever men do congregate—there also is the restless man driving every one distracted with his ceaseless tramping. He goes up, and he goes down, but he is never weary.—New York Herald.

His Regard For Himself.

The comfortable, well clad citizen was going along Woodward avenue home the other evening when a big, burly tramp stopped him and asked for a dime. The citizen looked him over and asked:

"Do you have no more regard for yourself than to beg on the streets?"

"That's just it, boss," was the reply. "It's because I have regard for myself that I do. There's too many dogs in the back yards."—Detroit Free Press.

In Politics It Is "Pull."

From the Hopeful Young Man to the Pastor—As I stand in the broad avenue of life I find so many closed doors I know not which one to open. How can I tell which will lead me to success?

From the Practical Pastor to the Young Man—There's only one, and you'll find it labeled "Push."—Exchange.

Saving and Spending.

"I saved up $8.05 last year," said Wallis proudly.

"And I suppose you spent it on presents for your papa and mamma?" asked the visitor.

"Yes," said Wallis. "That is, all but $3 of it."—Harper's Bazar.

The man who, after studying a hundred women, thought he knew the sex thoroughly, admitted, on intimate acquaintance with the one hundred and first, that he was densely ignorant of the nature of any one of them.

The living alumni of the University of Michigan are said to number twice as many as the living alumni of any other educational institution in this country. Harvard is reported to be next, with Yale a good third.

It is said that when dressed in the European gowns a Japanese wife precedes her husband in entering a room, while in the eastern dress she must follow him.

Richter was fond of pets and at one time kept a great spider in a paper box, carefully feeding and tending the creature for many months.

COUNTY DIVISION.

One of the Arguments by Kings County People.

The Hanford Sentinel in making a strong fight for the proposed new Kings county, and other arguments in favor of county division generally, makes the following:

"Orange county was carved from Los Angeles. Its history since it was created is of especial interest to all who wish to study the question of taxation in the division of counties. The state tax rate applies the same each year to all counties. During the year since Orange county was organized the state rate has been: In 1889, $ .722; in 1890, $ .58; in 1891, $ .446, and in 1892, $ .434. The comparatvie table of the counties of Los Angeles and Orange since they became separated is as follows:

LOS ANGELES.

1889—Inside	$1 50	Outside	$1 80
1890—Inside	1 20	Outside	1 50
1891—Inside	1 00	Outside	1 30
1892—Inside	1 20	Outside	1 45

ORANGE.

1889—Inside	$1 45	Outside	$1 85
1890—Inside	1 50	Outside	1 75
1891—Inside	1 10	Outside	1 35
1892—Inside	1 00	Outside	1 30

Orange county is out of debt and has $70,000 in the treasury, and no word of regret comes from the people on account of having voted for division.

A dispatch from the governor's private secretary on Tuesday announced the appointment of a board of commissioners to organize the county of Kings. The gentlemen selected are S. E. Biddle of Hanford, William Ogden of Armona, E. E Bush of Hanford, W. J. Newport of Grangeville, J. H. Malone of Hanford.

Notwithstanding the unanimity for division in Hanford and vicinity, there is strong opposition to it, especially at Lemoore and other outside districts, and by those best informed the result of the election is considered very doubtful.

KINGSBURG.

Movements of Society People in That Vicinity.

From The Republican's Special Correspondent.

KINGSBURG, April 3.—A surprise party given to Mrs. Hennick was attended by seventy-one people on Monday evening.

George P. Knight was convicted of battery in Judge Shannon's court on Thursday.

The Cockle Burr Society decided not to remove the state capital. Lem Harp will vote for its removal only when Kingsburg will be made the seat of government.

George B. Austin, Ellis Draper and "Whiskey" Smith, former Kingsburghers, are residing in Fresno now, and will probably stay until after the city election.

F. D. Rosendahl, A. O. Bryan, Judge Shannon and E. C. Van Buren of the Kesley Institute visited Fresno today.

KINGS BURGHER.

WATER CONNECTION.

A STEAMBOAT FROM FIREBAUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.

Cheap Transportation From Fresno to the Bay—Competition Against the Railroad.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN. — We wish to make known to the citizens of your city and vicinity that it is our purpose, during the prevailing high water, to send a boat to Firebaughs at stated intervals, and as much further as it is possible to get. There are times, as you are doubtless aware, when, owing to high water at Firebaughs' dam, it is possible to get over the same, and within twelve miles of Fresno by the San Joaquin river, and some thirty-five miles by Fish slough.

We have had considerable discussion regarding the feasibility of making a railroad connection with the river at some point adjacent to Fresno, with the idea of getting some cheaper means of transportation by the existing carrying companies. We would be pleased to see some of the merchants of your city make an experiment in the matter, and to that end we request that you give such publicity and such comment as the occasion demands to the fact that on the 9th of April we will despatch a steamer to Firebaughs, and will be pleased to quote rates of freight to parties in Fresno who might consider it to their advantage to haul from that point to your city. As previously stated, should there be sufficient water to enable us to go over the dam, we will be pleased to do so, getting much closer to Fresno, and thereby making the haul considerably less for your people, should they desire to ship this way.

Should this trip be successful to Fresno, we will send another steamer at different intervals during the prevailing high water.

We would be pleased to see steps taken by the people of your community looking to the putting into execution of the various projects that have been announced for the procurement of competitive transportation with the seaboard. While we are not rate cutters in any sense of the word, and are engaged in business with the idea of making profit, the extent and variety of the plant which we operate, the large capital we have invested, and our long familiarity with the business, added to the advantage of waterways over railways, enable us to assure your people that, if communication can be established with the river at a convenient point, we can name such a rate for the water haul as would work a considerable reduction over the rate current, though the intervening distance has no other means of transportation except wagons.

The writer is convinced that at a comparatively small expense a railroad could be constructed to an accessible point on the San Joaquin river over which freight could be hauled to your city at 5 cents per hundred pounds rate, and with a reasonable sum of money spent in the reclamation of the main river channel a competitive line would be established to your city during the major portion of the year, which would not only cause a profit to accrue to the people of your community, but would also serve as a means of gain to the carrier.

The California Navigation and Improvement Company.

H. J. CORCORAN.

On the Subject of Dress.

"I have not much time to think of dress," said Mrs. Bentham Edwards in an interview, "and I was greatly amused by the remark of a former old landlady, who, anxious that I should look my best at some social gathering, remarked austerely to me, 'Really, madam, you do not dress according to your talents!' Upon which I replied, 'My good woman, if all folks dressed according to their talents, two-thirds, I fear, would go but scantily clothed.'"

Superstition of Two Men.

The late Lord Clifden was firmly persuaded that no luck would ever befall him on the race course unless he wore a particular necktie, and Mr. Frank Popham, the owner of Wild Dayrell, would run back at full speed to avoid meeting a hearse.—London Tit-Bits.

Cowley, who died in 1667, made a remark applicable to now as well as old England about his surprise "to see ladies wear such high shoes that they cannot walk in without one to lead them."

Books on love and the relation of the sexes, whether from the standpoint of a man or a woman, are generally excessively stupid and exasperating.

AN ERROR

In the Republican Ticket for School Trustees.

THE TERM OF OFFICE OMITTED

Section 1200 of the New Election Law Prescribes the Course to be Taken.

The printing of the sample ballots in the newspapers has revealed the fact that the term of office, whether for two years or for four years, opposite the names of the Non-Partisan and Republican candidates has not been printed. The term is printed opposite the names of the Democratic candidates.

There are four school trustees to be elected, three of whom are for the four years' and one for the two year's term.

Clerk Dannett was interviewed on the matter yesterday. He said that he had printed the tickets just as they were filed and that he had no authority in law to change the filing. It was the fault of the Republican committee and he was not responsible for the result.

Several lawyers said that they had not investigated the law on the matter, but that it looked as though there should be some remedy for the omission.

Section 1200 of the election law will afford the relief required. The section reads as follows:

"Whenever it shall appear by affidavit that an error or omission has occurred in the publication of the name or description of the candidates nominated for office, or in the printing of the ballots, the superior court of the county, or the judge thereof, shall, upon application by any elector, by order, require the county clerk to correct such error, or to show cause why such error should not be corrected."

If, however, this section should be decided to be unavailing, the only course left would be for each voter to write the names of the candidates in the four blank spaces under the names following the heading "Members Board of Education, as follows:

Isaac A. Melvin, 4-year term.
J. P. Vincent, 4-year term.
John B. Smith, 4-year term.
Lester E. Walker, 2-year term.

Or by giving Mr. Walker the 4-year term, and marking "2-year term" after some one of the three names remaining.

It is necessary, however, for the Republican and Non-Partisan committees to publicly announce which of their candidates shall be marked for the 4-year term and which for the 2-year term, as uniformity is necessary to avoid having any one man being voted for for two different terms.

Caught by a Singular Error.

"Some queer accidents happen in this world," said A. G. Smoto, a noted thief taker, who was talking shop in the Laclede corridors. "In 1876 a particularly atrocious crime was committed in Cleveland. An old lady was robbed and murdered. The perpetrator was arrested and jailed, but succeeded in effecting his escape. Nothing was heard from him for fifteen years, though the world was scoured for him time and again. About a year ago I concluded to change my residence and put an advertisement in a morning paper of Cleveland for a furnished room. Among the replies was a letter from the missing murderer, written to an old friend in Cleveland. The Cleveland man had a room he desired to rent and answered my advertisement, but by mistake inclosed the letter he had received from the fugitive instead of the one intended for me. I learned from the letter that the man I wanted was night watchman in a railway roundhouse in New Mexico, and a week later I had him in irons en route to Cleveland, where he was tried and sent up for life."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

A Strange Superstition.

In regard to the habit of partridges flying into civilization and a popular superstition regarding them an Augusta man says: "One flew on our premises and was captured. Then came up the question whether we should kill the bird or allow it to live. At that time there was a general superstition that if a partridge came to a house where a sick person lay and the bird was killed and the sick person ate the broth, it would effect a cure. There was a sick girl at our house, and the doctor had given up her case as hopeless.

"Some of the family said kill the partridge and give the sick girl the broth. But the sick girl and others were for permitting the partridge to live. We were equally divided and agreed to let one of the neighbors whom we saw coming to the house decide whether the partridge should be killed or not. He said kill it, and we did, and the sick girl ate the broth and got well." — Philadelphia Times.

Death Valley.

The geological formation of Death valley, Inyo county, Cal., is paralleled by but one other spot on the globe—the Dead sea region of the Holy Land. The valley is about eight miles broad and thirty-five in length, and is said by geologists to be a striking illustration of the condition of the whole world in its early epochs. It lies far below the level of the Pacific, in some places as much as 160 feet, and has the appearance of being under the ban of some terrible curse. Thunderstorms pound around its borders, but no cloud ever intercepts the rays of the searching sun that continually beat down upon Death valley sands until they are hotter than those of "burning Sahara." For week in and week out the thermometer stands above 100 degs. night and day, often touching the 125 mark in the afternoon. Moisture of all kinds is unknown. Dead animals dry up and mummify in the sand.—St. Louis Republic.

The Largest Monolith.

The enormous pillar of stone that will be the wonder of thousands upon thousands of people who will visit the World's fair was broken from its bed at the Houghton quarry, Ashland, Wis., amid the cheers of the throng who visited the quarry to witness the breaking of the monster. The stone had been sawed at each end and side, and but the bottom remained to be broken from the bed of which it was a part. On the bottom wedges to the number of about 200 on each side had been entered and only the signal to drive them farther remained.

At 11 o'clock Frederick Prentice, donor of the monolith, from a place on the rock gave the signal to drive the wedges, and fifty workmen began at the lower end to drive them. Then, like clockwork, the fifty mauls of the men rose and fell as they moved from the base to the apex of the stone step by step. Slowly a crevice appeared at the lower end of the stone, which, with each succeeding blow became larger and larger, until the stone lay broken from the mass of which it had been a portion. The huge stone lies at the bottom of the quarry, and weighs in its present state 600 tons, but when dressed down will weigh about 420 tons.—Cor. St. Paul Pioneer Press.

MOTHERS' LOVE.

An Appeal to the Boys Away From Home.

Written for The Republican.

Ah, boys, you have gone out into the rush and bustle of life. Do you ever think of the mothers that are stretching out to you arms that are powerless to draw you back to the old home nest? Arms that were strong to carry once pressed to hearts that love you as then.

No matter whether your hair is silver streaked, and Charlie and Minnie in the cradle calls you grandpa, you are "the boy" so long as dear old mother lives. You are children of the dear old home. Nothing can crowd you out of your own mother's heart. You may have failed in this battle of life, and your manhood and ambition crushed by force of adverse circumstances. You may have been prosperous and gained wealth and fame, but mother's love has followed you always.

Many a boy has not been home for months and years, and all this time a mother has been waiting. Oh, who does not know the agony expressed by that word? She may be even now saying: "I dreamed of my boy last night; maybe he'll come home today. He may come in for supper, and the poor trembling hands prepared some dish for him. Supper comes and goes, but he comes not with it.

Thus, day after day, month after month, year after year; perhaps many years pass, till at last "hope deferred maketh the heart sick"—aye, sick, sick unto death, and the poor, feeble arms are stretched out no longer.

The dim eyes are closed, the gray hair smoothed for the last time, and the tired hands are folded for everlasting rest.

The mother waits no longer on earth for one who comes not. God grant that she may not in vain wait for his coming in the heavenly home. Go home, boys, if only for a day; let poor old mother know that you have not forgotten her. Her days may be numbered. Next winter may cover her grave with snow.

C. J. D.

THE SUPERVISORS

Appropriate $1500 to Advertise Fresno County.

The board of supervisors met yesterday afternoon and disposed of a few matters. A committee composed of T. O. White, H. D. Colson, O. J. Woodward and W. W. Phillips appeared before the board and asked that it appropriate $1500 to be used to induce immigration Fresnoward, as provided by law.

It was stated that there are at present thousands of eastern visitors in Los Angeles who will soon return east. Part of the appropriation was desired to get up an exhibit of this county's products and display it in Los Angeles. Many of these visitors return to California to make their homes here, and it is desired to have Fresno county get its share of them.

The supervisors appropriated the sum asked for, which will be expended by the county board of trade. The exhibit is nearly completed and it is intended to put a good business man and talker in charge.

The supervisors also voted upon several school matters. The petition to change the boundaries between Red Banks and Round Mountain districts was granted and the petitions for a change of boundary between Burch and Summit Lake and Walnut and Valley View districts were rejected. The coyote scalps were counted.

A RANCH FOREMAN

Steals Two Horses near Madera and Skips.

About two weeks ago several horses belonging to Aleck Greive wandered away from his sheep camp and were gone several days. When found they were found on pasture on the Madera Improvement Company's ranch. Mr. Greive went for the horses, but when he got to the ranch he found that two of them were missing.

Fred Baily, a foreman on the ranch who had been discharged a few days before Mr. Greive called, left about that time, and as the horses were never known to stray from the band, their disappearance at the time of Baily's departure created a suspicion that the ex-foreman had something to do with the disappearance.

Mr. Greive communicated his suspicions to Constable McCloskey, who armed himself with a warrant and tracked the fleeing horse thief to Bakersfield. He made inquiries and found that Baily had reached the town a few days before. Turning down a side street he saw the man he was looking for talking to Elmer Hilmer, a young man who lived in Madera a short time ago. As soon as Baily saw the officer he said to Hilmer:

"Hello! Here comes Barney McCluskey; I guess he's looking for me, because before I left Madera I thumped the head off of Johnnie Noble."

Bailey sneaked off before the constable reached him. Mr. McCluskey was anxious to locate the horses before arresting Bailey, as he felt confident that he could put his hands on him at any time. Bailey lost no time, however, for he went immediately to the barn, where he had placed the stolen animals, and took them away. Before leaving he inquired the road to San Luis Obispo, and no doubt is now there.—Madera Mercury.

Eastern Visitors.

D. Heaton, a banker and prominent capitalist of Greenfield, Ia., accompanied by his wife, spent yesterday in Fresno, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Scovil. Mr. and Mrs. Heaton have been spending the winter in Southern California, and came to Fresno to take a look at the raisin center and the most productive region in the state. He was highly pleased with what he saw, and finds here the best opportunities for investments that he has seen in the state.

Porterville has a Gum street. It is said the residents in that street are nearly all women.

For Bronchitis

"I never realized the good of a medicine so much as I have in the last few months, during which time I have suffered intensely from pneumonia, followed by bronchitis. After trying various remedies without benefit, I began the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and the effect has been marvelous, a single dose relieving me of choking, and securing a good night's rest."—T. A. Higginbotham, Gen. Store, Long Mountain, Va.

La Grippe

"Last Spring I was taken down with la grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breath seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I began taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid."—W. H. Williams, Cook City, S. Dak.

Lung Trouble

"For more than twenty-five years, I was a sufferer from lung trouble, attended with coughing so severe at times as to cause hemorrhage, the paroxysms frequently lasting three or four hours. I was induced to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking four bottles, was thoroughly cured. I can confidently recommend this medicine."—Franz Hofmann, Clay Centre, Kans.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

A STRANGE FREAK

Exhibited in a Livery Stable Last Saturday,

IN AID OF THE CHARITIES

A Colt With His Head Where His Tail Ought to be, and Vice Versa.

The exhibition last Saturday (April 1st) for the benefit of the Associated Charities was a pronounced success.

It was pronounced such by those who paid 10 cents at the door. The exhibition as advertised was a freak of nature, being a colt with his head where his tail ought to be and his tail where his head ought to be. Besides this the freak bore upon its back a hairy growth, resembling a small tree, or plant.

Several hundred people visited the show and were well pleased, although many of them went out through the back door and into the alley, being so overcome with the wonderful spectacle.

"Well! well!" exclaimed a philosophical looking man as he gazed at a crayon drawing of the freak in front of the Grand Central stables. "Well! Well! what new freak will not nature produce next? How wonderful! She gives birth to something new almost every day. Ah! 'tis for charity. So much the better. And only 10 cents each! Let's go in."

He dropped 20 cents into the cigar box held by the door keeper and passed in with his friend.

"I've heard of five and six legged horses," continued the philosopher, as he made his way to the stall where the freak was concealed by a blanket drawn across the door, "and of wooly horses, and horses with one eye, but I never before heard of a horse with his head growing out of his posterior and his tail growing out of his neck."

He drew aside the blanket and stood riveted with astonishment. Then he and his friend, turning up their coat collars and pulling their hats down over their eyes, made a bee line for the alley and escaped, followed by a roar of gibing brutal laughter.

S. H. Cole caught Rev. T. H. B. Anderson on Mariposa street and steered him towards the stable, at the same time pouring into his ear an eloquent and picturesque account of the wonderful equine freak.

"I don't like to look at monstrosities," remarked the reverend gentleman, as he stood before the doorkeeper and squeezed a dime real hard between the forefinger and thumb of his right hand; "It makes me shudder."

"But it's for charity," remarked Mr. Cole.

It being a part of the clergyman's mission to make sacrifices for charity he relinquished the dime and passed in with Mr. Cole who had been there before and didn't have to pay any more.

Not even the sacredness of his cloth saved Mr. Anderson from the "ha has" and "ho hos" of the irreverent crowd within. He received another volley on reaching the sidewalk, but he took the matter good naturedly and started off in quest of Revs. Messrs. Collins, Martin and Phelps to tell them about the great freak of nature.

Several ladies were brought in by their husbands, but they did not return by the front way. They all took to the alley.

A man dressed like a rancher and wearing a very stern expression paid his dime and entered. When he came out he had his slouched hat drawn over his eyes, and he surveyed the doorkeeper for a while with clinched fists and a vindictive look, but seeing that the doorkeeper had a crippled hand he forebore assaulting him, and stood alongside him nursing his wrath. But as dime after dime was dropped into the box and man after man walked inside, his countenance cleared and he walked away with a smile, remarking:

"Well, I'm not the only sucker by a long shot."

Every man who came out appeared to be an enthusiastic drummer for the freak. It must have given enormous satisfaction for they went all over town drumming up their friends and urging them to see the show.

"You never saw anything like it in your life," they said, and it was true.

What was the freak?

It was a colt with its head tied to the foot of the stall and his tail whisking against a manger full of hay.

INSOLVENCY CASES.

A Madera Saloon Keeper Forced to the Wall.

P. M. Wren, by his attorney, W. M. Conley, filed a petition in the superior court yesterday asking that he be declared an insolvent debtor. Wren has been a saloon keeper in Madera. Following are his liabilities:

Shea, Bocqueraz & Co, S F....	$1,365 15
Mess, Sadler & Co, S F........	280 00
Chas Offer, S F..............	152 50
W M Lewis & Co, S F.........	103 00
California Bottling Co, S F....	68 70
W M Watson & Co, S F.......	13 15
Kahn, Levy & Co, S F.........	120 00
Paul Friedman, S F...........	30 00
Total.....................	$2,132 50

The petitioner's assets consist of book accounts and a note aggregating in value $256 66. The value of property exempt from execution is given as being $200.

A number of the creditors of Jonas Israel also filed a petition yesterday asking that Israel be declared an insolvent debtor. The petitioners and the amounts of their claims are as follows:

Louis Kline & Co., $436.50; A. & T. Weil & Co., $194.74; Brown Bros. & Co., $100; New York and San Francisco Collar Company, $52.30; Baruch, Newman & Co., $236; N. Honig, $347.

The petitioners allege that the respondent on March 31 last made a transfer of his property with the intent to delay and defraud his creditors. The property consisted of a stock of dry goods and was transferred to Leo Riese and A. J. Wiener. Thornton & Merzback and R. P. Davidson are the petitioners' attorneys.

"SQUARE DEAL" CORRECTED.

The Facts Regarding the Tulare Street Job.

An anonymous correspondent over the signature "Square Deal," probably a euphonism for "Triangle Deal," appears in last evening's Expositor, and denounces as a falsehood the statement made in Sunday's REPUBLICAN as to the number of men engaged in spreading gravel on the Tulare street mud hole. He said on this point:

"Here are the facts, as can be established. There were four teams and twenty-five men, and five of these men shoveled the sand to a grade when dumped from the wagons."

Four teamsters and twenty-five men would make twenty-nine. If "Square Deal's" statement be true, why was the bill allowed by the trustees last night for thirty-seven men—that number being on the pay roll?

There were so many men working on this job that it was the general comment of persons who saw them that they were in one another's way most of the time, some of them sitting down while the rest worked.

But there was plenty of room on the pay roll for the thirty-seven men, and they drew $142.93.

William Helm sold four train loads of wheat last Saturday, in all sixty-two cars.

MARIE BUCHANAN.

HER MOTHER TALKS OF HER DISAPPEARANCE.

Believes an Attempt Will Be Made to Abduct Also Her Younger Daughter.

Mrs. M. J. Buchanan and daughter arrived last evening from Oakland and will remain in this city a few days. She was visited at the hotel by a REPUBLICAN reporter, who asked for information concerning her older daughter, Marie, who disappeared so mysteriously from Oakland several months ago.

Mrs. Buchanan and her two daughters moved to Oakland from Fresno about the middle of last year. Marie was permitted by her mother to remain at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. Lamb, friends of Mrs. Buchanan. They were to send her to school and exercise a parental care over her.

On December 17th of last year Marie suddenly disappeared and the event caused quite a sensation. All kinds of theories were advanced, but in a few days they all resolved themselves down into one, namely, that Marie had been abducted by her father—rather, by an agent of her father, one O. C. Stamp.

Stamp, it is stated, came to Oakland with the avowed purpose of abducting both the Buchanan girls and taking them to their father, who is a well to do iron man at Liverpool. He succeeded, however, in getting Marie only. A year ago last February Mrs. Buchanan was granted a divorce by Judge Harris on account of the cruel treatment and desertion of her by Mr. Buchanan. She was also awarded the custody of the two girls.

Mrs. Buchanan was very reticent when asked concerning her daughter's disappearance. She substantiated all the facts above mentioned and stated she knew positively that Marie was in England. She knows where in England her daughter is, but preferred not to give the name of the place. Mrs. Buchanan has not heard from her daughter directly, but has received her information from others who have seen her.

"The intention was to abduct both my daughters, and I hear that Mr. Buchanan has said he would yet have the younger one. I am exercising the greatest vigilance and never let her get out of my sight. Naturally I miss Marie very much; she had been my constant companion for fourteen years. I shall do all in my power to regain possession of her."

From another source it was learned that Marie Buchanan is with a paternal aunt, and that the strictest surveillance is being exercised over her. What steps Mrs. Buchanan will take to recover her daughter could not be ascertained. She expressed the belief that the Lambs were to an extent to blame for the occurrence. The Lambs, she says, did not treat her daughter well, keeping her home from school quite often and making her do the house work.

FRESNO COLONY SCHOOL.

A Good Record by the Pupils During March.

The following is a report of the school in Fresno Colony district for the month ending March 31, 1893: Whole number enrolled, 78; per cent of attendance, 92.

The following were neither absent nor tardy during the month:

Mamie Adelsbach, Archie Caughell, Bertie Caughell, Charley Cabot, Gertie Cabot, Maggie Kemble, Roy Wharton, Zetta Bell, Alvie Cole, Louie Nilson, Ray Wharton, Walter Wharton, Roy Wyllie, Jemima Azhderian, Roy Cole, Hazel Caughell, Wilbur Ewing, Harry Ewing, Hallie Kemble, Ethel Mirthfelder, George Smith, Viola Stoner, Willie Stoner, Lincoln Stoner, Johnnie Stoner, Jonathan Sintnian, Adolph Adelsbach.

The following have been neither tardy nor absent during the entire school year: Maggie Kemble, Hallie Kemble, Roy Wharton, Roy Wyllie.

On Thursday evening of the last week a spelling match was held at the school house.

The school will close in four weeks more, examinations for promotion being held previous to closing.

F. N. MILLER,
HATTIE W. ADAMS,
Teachers.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Preparations for the State Convention in This City.

In the neighborhood of a thousand Christian Endeavorers are to visit Fresno at an early date, the occasion of their coming being the sixth annual state convention.

Their last convention was held in Santa Rosa, and of the visitors Major George C. Tuttle, proprietor of the leading hotel in that city, writes:

"Over 100 of the delegates to the state Christian Endeavor convention were entertained at the Occidental hotel, and it is with pleasure that we look back on their visit. We found them of less trouble and more considerate than any other class of guests. They were ladies and gentlemen in the broadest sense of the term at all times, and their active Christianity endeared them to the hearts of our people. The impression they left behind them was that of earnest, active and intelligent young men and women, devoted to the cause of Christianity and seeking to raise the moral standard of society."

Let the people of Fresno prepare to entertain the largest and grandest convention ever held in the Golden State.

COMMITTEE.

GREENLY CONVICTED.

To Appear Today for Sentence for Wife Beating.

James Greenly, colored, was tried before Justice of the Peace Austin yesterday on a charge of having battered his wife Ella. Mrs. Greenly testified that her husband had frequently abused her and that on the date named in the complaint he had angrily pushed her so that she fell down.

The witnesses for the defence, all colored, testified that Greenly was a very good man and that they had never seen him strike his wife. As they were not present in the Greenly residence at the time of the battery their negative evidence did not have any weight with the court, who convicted Greenly and ordered him to appear this morning for sentence.

Foreclosure Suits.

Mary J. Blasingame, by her attorneys Sayle & Coldwell, has brought suit in the superior court against Sam Zeitz et al. to foreclose a mortgage on part of lot 40, Clay's addition to Fresno, given to secure a promissory note of $1500.

Kingsley Van Loo has sued Louise Van Akin and others to foreclose a mortgage on the east half of lots 177 and 178, Washington Irrigation Colony. The mortgage was given to secure a promissory note of $5000.

Colored Christian Endeavorers.

A Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor has been organized in the A. M.E. Zion church by Roy Martin, president of the County Endeavor Society, and C. A. Fay of the county organizing committee.

The following are the officers of the new society: Melva Goins, president; Miss McIvers, vice president; S. A. Bridges, secretary; Miss Minnie Goins, vice secretary, and A. Robinson, treasurer.

A BRAVE CHAMPION.

HE DEFENDS THE POSTOFFICE DOORS

Against the Base Calumnies of the Expositor—The Doors All Right.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—It is respectfully submitted that the persons employed in the Fresno postoffice have the same right to the enjoyment of a reasonable amount of warmth and physical comfort while attending to their official duties in the cool and airy apartment assigned them that other business folks have in their own business houses—hence the need in the cool months of winter and early spring, of outer doors to the postoffice, to keep at bay the inclement fogs and nipping breezes. The doors on the eastern front, where nine-tenths of the people enter, were made light to open easily, and are automatically closed by light springs, without which they would always stand open useless.

Like all other doors on J street, including the Expositor office, and like 99 out of every 100 doors in the world, they open inward. There is no more reason for their opening outward than there is for the Expositor doors to do so. The inconvenience complained of would in nowise be lessened thereby. And if they opened outward they would be broken off their hinges every day by being forced against the iron columns. The only difference between these and other doors on J street is that they have no locks, bolts, latches or other hindrances to free ingress. To set glass in the upper half would require heavier doors, heavier springs to close them, greater force to open them, and the recoil would be proportionately greater and more objectionable. The glass, in spite of protecting rods, would be often broken by the headlong performances so graphically described by the Expositor witness, to the possible injury of himself or some one else.

It should certainly be a matter of concern and regret if any person, old or young, should be in any respect injured in the manner hinted at by the evening paper. But the candid investigation will be apt to ask whether such injury, real or imaginary, is properly to be charged to the "total depravity" of those doors or to the mad and tumultuous gymnastics of those unreflecting individuals against whom the Expositor, with all solemnity and, no doubt, truthfully, utters the following testimony:

"The majority of people are in a hurry when they go to the postoffice. They stop their teams, jump out and lunge through those swinging doors like they were running from the smallpox or tax collector and never stop to think that ladies or children may be coming from the inside. The doors cannot be pushed open from the inside, and in making an an exit from the building you must pull the door toward you (same as you do in going out of the Expositor office). Here is where the outsider has the advantage. He has learned that the doors swing very easily and he generally makes a quick lunge through them like a circus rider jumping through a hoop," etc.

This testimony, unimpeachable as it is, must, in the opinion of the candid investigator, redound mightily in favor of those sorely belabored doors—for it is safe to say that no great number of such frightfully active people, men, women and children, could attack the church doors, saloon doors, bank doors, store doors, printing house doors, hotel doors and residence doors in this or any other city, by "lunging through them like they were running away from the smallpox or tax collector," "never stopping to think," and "making a quick lunge through them like a circus rider jumping through a hoop," as the Expositor swears they do at the postoffice, without having monumental piles of broken bones, shattered skulls, dislocated joints and tattered garments on the spot, horribly cemented with bushels of human hair and buckets of ruddy gore, in ghastly token of their heart-rending agility.

In all seriousness, if the Expositor representative, or any other of the band of frantic gymnasts so vividly portrayed by his facile pen, shall choose to adopt the mode in vogue among plain every day people, and approach the portals of the postoffice at a moderate rate of speed, and look a "leetle oudt" as he enters, as he would do at the door of his own castle, it is believed he could pass the bloody ordeal with comparative safety.

X.

DAVID SCANNELL.

The Demise of a Historic Landmark of San Francisco.

The death of Chief Engineer David Scannell, the veteran of the San Francisco fire department, has removed a historic character from the field of action.

Mr. Scannell, who was 73 years old, had been ailing for some time past with a complication of kidney troubles and a general breaking down of the system. Since Christmas, on which day he attended a fire, he had been confined to his quarters in engine house No. 2, on Bush street west of Kearny.

He was sitting in a chair in the engine house last Thursday morning reading a newspaper, and as the clock began striking 9 he was seen to drop the paper, raise his hands to his forehead, and the next moment he was dead.

David Scannell was born on January 31, 1820, and was brought up in New York. In 1846 volunteers were needed for the Mexican war. David Scannell responded to the call and enlisted as a member of Company C, First New York State Volunteers, of which W. C. Burnett was an officer.

His career as a soldier was an honorable one, and when General Scott entered the City of Mexico at the head of the conquering American army David Scannell was a commissioned officer. With his comrades in arms he returned New York.

In 1851 he came to California by the Isthmus of Darien. Soon after his arrival in San Francisco he became connected with the fire department and remained with it ever since, beginning his career as a member of Empire engine No. 1, the famous company of which David C. Broderick was foreman.

In July, 1856, Scannell was elected sheriff of the newly consolidated city and county of San Francisco, the first sheriff of the consolidated government.

He was an enthusiastic member of the volunteer fire department when the hand brake engines were hauled through the sand hills with ropes by the hardy and energetic volunteers.

Scannell was sheriff when the Vigilantes took Casey and Cora out of jail shortly after the assassination of James King of William, the editor of the Bulletin.

Men with Memories.

Seneca, the wise, could repeat 2,000 words in the uninterrupted succession in which they were read to him. The greatest Roman orator before Cicero, Hortensius, could recite all the prices given at a public auction. Themistocles, who considered it a greater art to forget than to remember, learned the Persian language inside of a year.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

State of the Weather.

Housewife—Just go and look at the barometer to see what sort of weather we are going to have.

Servant Girl (on coming back)—Please, ma'am, it wants five minutes to set fair.—Humoristische Blatter.

TWO DIVORCE SUITS

FILED IN THE SUPERIOR COURT YESTERDAY.

Mrs. Reid and Mrs. Singleton the Petitioners—Cruelty and Desertion Alleged.

Mrs. Sarah A. Reid wants a divorce from William A. Reid on the ground of his cruel treatment of her. She alleges in the complaint filed yesterday by her attorney, J. C. Deuel, that she and Reid were married at Baird's ranch in this county on October 30, 1876.

Reid at divers times applied vile epithets to her and struck her. He threatened to make it hot for her and told her a hobo was good enough for a husband for her. He also called her vile names in the presence of their children and otherwise treated her with general disrespect.

She was so affected by his cruel treatment that she became sick and finally left him on February 27, 1892. They were living in Tulare at the time and she came to her father in Fresno.

For more than a year last past Mrs. Reid says her husband has failed to provide for her, though he is well able to do so, being worth $12,000 or more. Mrs. Reid asks judgment for a decree of divorce, $40 a month alimony during the pendency of this suit, a division of the community property and the custody of the four children born of their union.

Another woman who is tired of putting up with her husband's cussedness is Allie L. Singleton, who wants a divorce from John Singleton. W. J. Tinnin is plaintiff's attorney.

Mrs. Singleton avers that her marriage to the defendant took place in November, 1861, at Lundy, Mono county, and that they lived together till October, 1889, when Singleton deserted her. She also declares that since the last mentioned date he has become habitually intemperate and has failed altogether to provide for her. Mrs. Singleton also asks for the custody of their 10-year-old boy.

A Pertinent Query.

He's a right good looking fellow, there's no question about that, but he's so conceited about it as to almost spoil it all.

"Did anybody ever tell you you were a very handsome man?" said a young woman visitor in the city after she had met him two or three times.

"No, never," he replied, fishing for further compliments.

"Indeed!" she exclaimed, "how in the mischief did you ever know it so well, then?"—Detroit Free Press.

Tempting Viands.

Hungry Guest—What have you got to eat?

New Waiter—We have some fine fried fish.

"Is it ready?"

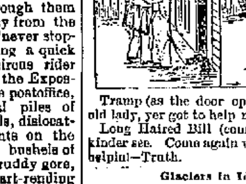
"Oh, yes; it was cooked the day before yesterday."—Texas Siftings.

To Him That Hath.

"Is he so very wealthy?"

"Is he? That man, sir, is so rich that he never has to pay a cent when he travels. He goes all over the country on free passes."—Chicago Tribune.

A Surprise.



Tramp (as the door opens)—Now then, old lady, yer got to help me out. See?

Long Haired Bill (coming out)—Yes, I kinder see. Come again when you want a helpin'.—Truth.

Glaciers in Idaho.

An immense glacial field has been discovered in the unexplored region of central Idaho by F. B. Schermerhorn, geologist and mineralogist. Under the date of Aug. 6 he writes as follows:

"As I came over the divide into Big Creek I saw away to the west, among the high mountains, what appeared to be a glacier. Inquiry at Big Creek developed the fact that though two of the men in camp had lived there several years they had never been able to get up to that snow. They also told me many had tried it and failed. All had tried to take horses with them. I determined to go on foot.

"As I advanced the signs of the white man decreased until they disappeared altogether. The country through which I made my way was the wildest and roughest of any through which I ever traveled in point of grandeur and picturesque beauty. The view from the peaks rivals anything in mountain scenery in the United States.

"Beneath the glacial field I found a series of glacial lakes. The glacial fields are quite extensive. They probably cover nearly as great an area, though not so thick, as the great glacial fields of the Alps. I examined sixteen terminal moraines. Of this number eleven were receding, four stationary and only one advancing. None that I saw extended more than 2,000 feet below the snow line."

The writer says that the glaciers are located about thirty-five miles southwest of Shoup, amid a number of very high peaks that are not down on the maps.—Boise Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

The Finest Sight in the World.

This fair of ours, in its general aspect and judged from the artistic point of view, is not only much more successful than two years ago we believed it could be—it is much more successful than any that has ever been created in this or another land. It is not only comparable to the beautiful Paris exhibition of 1889, and not only equal to it—it is greatly superior. And its excellence is not an imitation or even an adaptation of any precedent, but has been achieved upon entirely new and original lines. It is perfectly certain that every one who goes to Chicago next summer will be astonished, no matter how much he may have heard and believed in advance; and it is just as certain that he will be charmed, no matter how good or how captious his taste may be.

Only those who know how hard it is to produce a high degree of beauty on a vast scale and in complicated ways will fully appreciate what they see at Chicago. They, and only they, will fully understand that they are beholding one of the most beautiful of sights, and, considering its genesis, distinctly the most wonderful sight in the world—a sight the character of which, I am not afraid to say, has not been paralleled since the Rome of the emperors stood intact, with marble palace, statue, terrace, bridge and temple, under an Italian sky no bluer than our own.—Mrs. Van Rensselaer in Forum.

Money Spent in War.

It costs $7,000 to kill a man. From the Crimean war down to that of 1870-1 the civilized nations of Europe and America spent in destroying one another $21,000,000,000. The wars of the last 100 years have cost $140,000,000,000, without counting the sorrow, the loss of men and other results.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE PARK BAND BALL

GIVEN LAST NIGHT AT ARMORY HALL.

It Was Preluded by a Delightful Concert—An Enjoyable Event.

The concert and ball given by the Park Band at the armory last night was a very elegant and enjoyable affair. Considering the season the attendance was very good, and the gallery held quite a number of spectators. The arrangements were perfect and everything passed in the smoothest manner.

Before the opening of the ball the band gave a concert. They never played better before; in fact, they excelled themselves last night. The organization has steadily improved till now it is able to interpret the compositions of the masters in a very acceptable manner. The musicians played with expression and precision, and their tempo was good.

The concert began with a medley waltz, "Sounds from Erin," by C. W. Bennett. Next came selections from Verdi's Ernanie, which was finely played. William Bolard, who played the baritone solo, deserves special praise. "The Lime-Kiln Club's Soiree, by Laurendeau, was the next piece. It was executed with a captivating vim. The concert closed with F. H. Robinson's, "The Sweetest of Them All."

At 9.30 o'clock the ball began. Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Justy led the grand march with grace and skill. The dance program was a long one, there being eighteen numbers and three extras. Never before had there been such dance music in Armory hall and its excellence made it doubly delightful to trip the light fantastic. There were present:

Corporal J. W. Shanklin and wife, and her sister, Mrs. Morgan, Nicholas Levi McNie and wife, Frank Hoppock and wife, Mrs. James Ward, Mrs. Ella Jones; Misses Ollie Richter, Mamie Cole, Elva Matchen, Susie Hill, Nellie Hopper, Mary Trobridge, Julia Dillon, Mamie Wilds, Rose Spinney, Flora Hollenbeck, Edna Razey, Georgia Buck and Grace Summers; Messrs. W. W. Phillips, G. H. Bernhard, R. B. Torry, E. D. Edwards, Nathan Peterson, Dr. Will Cureton, L. Harris, J. G. Ashman, Dr. L. O. Green, J. D. Morgan, Major Will Scott, Ezra Packard, Fred Hayes, Archie Grant, C. C. Elliot, Ben Winters and others.

A Valuable Collection.

The collection mania has its victims among all classes of people, from the poorest to the richest, and very often queer traits of character are shown by the collections made. A successful Wall street broker has a collection that is unique, valuable and income producing. Blessed with abundant means, he has for the past five years been able to gratify his whim for the collection of bank stocks. His ambition is to have the largest collection of certificates of bank stocks in the world. His plan is to buy just one share of stock in each national bank. Recently he found that every national bank in New York city except one was represented in his collection. The exception was the Chemical, the $100 shares of which sell for something over $5,000 each.

After trying for a long while to find some one who would sell him a single share the collector came across three shares which were for sale in a lump. He could not get one alone, consequently he bought the three for a trifle over $15,000. "I was led into making collections of bank stocks," said this gentleman the other day, "because I could not think of anything else to collect. Among my friends were collectors of pictures, bronzes, marbles, bric-a-brac, flowers, books, postage stamps, coins, musical instruments, glassware and almost everything else. I wanted to collect something that would be out of the ordinary and at the same time be of permanent value. Therefore I settled on bank shares."—New York Times.

Was There an Age of Copper?

M. Berthelot, the well known French technicist, in a communication to the Academie des Sciences, states his belief in the some time existence of an age of copper in addition to the three recognized archæological eons of stone, bronze (copper and tin) and iron. He bases his opinion chiefly upon an analysis of a piece of copper which had been found by M. de Sarzec in the course of antiquarian investigations in Mesopotamia, or Al Jezira, as the Arabs designate the famous stretch of country between the Euphrates and the Tigris. The fragment thus chemically determined proves to have neither tin nor zinc entering into its composition, there being simply traces of lead and arsenic.

Water and the atmosphere had made ravages into the specimen, which was practically a suboxide or a compound of protoxide and metallic copper. As the ruins from which the piece of metal was taken are authoritatively considered to be more ancient than even those of Babylon, M. Berthelot does not hesitate to promulgate the theory that an age of copper preceded the bronze and iron periods, especially as the examination of the component parts of a portion of a metallic scepter which, it is alleged, belonged to a pharaoh who reigned in Egypt some 3,500 years B. C., showed no sign of the presence of tin.—London Iron.

Position of Wood and Its Durability.

The problem has troubled many why two pieces of wood, sawed from the same section of a tree, should possess very varied characteristics when used in different positions. For example, a gatepost will be found to decay much faster if the butt end of the tree is uppermost than would be the case if the top were placed in this position. The reason is that the moisture of the atmosphere will permeate the pores of the wood much more rapidly the way the tree grew than it would if in the opposite direction.

Microscopical examination proves that the pores invite the ascent of moisture, while they repel its descent. Take the familiar case of a wooden bucket. Many may have noticed that some of the staves appear to be entirely saturated, while others are apparently quite dry. This arises from the same cause—the dry staves are in the position in which the tree grew, while the saturated ones are reversed.—London Tit-Bits.

Carrying the Colors In Battle.

At Gaines Mill, where Gregg's First South Carolina regiment bore the brunt of an assault upon a certain strong position while moving forward at a run, young James Tayler, a lad of 16, was carrying the flag and was killed after being shot down three times, twice rising and struggling onward with the colors. The third time he fell the flag was seized by George Cotchett, and when he in turn fell by Shubrick Hayne. Hayne also was struck down almost immediately, and a fourth lad—for none of the men was over 20 years old—grasped the colors and fell mortally wounded across the body of his friend.

The fifth, Gadsden Holmes, was pierced with no less than seven balls. The sixth man, Dominick Spellman, more fortunate, but not less brave, bore the flag throughout the rest of the battle.—Cosmopolitan.

OFFICER GRADY.

HIS TRIAL FOR DISTURBING THE PEACE.

He Says It's a Scheme to Get a Divorce From Him—Domestic Quarrels.

The trial of A. N. Grady on a charge of disturbing the peace was held before Justice Crichton yesterday. Deputy District Attorney Snow appeared for the people, and the defendant was represented by E. S. Van Meter. The complainant was W. D. Hill, who alleged that there was so much quarreling in the Grady home, which is near his, that he became tired of it and decided to have it stopped.

He was the first witness for the people, and testified that on the morning mentioned in the complaint he heard the sound of voices, as if in contention, proceeding from the Grady house. He recognized Grady's voice. Suddenly there was a very loud noise, as if a door had been slammed or something flat had fallen on the floor. Immediately thereafter Grady came running from out the back door of the house with a bundle under his arm. After that he disappeared from witness' view.

It was the intention to put Mrs. Grady on the stand, but the defendant availed himself of his privilege and refused to let her testify.

Willie Grady was then called to the stand. He stated that his father had been cross all that morning. He got a pistol and laid it down in the room and Mrs. Grady took possession of the weapon and hid it, being afraid he would kill her.

Shortly thereafter Grady asked his wife for the pistol and on her refusing to give it up called her bad names and threatened to choke her to death. Grady advanced toward his wife, who made haste to get out of the way. He told her he would do her up if she did not give him the pistol. There were plenty of other ways to do her up, he said. Grady then got a silk dress belonging to his wife and throwing it on the floor he placed a foot upon it and proceeded to tear it to pieces. He then wrapped up the tatters tucked them under his arm in a bundle, and went out of the back door to the barn. A few moments after he jumped from the window of the barn and went away.

Pearl Grady, a daughter, testified to about the same as her brother. She stated besides that while her father was tearing the dress he stated Mrs. Grady would not be able to bring it into court as proof against him. The prosecution rested here.

A. N. Grady then took the stand in his own behalf. He denied the testimony of the other witnesses in toto, and said the whole affair was a scheme of Mrs. Grady's to pave the way for another divorce suit. The bundle he carried when he left the house was his coat. Another witness will be examined for the defense this morning, after which the case will be submitted.

Advice to the Office Seekers.

We see no impropriety in making applications for office on the part of all who desire it, but we believe there is a possibility of the thing being overdone. None of these petitions will be considered until after March 4. Therefore there is plenty of time in which to make applications.

During Mr. Cleveland's last administration he dispensed the public patronage through the members of the senate and the house.

If he pursues his former policy he will, as a general thing, appoint to office from this state such men as are recommended by the delegation to congress, and we do not think that he will ever see or read a letter of application for public office.—Atlanta Constitution.

A Gruesome Relic.

The scaffold upon which John Brown was hanged in Harper's Ferry has arrived at Washington for shipment to the World's fair. The timbers are in a good state of preservation, though they have served the purposes of a porch to the residence of a son of the man who built the scaffold. The gallows itself is a plain, substantial affair, which would attract little attention apart from its history. The timbers are evidently pine, although they have been painted over at some later period to preserve them. The two uprights are big beams six inches square, and the crossbar is in proportion. Even the screws with which it was put together have been preserved. John Brown was hanged on Dec. 2, 1859.—Boston Journal.

Wanted to See His Wife.

Alliterative Rufus Reed is in the Cumberland county jail, and how he happened to be there is funny enough. Rufus' wife, Lizzie Reed, was arrested and sent to jail on Tuesday for drunkenness. Rufus endured the cruel separation for a few days, then filled up and went down to the jail to see Lizzie. He created a great scene at the jail and after a mighty struggle was jammed into a cell. He was brought before the police court the next day in a battered condition, and will get out of jail at about the time that Lizzie comes forth.—Lewiston Journal.

They Desire No Presents.

The king of Italy has issued a proclamation, stating that it is the wish of the queen and himself that no money should be spent on presents for them in honor of their silver wedding day, but that any money collected should be devoted to charity. The king and queen will celebrate their silver wedding on April 22, 1893. The German emperor and empress have accepted an invitation to the festivities.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Two Young Wanderers.

Two small Brooklyn girls, longing for a sight of the gay, Christmas decked shops of Fulton street, concluded one afternoon to take the matter into their own hands. They had no money and dared not apply for any, as they well knew their scheme was a revolutionary one. "But," said Flossie, the elder, "we will walk and follow the car track right down to the stores."

"Yes," replied the small Janet, "and I will put my trust in you, Flossie." Whereupon Flossie echoed solemnly, "And I will put my trust in God."

Providence evidently saw through this specious faith, for it permitted them to be overhauled and brought home in disgrace when within a few blocks of the promised land.—New York Times.

No Division of Texas.

The Times-Democrat has never placed much faith in the story recently current that Texas was to be divided up into four or five states in order to give the Democrats full control of the United States senate.

The story has been told very generally in the north since the election. The people of Texas have finally heard of it and express surprise and disgust. The proposition is absurd, the Lone Star press declares, and "finds no favor among Texans. They intend to hold Texas together until its population is so large that New York will not begin to compare with it in congress." We have not heard of a single paper or person in Texas that was in favor of the proposed division.—[illegible]

A GREAT SUCCESS.

"Patience" Produced at the Barton

BY FRESNO AMATEUR TALENT

An Excellent Representation of Gilbert & Sullivan's Famous Opera Given.

A charming house smiled a welcome on the participants in "Patience" last evening, whose comparatively prompt curtain was but the heralding of continued triumph till its final descent. The audience would not at all have objected to another act, late though it was.

The performance scored a most brilliant success, and would certainly invite a repetition. It showed to a turn the ability of C. M. Pyke as a manager, and won for him new laurels.

It is the rule for male amateurs to appear awkward and to disadvantage when clad in unaccustomed garb, in the glare of the footlights and the searching glances of more brilliant eyes; and the rule also holds good that women show to better advantage under such circumstances. But the Fresno amateur has broken the record, for with their stately bearing and martial air, the heavy dragoons who took the boards last evening looked like soldiers, every one of them.

E. C. White as Colonel Calverly, looked so massively grand in his brilliant uniform and raven mustachio that many a female heart heaved a sigh and wished it might be always thus. He sang very well and acted better.

On C. K. Kirby the mantle of æstheticism fell naturally and easy. It was an agreeable surprise to his many friends to watch his repose of manner and natural, or rather unnatural, posings as the Fleshly Poet.

Alphonse Luttringer, whose cast as a poet was of the idyllic order, acted well his part, though his voice was not always sufficiently powerful.

W. R. Price, as The Duke, became a little confused at one time, and his tenor was hardly interpretable, but he gradually fell into a more soothing channel and did The Duke as well as looking it.

Wick Parsons, as The Major, was quite handsome, and gave evidence of a good voice.

It is scarcely courteous to mention the sterner sex first, but they made such a decided hit that they should be heartily patted, individually and collectively, on the military back.

Mrs. Pyke, the little song queen, whose bird-like tones and dainty charms of manner have long been missed, appeared bright and winning as ever, with her old time charm of voice, and her graceful girlish figure. Her voice has improved, owing, probably, to the rest she has taken, and that means much to the music-loving people of the Pacific coast, who have known and welcomed Louise Manfred. As Patience she is sweet and innocent, but it gives little opportunity for the display of her brilliant work as an actress.

Mrs. Lydia Warren Roberts, as the "utterly too too" Lady Angela, was gracefully robed in white and gold, and sang exquisitely. In the last scene she displayed artistic taste in her dashing toilet, which was very becoming.

Mrs. C. K. Kirby, as Lady Jane, was very charming, even when sawing the air in close vicinity to the bass viol. Her voice is very rich and true, possessing a peculiar timbre and being sympathetic, soothing and magnetic.

Miss Landrum made a graceful picture as Lady Ella, and Mrs. J. W. Hanme as Lady Sapphir was one of the handsomest women on the stage. Easy, graceful, without affectation, she sang and recited her lines as though it were an every day affair.

Among the chorus were some strikingly pretty dresses and lovely, blooming faces. Miss Carrie Stevens looked a very queen in her white robes, but her sister, Mrs. Crichton, certainly belied, in looks, her love-lorn plaint suggestive of dying, for she looked a very Hebe. Miss Moultrie was sweet enough to win the heart of any poet, as was also Miss Harris and Miss Temson.

The most prominent of our citizens were there with wives and daughters—yes, and sweethearts.

There were W. W. Phillips and family in a box, immediately over the party of young men protected from the brilliant eyes of the chorus by Frank Shephord.

There were Mr. and Mrs. A. Newhouse, Colonel and Mrs. Benjamin R. Woodward, the latter lovely in blue and black, and Mrs. F. M. Smith. Over them were the Peckhams.

Then across the way was Robert Barton, with Miss Daisy Sharpe in red silk and black lace, with her chaperone, and over them Mrs. Will Hughes, accompanied by Miss Corinne Ferguson and Will Shepherd.

In the loges were William Helm and family, E. D. Edwards and party, J. W. Gearhart and wife, Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Griffith, Judge and Mrs. M. K. Harris. N. H. Paterson occupied a seat in the Newhouse box.

Others seated well in front were Dr. and Mrs. E. C. Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. John Reichman, Captain and Mrs. H. D. Colson, Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Pedlar, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miller, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Nourse, Dr. and Mrs. A. G. Deardorff, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Walter, Dr. and Mrs. M. V. Yancey, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Einstein, Mr. and Mrs. Fulton G. Berry, Dr. J. L. Maupin and Miss Helm, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ferguson, Dr. J. D. Davidson, J. M. McClure and many others.

CANDID CATARINA.

THE RAISIN MARKET.

Prospects Are Excellent for the Coming Crop.

Raisins are still very firm, and doubts are expressed if there will be enough California on hand to carry dealers through to the time of the new crop. It may be said, therefore, that the coming crop will enter the market under most favorable auspices so far as early sales are concerned. Later, of course, conditions will depend upon the volume of the crop and methods of marketing.

Raisin men predict an unusually large first crop of grapes and, as the curing of the second crop has been so generally unsatisfactory the past few years, it is doubtful if much attention will be paid to them for raisins the coming season. There are other uses to which they can be put, such as the making of syrup and brandy, that will be more remunerative to the grower, besides preventing the accumulation of inferior goods on the market.—Pacific Rural Press.

The first stage into the Yosemite valley this season left Wawona Friday.

Lash's KIDNEY and LIVER Bitters

STIMULATE the TORPID LIVER. | STRENGTHEN THE DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

They impart Vigor to the Kidneys, Purify the Blood. Regulate the Bowels.

FOR SALE BY

Buker & Colson

EPILEPSY OR FITS.

Can this disease be cured? Most physicians say No—I say, Yes; all forms and the worst cases. After 30 years study and experiment I have found the remedy.—Epilepsy is cured by it; cured, not subdued by opiates—the old, treacherous, quack treatment. Do not despair. Forget past impositions on your purse, past outrages on your confidence, past failures. Look forward, not backward. My remedy is of to-day. Valuable work on the subject, and large bottle of the remedy—sent free for trial. Mention Post-Office and Express address. Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F.D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

The Most Successful Remedy ever discovered as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Read proof below.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE.

STAR, LANE CO., OREGON, Feb. 8th, 1892.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO.,

Dear Sirs:—I have used your KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE for the last twelve years never being without it but a few weeks in that time and I have made several wonderful cures with it. I cured a Curb of long standing. Then I had a four year old colt badly Sweenied; tried every thing without any benefit, so I tried your liniment, and in a few weeks he was well and his shoulder filled up all right, and the other, a four year old that had a Thoroughpin and Blood Spavin on the same joint, and to-day no one can tell which leg it was on. These statements can be proven, if necessary; the four year olds are now seven and can be seen any day at Cottage Grove, Or. S. Z. PAXTON.

Price $1.00 per bottle.

DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburgh Falls, Vermont.

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A. N. TOWNE, General Manager. T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Tkt Agt

N. GRAY Gen. Traffic Manager

EASTER CARNIVAL

By the Episcopal Church Guilds.

A FAIRY-LIKE SPECTACLE

Readings of More Than Ordinary Merit—A Gay Festival in Armory Hall.

Armory hall was transformed into a scene from fairyland last night.

Fair hands, guided by the artistic taste of the ladies of James' Episcopal Church, effected the transformation which was received with many expressions of commendation by the large throng of visitors.

It was the first night of the Easter Carnival given by St. James and St. Agnes' Guilds of St. James' Episcopal Church, under the management of Miss Jenne M. Long, and if the opening of the carnival may be taken as an indication of what is to follow, every one who loves music that charms the ear and harmonious colorings and groupings that delight the eye will miss a great pleasure if he or she does not attend this evening.

FAIR TURKISH LADIES.

The Turkish booth, which exhaled the aroma of coffee, was the center, or rather corner of attraction, for it was situated in the east corner of the hall. The interior of the booth was suffused with a rosy glow from a Turkish lamp, and there were rugs, divans and portieres enough to make the visitor indolent, and induce him to remain there all the evening, sipping fragrant mocha.

This booth was under the management of Fannie Helm, assisted by Bettie Maupin, Edith Lucas and May Helm. These young ladies were dressed in rich Turkish costumes and presented a most attractive appearance. It need hardly be said that the ladies were kept busy serving coffee to their many guests.

THE ICE CREAM BOOTH.

The ice cream booth looked cool and inviting. Its roof was of fleecy cotton, disposed in such a way as to make an excellent imitation of snow. But there was no imitation about the ice cream. It was made of genuine cream and real hens eggs, was frozen with real ice, and sweetened with sugar and with the smiles of the young lady attendants.

The booth was under the management of Mrs. Harry Burton, assisted by Mrs. Am S. Hayes and Misses Kathryn Moultrie, Kate Parsons, Mattie Craddock, Mary Gillespie and Annie Laurie Harris.

THE BOOTH OF POSIES.

The flower booth, where boutonnieres were supplied to the esthetic visitors, was under the management of Mrs. E. C. Parsons, assisted by Rita Gillis, Margaret Parsons, Minnie Reed, Sophie Reed, Hattie Hudson, Clara Parsons and Nellie Hutchinson.

FANCY ARTICLES.

The fancy work booth was one of the most interesting in the hall owing to the great variety and beauty of the articles displayed. It was under the management of Mrs. Frank Bedford, assisted by Mrs. W. C. Gnard, Mrs. T. W. Patterson, Mrs. John Austin and Miss Ora Davison.

TABLEAU BOOTHS.

Miss Gertrude McDonald presided over one of the entertainment booths, assisted by Misses Bernice Covalt, Sadie Clark and Mattie Hudson. The other booth was under the management of Mrs. Dr. A. J. Pedlar, assisted by Mrs. Meares.

SWEETEST OF THE SWEETS.

The sweetest booth of the hall was the candy booth. It was full of candy and pretty girls and made heavy sales. It was in charge of Mrs. William Lucas, assisted by Mrs. William Davison and Misses Agnes Helm, Maud Helm, Nellie King, Cleora Worth, Mary Lucas, Maud Davison and Anna Stillwood.

The Misses Ames had charge of the lemonade booth and fish pond.

The entertainment began with a play in two acts, entitled "Sweethearts." There was a lapse of thirty years between the first and second acts, and the sweethearts came together again, the young gentleman wearing the same suit of clothes that he appeared in thirty years before, and the young lady in a different dress, but neither of the lovers looking a day older. It was well played, or rather well recited, for it was mostly a dialogue with but very little action. Miss Helm's reading was excellent. The following was the cast:

Jenny Northcott, Miss Agnes Helm; Ruth, Jenny's maid, Cleora Worth; Henry Spreadrow, Silas Geis; Wilcox, the Gardener, Waldo Norris.

Master Riggs White, the 5-year-old son of J. R. White, astonished his hearers with his fine reading of a piece selected for him by Miss Long. Miss Long received many compliments for the efficiency of her pupil.

Miss Eugenia Miller, a graceful young miss, recited "Galba the Gladiator" in good style and received a persistent encore.

Two tableaux were given in Miss McDougald's booth. The first was "The Three Witches," by Misses Maud McDonald, Bernice Covalt and Mattie Hudson. The next was "The Guardian Angel," by Misses Mattie Hudson, Nettie Hutchinson and little Cassie White.

In Mrs. A. J. Pedlar's booth the tableau, "Gipsy Camp," was presented, the characters being assumed by Mrs. C. K. Kirby, Mr. W. C. Colson and Misses Mattie Craddock, Fanny Helm and Belle Thompson. Mrs. Kirby sang in this tableau "The Gipsy's Warning" in a rich sympathetic contralto that no doubt impressed the maiden to whom it was addressed as it did the delighted auditors.

A. O. F. of A.

Clark E. Wood has been elected delegate to the State Grand Court of the Ancient Order of Foresters of America, which will meet in Sacramento on May 16th, by Yosemite Lodge No. 8128, of this city. J. L. Welty was chosen alternate. The Yosemite lodge is trying to secure the grand court for Fresno next year. San Jose and Los Angeles are striving for the same honor.

FRESNO'S EXHIBIT.

It is Being Loaded on Cars For Chicago.

The past two days men have been engaged in loading cars with the articles that will compose the exhibit of this county at the World's Fair. It is expected the work will be completed this morning. It will require two cars to transport the display.

Among the recent contributions to the exhibit are a jar of lemons and another of oranges, grown near Centerville, by Marshall Wilson. The fruit has a very fine appearance. George C. Roeding has donated half a carload of fruit and ornamental trees, to be taken to Chicago. He has also lent the following fruit in jars:

One jar Clapp's Favorite pears, 1 jar walnuts, 1 jar Duchess Anjou pears, 1 jar Egg plums, 1 jar new white nectarines, 1 jar Kelsey Japanese plums, 1 jar Wheatland peaches, 1 jar late Crawford peaches, 1 jar Howell pears, 1 jar Bartlett pears, 1 jar Caster plums, 1 jar Damson plums, 1 jar Lour de Conjuse pears, 1 jar Front pears, 1 jar LeConte pears, 1 jar Smyrna figs, 1 jar Manzanillo olives, 1 jar Beurre Hardy pears, 1 jar Beurre Rose pears.

Shall "Patience" Be Repeated?

If Manager Pyke made as many dollars Monday night as he had handshakes and congratulations yesterday he would have netted a pretty snug little sum for his splendid performance of "Patience." There is a great desire to hear the charming opera again and as Mr. Pyke is besieged with requests he has consented to do so on the following terms: That all those who wish to hear it again, and those who did not have an opportunity Monday evening, call at Bangle & Hansen's and sign a paper, stating how many tickets they will take. If 250 are guaranteed the opera will be repeated at an early date. Mr. Pyke, by request, will sing the part of Grosvenor.

To Cancel Contract.

Samuel Foster, by his attorney J. P. Strother, began suit in the superior court yesterday against J. M. Robertson to cancel contract. Foster alleges he entered into an agreement with Robertson by which the latter was to buy a certain tract of land from the former, paying $1630 therefor. Robertson was to cultivate it in a husbandlike manner, and a certain proportion of the crops was to be given to Foster. Foster alleges that Robertson has not complied with these conditions, and asks that the contract be annulled.

THAT MERNIN BRIBE.

AN ANSWER TO THE EXPOSITOR'S INSINUATIONS.

Three Reliable Witnesses Saw the Briber, and Heard the Offer Made.

The following affidavit is published in response to the assertion of the Expositor that Thomas P. Mernin, President of the Laborers' Union, had not been approached by the adherents of the Triangle with an offer to bribe him, or that if such had been the case it was miraculous that he should have declined. The name of the briber is suppressed at the request of Mr. Mernin:

State of California, county of Fresno, ss.

P. F. Peck, Charles Toy and L. P. Timmins being duly sworn, each for himself and not one for the other, do depose and say:

On Friday afternoon, March 31st last, T. P. Mernin sent word that he desired to see us at the Labor Bureau at No. 1818 Tulare street, and when we went there John O'Brien, the manager of the Bureau, handed us a key and requested us to go into an adjoining room and lock the door after us. We did as requested, and in a short time thereafter said Mernin came into an adjoining room with another man. We could distinctly hear and see everything that was done or said in said other room occupied by said Mernin and said other man, at the same time not being observed ourselves. The following is substantially the conversation which took place between said Mernin and said other man:

Mernin said, "What do you want me to do?" The other man said, "I want you to do all you can to help me in this election. Fabey, Alford and Justy are friends of mine, and they have pledged themselves to appoint me street superintendent in place of Jones. Here is $2.50." Mernin replied, "Well, that is not $100." The other man answered, "I have only $5 with me now; I will give you $25 tomorrow. I know that the Expositor accuses you of getting $100, but I know a darn site better; I know that you did not get it." The other man then handed Mernin some money; we saw him do it. After that the other person left the room. As we came out of the room Mernin handed the money which he received from the other party to one of the sheriff's officers.

P. F. PECK,
CHARLES TOY,
L. P. TIMMINS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of April, 1893.

T. G. HART.

DUNLAP'S REPUTATION.

He Wants $20,000 for an Injury Done It.

A rather interesting trial is on trial before Judge Harris, the title of which is F. R. Dunlap against the New Zealand Fire and Marine Insurance Company. F. H. Short is attorney for the plaintiff and W. S. Goodfellow and L. L. Cory represent the defendant.

Dunlap alleges that on October 8, 1891, H. H. Borchers, an agent of the company, had him arrested for embezzling $48. On November 30th Dunlap was tried before Justice Crichton and was acquitted. He says the prosecution of him was malicious and without probable cause, and that he suffered greatly in his business and reputation in consequence thereof. For this injury alleged to have been done him Dunlap wants $20,000 damages.

The following jury is trying the case: A. S. Hall, S. L. Skaggs, Chris M. Cole, Owen Kellogg, W. T. Cox, John Noland, A. D. Cribb, J. D. Hicks, W. H. Shafer, J. J. Cramer, J. H. Hardin, A. Van Winkle.

Kitchen Economy

Actual tests show the Royal Baking Powder to be 27 per cent. stronger than any other brand on the market. If another baking powder is forced upon you by the grocer, see that you are charged the correspondingly lower price.

Bread, biscuit, cakes and muffins are not known in most delicate and perfect quality where Royal Baking Powder is not used.

HUMAN HOPE.

Its Philosophy by Rev. Mr. Potter,

BEFORE THE UNITY SOCIETY

Bearing of Hope on the Doctrine of the Immortality of the Soul.

"Man's Unconquerable Hope" was the subject of Rev. Dr. Potter's lecture last Sunday night before the Unity Society at Kutner hall. There was a large attendance, and the lecture was listened to with marked attention.

We may look at the subject in three aspects: Man's hope in respect to nature, his hope in respect to moral progress, his hope in respect to continued life. For the race at large hope is as natural as it is to live and breathe. It is the spur to endeavor, the incentive to all life's good and fruitful activities. In spite of repeated disappointments people do not cease to expect bright days and good seasons to come, nor cease earnestly to labor for the acquisition of knowledge and the increase of virtue shows that the complaint does not run very deep. People do not exert themselves for that which is beyond all hope.

All dogmas of atonement have their root in man's hope that his sins are not beyond pardon, that though they are as scarlet they may become white as snow. And even when he has thought that the necessities of this theological logic compelled him to affirm an endless penalty of woe for the unsaved majority of mankind the individual believer in this doctrine has generally dextrously managed to think of himself and his loved ones as saved from such a doom.

It is a doctrine too monstrous, too inhuman for the human heart to rest upon, however much the head may appear to assert it. The heart's hope revolts and escapes from the logic of the creed. Even Calvinism, in its days of strictest rigor when it preached the unalterable and eternal decrees of election to salvation or reprobation, did not conquer man's moral hope.

Man is not only naturally a morally hopeful man, but he has a rational basis for his hope. Rampant as is crime, scarlet as is human vice today the world as a whole is yet morally better than in any previous age. The golden age of virtue is not in the past—it is still before us. Man has been coming up out of animalism and barbarism.

And there is the larger hope that lays hold of immortality. As I view the matter, the accepted doctrine of immortality gave rise to the belief in the resurrection of Jesus rather than that his resurrection gave rise to the belief in immortality.

The belief is very old. It existed in Egypt, in India, in China, centuries before the time of Jesus. But the hope is still older. The belief is vanishing from not a few minds in modern times; but the hope lingers in the empty sepulchre of the old belief. Even the materialistic and iconoclastic eloquence of Colonel Ingersoll softens into tenderness at the grave of his friend's child, and he exclaims: "We, too, have our religion, and it is this—help for the living, and hope for the dead."

Socrates was firm in the conviction that the soul is imperishable substance, and must in some way survive forever; but whether it would recognize and converse with other human souls he could not assert so positively; yet he he had so strong a hope of it as to be almost a belief.

"What would not a man give," he said, "if he might converse with Orpheus and Musæus and Hesoid and Homer! If this be true let me die again and again. Therefore be of good cheer about death. To die and be released is better for me." The stoic Cato's hope become a vision. "Oh, glorious day," he said, "when I shall remove from this confused crowd to join the divine assembly of souls! For I shall go not only to meet great men, but also my own son, Cato. His spirit looking back upon me, departed to that place whither he knew that I should soon come, and he has never deserted me. If I have borne his loss with courage it is because I consoled myself with the thought that our separation would not be for long."

Surely it needed no physical resurrection of Jesus to convince this brave spirit even of personal immortality. The hope of immortal life is as old as human love. It is the heart's prophecy of its own satisfaction.

I cannot believe, indeed, with those who say that "if in this life only we have hope we are of all men most miserable." This life with all its side of evil and sorrow is yet full of gladness and glorious with opportunity. It might be a worthy and noble thing to live even though we knew that there were nothing for us beyond this life of earth. Nor do I doubt that the faith in another life has sometimes by the very intensity of the hope it has excited drawn people's thoughts too much away from the responsibilities and duties of this life where at least now it is our place and may be an honor and delight to serve.

Yet, on the other hand, I cannot doubt that the life of man as a whole has been ennobled and its aims set to higher objects by the hope of a life hereafter. Such a hope in the heart is ever preaching from the text that to eat, drink, enjoy and die is but a wretched epitome of the possibilities of human existence. This at least must be true; the character that builds itself by the enlightened hope of immortal life, or by principles of conduct that spring from mental and moral values rather than from transitory standards of the flesh will most worthily fulfil its vocation in the present life.

It is moral and spiritual character, the sublimity of disinterested devotion to duty, the beauty of pure affection, the noble deed and the noble doing, the invincible adherence of a soul to the attraction of a moral ideal—it is such elements of character that hint the possibility of a breathless personality. The heroes of moral and spiritual life, the saviors of the world's true nobilities and sanctities, do they only live in the world's eternal remembrance of them and in humanity made better by their presence? That, indeed, were much, and might make a noble end for which to live. But if the human mind can conceive of something higher even than that is there not at least a probability that the eternal power has provided it? So certainly the the human heart, amid all possible doubts of the intellect, has dared to inconquerably hope—saying to itself

"What is excellent,
"As God lives is paramount,
"Hearts are dust, hearts' loves remain
"Heart's love will meet thee again."

LABORERS' UNION

Not Allowed to Meet Any More in the City Hall.

When the members of the Laborers' Union repaired to the city hall to hold their regular weekly meeting they were informed that that would be the only evening on which they would be allowed to meet there.

They declined to avail themselves of the proffered night of grace and held their meeting in the headquarters of the Free Employment Bureau. The manager of the bureau reported that several men and women had secured good situations during the week just past, and that since the bureau had been inaugurated it had been a boon to the working people.

CROP BULLETIN.

Good Prospects in the Upper San Joaquin Valley.

The following bulletin has been issued by J. R. Williams, weather bureau director:

In resuming the crop bulletin for the season of 1893, it is desired to make them of increased interest and value to the general public, and as this can only be done by the co-operation of the many, it is urgently requested that any one having information relative to growing crops of any kind, and the effect of the weather upon such crops, will communicate with the observer at Fresno, who has charge of the district comprising the counties of Fresno, Tulare and Merced. This is a large territory and can produce a diversity of crops, probably greater than any other district in America.

As this crop report goes to every state in the union, and is published by thirty newspapers in California, and is posted in the boards of trade and chambers of commerce at San Francisco and Los Angeles, it is obvious that it is of great practical value in bringing this section into prominence throughout the country. I will be glad to furnish blanks to any one desiring to aid in this work.

The season opens most auspiciously for all crops. Grain, with a 20 per cent increase in acreage over last year, has had a sufficiency of rain, with cool weather, making slow growth, is in a healthy condition, which will enable it to tide over the first hot days of April, which is the critical period. Orange and other fruit trees have been planted by the thousand. Vines are doing well. Many of those which suffered from the maladies of last year have revived, and now promise well.

The phylloxera has made its appearance in Southern California, and great vigilance should be exercised to prevent any invasion of our district, although comparatively safe.

Fruit trees are budding luxuriantly, the prospects are good for an immense crop, particularly of peaches and pears; apricot buds were largely destroyed by the birds, but an average crop remains.

The rainfall by seasons to date is for season of 1888, 5.95 inches; 1889, 6.88; 1890, 12.39; 1891, 7.71; 1892, 3.23; 1893, 10.70.

The mean temperature for the past week has been six degrees above the normal, with dewy mornings, sunny days and cool winds, which has been most beneficial to all crops.

E. H. De Shields and Miss Belle Haskell of Madera will be married at Princeton, Colusa county, the home of the bride's parents.

A LUNATICS' BALL.

A FRESNOAN ENJOYS A DANCE WITH CRANK LADIES.

Music Has a Soothing and Beneficial Effect Upon Insane Asylum Inmates.

Last Thursday evening I had the pleasure of attending the regular weekly social at the hall of the Stockton insane asylum. There were present about 250 of the members, the larger number males.

It was indeed an enjoyable affair and reflects great credit on the asylum managers. There were about seventy-five visitors there. Dancing, vocal and instrumental music formed the program of the evening.

It is required of all visitors that take part in the Terpsichorean exercises to dance with the inmates of opposite sex, except the last dance, then it is go as you please. I think fully half the visitors participated.

The gallant Mr. Lorenz said: "Come Doctor let me introduce you to our young ladies." "With pleasure," I replied, and soon, like many others, I was whirling in the giddy waltz, my arm encircling the waist of a lunatic girl. It was both novel and pleasing. Also ladies danced with lunatic men.

One of the finest players in the orchestra is a lunatic. He appears all right while playing his violin, but as soon as the music ceases he lapses into apparently a listless idiocy.

It is interesting and pitiable to observe these unfortunates; they seem rational enough while dancing. I danced in sets that were all lunatics. In a moment afterwards their heads droop into listless melancholy. When a song is sung they will brighten up for moments with intelligent smiles. Then all seems dark.

There are 1630 inmates, about one-third females, a majority under 35 years of age. Less than 25 per cent recover, the rest become mere automatons entirely oblivious to their surroundings.

Such is the fate of Sarah Althea Terry.

"Do you see that young man with short hair?" said Mr. Lorenz. "It is only three days ago that I took the straps off from him."

"That young lady that I was dancing with I don't believe is more crazy than I am," I said to the superintendent of the female department.

"There is just where you are mistaken," she said. "She appears so now, but you might see her tomorrow in a raving condition. That young lady that you see dancing there, with short hair, rather tall in stature, came here just six weeks ago a raving maniac. She has gradually improved so that in another month she will be probably well."

DR. U. SMITH.

WATER TRANSPORTATION.

Make the San Joaquin Navigable to Firebaugh.

The recent successful trip of the river boat up to Modesto with a cargo of sewer pipe is causing renewed discussion of a freight line up the San Joaquin valley by water.

The Stockton Evening Mail publishes an interview with Manager Corcoran of the Navigation Company, in which he says that improvement of the upper portions of the river would infuse new life commercially into the regions reached, and thereby develop industries where there are none now. The Tuolumne river could be made safe for navigation up to Modesto for $25,000. All that is necessary is to take out the snags that now keep boats away. No dredging would have to be done. As to running up to Firebaugh's ferry there is a bad stretch thirteen miles long between Hill's ferry and Firebaugh's. Throughout that stretch the river runs on a ridge between two depressions. It has burst through into the depressions in six places, making six sloughs. To render the river navigable it will be necessary to close these six openings. The San Joaquin can be made navigable as far as Firebaugh's for less than $100,000.—Lemoore Leader.

To Foreclose Mortgage.

Mrs. Mary J. Blasingame began an action in the superior court yesterday against J. W. Humphreys et al. to foreclose a mortgage on the following tract of land: The south half of the southeast quarter, and southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 1, and the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 12, township 11 south, range 23 east. The mortgage was given to secure the payment of a promissory note of $1200.

To the Public.

To the many kind friends who offered aid and sympathy during the sad hours of our recent bereavement, I wish to return my heartfelt thanks.

MRS. M. MCROBY,
Squaw Valley.

March 30, 1893.

THE CARNIVAL.

Brilliant Program Given Last Night.

A VERY LARGE ATTENDANCE

Interesting Pantomime Presented. Tableaux, Recitations and Music—Promenade Tonight.

The second night of the Easter Carnival given at the Armory by the guilds of the Episcopal church, was even more interesting than the first. With the exception of a few tedious waits between numbers the affair passed off very smoothly.

The program opened with a tableau, "A Sculptor's Studio," those participating being Mesdames P. Lorenz, W. D. Coates, Misses Lizzie Thorn, Fanny Helm, Mattie Craddock and George H. Andruss. They were very artistically grouped and made an impressive tout ensemble.

Next came a reading by Miss Gertrude McDonald, entitled, "How the Old Horse Won the Bet." Miss McDonald possesses considerable elecutionary skill and read the piece with effect.

"The Magic Mirror," a pantomime, was the feature of the evening. A Prince, O. M. Pyke, visits a Magician, Wick Parsons, who, taking the Prince's dainty hand in his own withered palm, tries to tell him who his wife will be. He finally resorts to his magic mirror, and looking upon it the Prince sees reflected therein a Spanish girl, Miss Gracie Reichman. She is very pretty, but the Prince in the days when he was hard up had lived on tamales a whole year and he hated everything Spanish.

A pert young summer girl, Miss Gertrude McDonald, next appeared in the mirror. Summer girls are expensive luxuries, however, and the Prince turned away. A Japanese girl, Miss Nellie Hutchinson, met with no better fortune. The Prince's cordon bleu, who was a Japanese, had committed harakiri two years before, since which time the Prince has not been able to endure Japanned ware of any kind.

The gypsy girl was also refused. The Prince wasn't on the lookout for a love match pure and simple, and having the rheumatism didn't relish spending the nights in dewey glades. The winter girl is no less expensive than the summer girl, so Miss Edith Lucas was also declined with thanks. The tennis girl, Miss Maud Davison, was very bewitching, but the tennis racket may become a formidable weapon and the Prince's accident insurance policy had lapsed. Of course, it was to be expected that the old maid, Miss Lou Anderson, would be rejected.

Maud Muller, Miss May Osborne, peerless hay raker and smasher of judicial hearts, failed to captivate the Prince. Even Cinderella, Miss Louise DeWitt, failed to attract the fastidious Prince. The huntress, Miss Bernice Covalt, was equally unsuccessful, and the milkmaid, Miss Sadie Clark, found no favor either in the Prince's eyes. Boo Peep was sternly rejected. Who would want a wife who permits sheep to stray and loose their precious caudal appendages? Suppose those sheep had been merinos? The Turkish lady, Miss Mary Helm, was not to the Prince's occidental taste and Priscilla, Miss Ora Davison, though charming enough, looked too much a Puritan. Then came the Prince's fate, Mrs. C. M. Pyke, looking luscious and inviting in her bridal robes. The Prince falls in love with her on the spot, rolls his eyes in amatory frenzy and makes a prisoner of her willing hand.

A tableau, "The Wood Nymph," Miss Maud McDonald assuming that character, was very pretty. In the tableau, "The Vestal Virgins," given by Mrs. Pedlar's booth, Mesdames F. Smith, B. Lorenz, W. D. Coates, T. W. Patterson, Misses Lizzie Thorn, Mattie Craddock, Fanny Helm, took part. In the tableau entitled, "The Village Gossips," Miss Sadie Clark and Will Harvey Jr. represented the lovers, and the gossips were Misses Mattie Hudson, Nellie Hutchinson, Maud McDonald, Gertrude McDonald, Bernice Covalt, Montague Parsons and J. J. Chandler.

Vivian White, a pupil of Miss Jenne Long, gave a recitation very cleverly.

Little Ruth Muller was unable to appear in the tambourine dance and Mamie Blackler took her place on very short notice and did remarkably well. Maud Muller and Gracie Graham also took part in it and were very cute. They were enthusiastically applauded and had to dance it again. The program closed with the tableau "Night and the Three Fates." Miss Bernice Covalt represented Night and the Fates were Miss Gertrude McDonald, Sadie Clark and Nellie Hutchinson.

After the program the people visited the booths, which they patronized liberally. First class music was furnished by Theo Reitz and Mrs. J. W. Soother. There was also a little dancing. The attendance was quite large and those who had not been there before expressed surprise at the magnitude of the affair. To-night there will be a promenade party at the Armory and the carnival will end with this function.

POLLASKY.

Items and Other Things From the New Terminal.

From the Republican's Special Correspondent.

POLLASKY, April 5.—The weather continues warm with heavy dews every night. The crops are looking well.

The dance on March 31st was a complete success. The attendance was large and the evening one of the most pleasant of this season.

J. H. Mills and Constable Seeborn were visiting the county seat yesterday.

We should like to know who the young men of Pollasky are that went riding with their best girls on Sunday and got lost.

Mrs. George Howard spent Sunday in Fresno.

D. Berry has finally leased his property here to Mr. Baker and our popular townsman, J. P. Whitworth. They both being estimable gentlemen we bespeak for them a liberal share of the public patronage.

Old Joe can mix a cocktail or whisky punch with as much dexterity as he can handle four or six lines over as many mustang horses.

The park reservation is in a sadly neglected condition. We regret to see such a nice piece of property so badly neglected.

Our Sabbath school is prospering and we hope to soon see our efforts crowned with success.

Miss M. Woar, our teacher, was visiting friends and relatives in Madera last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Chamberlain of Fresno is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Seeborn of this place.

G. L. Burford, our butcher, is fitting up a meat market in the Pollasky block for the accommodation of his constantly increasing trade. We also expect to have a jewelry repair shop in the same block in the near future.

J. H. Mills has a force of men at work on his saloon building on the corner opposite the depot.

A. W. Patrea of the old reliable Toll House stage line contemplates putting on a line of daily stages from here to Pine Ridge as soon as practicable for the accommodation of the traveling public.

STEELE.

Give teething babies and feverish children Steedman's Soothing Powders. Ask for Steedman's and beware of imitations.

APPEAL CASES SET

By Judge Webb Yesterday in Department 3.

Judge J. R. Webb, of Department No. 3 of the superior court, set the following appeal cases for trial yesterday:

J. Mullin vs. J. W. Williams, appellant; April 11th, 9 a.m.

Hattie Meyer, appellant, vs. J. A. Barker; same.

John G. Griffith vs. Jessie Morrow et al., appellants; same, 2 p.m.

Henry Gries vs. 89 Canal Company, appellant; April 12, 9 a.m.

N. Lang vs. E. B. Perrin, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

J. D. Fiske vs. J. M. Hensley, appellant; April 13th, 9 a.m.

O. Johnson, appellant, vs. Charles Coyle; same, 2 p.m.

Jose S. Meidiervas, appellant, vs. P. F. Peck; same, 2 p.m.

W. D. Grady vs. Louise Van Aken; April 8th, 9 a.m.

C. S. Stanton vs. E. R. Holton, appellant; April 14th, 9 a.m.

S. W. Whitmore vs. J. A. Martin, appellant; April 14th, 9 a.m.

J. G. Rhodes, appellant, vs. J. G. Hart; same, 2 p.m.

S. J. Bozeman, appellant, vs. W. D. Hill; April 17th, 9 a.m.

A. Farley vs. T. W. Chapman, appellant; same.

N. Levi vs. William Harkins, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

Ah Hee vs. Hung Duck, appellant; April 18th, 9 a.m.

T. Craig, appellant, vs. William Britner; same.

M. E. Carothers, appellant, vs. George H. Bernhard; same, 2 p.m.

L. A. Rockwell vs. John E. Thrasher & Company, appellants; April 19th, 9 a.m.

Wung Poy vs. Chan Yau, appellant; same.

Waldo J. Golden vs. J. M. Hensley, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

Albert Moore vs. William Heine, appellant; April 20th, 9 a.m.

I. S. Eshleman vs. G. H. Malter et al., appellant; same.

Isaac Harris, appellant, vs. W. F. Banke; same, 2 p.m.

F. C. Lord vs. R. M. Turner, appellant; April 21st, 9 a.m.

W. K. Tullock, appellant, vs. W. P. Graham; same.

Sam Wah vs. Won Quong, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

J. F. Bragg, appellant, vs. Y.M.C.A.; April 22d, 9 a.m.

W. B. Hazelton vs. George Roeding et al., appellants; same.

John B. Brown vs. S. L. Packwood, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

John S. Eastwood vs. M. Theo Kearney, appellant: April 24th, 9 a.m.

T. W. Pickford vs. O. Johnson et al., appellants; same, 2 p.m.

L. Davis, appellant, vs. John Morris et al.; April 25th, 9 a.m.

G. H. Heisinger vs. J. M. Hensley, appellant; same.

Mamie J. Brendel, vs. J. M. Hensley, appellant, April 26th, 9 a.m.

W. M. Shortridge vs. Jacob Rudder, appellant, same, 2 p.m.

A. C. Wilkinson vs. Mrs. William Harvey et al., appellants, April 27th, 9 a.m.

J. G. Wafford et al. vs. Lon Lung, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

Pedro Irribarri vs. John Bittencourt, appellant; same.

Same vs. same; April 28th, 9 a.m.

P. Jauragoy vs. John Bittencourt, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

Pedro Irribarri vs. John Bittencourt, appellant; April 29th, 9 a.m.

B. F. Cotton vs. W. Mann, appellant; May 2d, 9 a.m.

Mattie E. Leach vs. W. D. Grady, appellant; May 5th, 9 a.m.

J. L. Moxey vs. George Matheson, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

W. H. Maxson vs. J. D. Clarke, appellant; May 23, 9 a.m.

John Bartram vs. J. E. Chapin, appellant; May 3d, 2 p.m.

G. W. Armitage vs. W. M. Williams, appellant; same, 9 a.m.

J. S. Mandell vs. M. J. Donahoo, appellant; May 4th, 9 a.m.

J. D. Todd vs. S. J. Harmes, appellant; same.

Fresno Kindergarten Association vs. G. A. Wilson, appellant; May 3, 9 a.m.

C. K. Kirby Jr. vs. William Williams, appellant; same.

Lee Bush vs. W. M. Williams, appellant: May 4th, 2 p.m.

J. H. Brown, appellant, vs. J. L. Ashley; May 8th, 9 a.m.

W. J. Druberry vs. John W. Chidister, appellant; same.

Toy Lum vs. How Tup et al., appellants; May 8th, 2 p.m.

Fred Moyers vs. S. T. Carlile; May 10th, 9 a.m.

E. H. Smith vs. R. Filzgerald; May 10th, 2 p.m.

James White vs. Joseph Graham; May 11th, 9 a.m.

T. G. Yancey vs W. D. Grady; May 11th, 2 p.m.

Isaac Brownstone et al. vs. E. V. Runion; May 12th, 9 a.m.

Louis Depello vs. James Waggoner; May 12th, 9 a.m.

Madera Flume and Trading Company vs. Nellie Heisinger et al; May 12th, 2 p.m.

J. G. James vs. S. F. Worley; May 15th, 2 p.m.

E. F. Hollenbeck vs. Charles O'Neal; May 15th, 9 a.m.

Yee Chung & Co. vs. J. W. Green; May 9, 9 a.m.

William Estes vs. J. F. Mahoney; May 16th, 9 a.m.

T. Alviso vs. J. Morrow and G. A. Brown; May 9th, 9 a.m.

C. Z. Turnbaugh vs. J. W. Green; May 9, 2 p.m.

Same vs. same; same date.

H. Graff vs. John Rottger; May 16th, 2 p.m.

W. G. Hicks vs. John Woodson; May 17th, 9 a.m.

S. W. Kenyon vs. William Ockenden; May 17th, 2 p.m.

J. H. Gordon vs. B. E. Hutchinson; May 18th, 9 a.m.

George W. Campbell vs. R. G. Woods; May 18th, 2 p.m.

Vic Ellis vs. George Matheson; May 19th, 9 a.m.

Sing Woo vs. M. Denicke; May 19th, 9 a.m.

John Murray vs. William H. Cardwell; May 23th, 9 a.m.

Big Jim vs. J. M. Martin; May 22d, 9 a.m.

W. P. Nelson vs. Ed Williams; May 22d, 2 p.m.

W. A. Caruthers vs. Mrs. S. J. Reiser; May 23d, 9 a.m.

Andrew Jensen vs. Andrew Christensen; May 23d, 2 p.m.

W. H. Cox vs. W. A. Fisher; May 24th, 9 a.m.

Oscar Greenebaum vs. Church Bros., May 24th, 2 p.m.

Samuel Sweeney vs. John M. Roe; May 25th, 9 a.m.

A. Tombs vs. John H. Brown; May 25th, 2 p.m.

J. M. Smith vs. L. Fagundas; May 26th, 9 a.m.

W. H. Briscoe vs. Napoleon Vieu; May 26th, 2 p.m.

Isaac Athinson vs. A. J. Brooks; May 27th, 9 a.m.

Y. R. Stevens vs. John G. Silva; May 29th, 9 a.m.

M. J. Caetano vs. A. Amourig; May 29th, 2 p.m.

L. S. Peck vs. J. W. Green; May 30th, 9 a.m.

Bank of Madera vs. Sam Hutte; May 30th, 2 p.m.

E. B. Perrin vs. Antone Joseph; May 31st, 9 a.m.

F. M. Hayden vs. Julius Suss et al.; May 31st, 2 p.m.

M. Esoikian vs. K. B. Youtouphian, appellant; June 1st, 9 a.m.

Susan Jensen vs. A. A. Blasingame; same, 2 p.m.

T. G. Yancey vs. Ashland Vineyard Company, appellants; June 2d, 9 a.m.

J. W. Kennedy vs. John Rottger, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

T. J. Halbert, appellant, vs. R. F. Dickinson, June 3d, 9 a.m.

E. W. Risley vs. S. H. Redden, appellant; June 5, 9 a.m.

R. B. Johnson et al., appellants, vs. William Hogan; June 6th, 9 a.m.

R. E. Young vs. A. J. Hudson, appellant; June 7th, 9 a.m.

Hie Loy vs. B. Bienenfeld, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

R. B. Johnson vs. E. B. Rodgers et al., appellants; June 8th, 9 a.m.

J. B. Pressley vs. J. C. Cavanaugh, appellant; same, 2 p.m.

S. D. England vs. H. M. H. Kaarsburg, appellant; June 10th, 2 p.m.

E. I. Hutchinson vs. Californian Guarantee Insurance agency, appellant; June 12th, 9 a.m.; jury.

Owen Bresley vs. W. W. Davis, appellant; June 13th, 9 a.m.; jury.

J. B. Carter, appellant, vs. J. P. Slump et al.; June 14th, 9 a.m.; jury.

Lewis Publishing Company, appellant, vs. T. C. White; June 15th, 9 a.m.; jury.

F. E. Tadlock et al. vs. W. D. Grady, appellant; June 16th, 9 a.m.; jury.

Augustine Durand, appellant, vs. Peter Bouchet; June 16th, 9 a.m.

R. H. Beamer vs. Farmers Bank, appellant; June 16th, 2 p.m.

The special calendar has been set as follows:

R. H. Baker et al. vs. Farmers' Bank, restrainer; June 19th, 9 a.m.

M. Danicke vs. American Building and Loan Association, restrainer; June 20th.

C. G. Saylo vs. H. C. Wilson, debt; June 21st.

T. A. Bell vs. P. F. Peck et al., damages; June 22d.

O. G. Saylo, administrator, vs. S. A. Terry, claim and delivery; June 23d.

T. A. Bell vs. A. Hacker et al., injunction; June 26th.

A. D. Thomas vs. Bank of Central California, restrainer; June 27th.

The following appeal cases were stricken from the calendar:

Louis Gobbey vs. John Foye, appellant; J. L. Conner vs. J. W. Fisher, appellant; W. F. Fitzpatrick vs. S. N. Griffith, appellant; George W. Strine vs. J. M. Hensley, appellant; W. H. Gardner vs. George Fouse, appellant; J. H. Daly vs. '89 Canal Company, appellant; R. L. Hogan vs. W. J. Baird, appellant; P. D. Bozeman vs. George Kohler, appellant; T. G. Yancey vs. J. F. Maloney, appellant.

CHALLENGES.

Voters Must Be Ready to Swear as to Their Residences.

Section 1233 of the new election law reads as follows: "If the challenge is on the ground that he has not resided in the county for ninety days, or precinct for thirty days next preceding the election, the person challenged must be sworn to answer questions, and after he is sworn the following questions must be propounded to him by the inspector:

"When did you last come into this county or election precinct?

"When you came into this county or precinct did you come for a temporary purpose merely or for the purpose of making it your home?

"Did you come into this county or precinct for the purpose of voting here?

"And such other questions as may be necessary to a determination of the challenge."

Section 1238 provides that if any person challenged refuses to take the oaths tendered, and refuses to be sworn and to answer the questions touching the matter of residence he must not be allowed to vote.

The Bostonians.

The Bostonians announce that their forthcoming engagement in this city, on April 27th, will be in the nature of a semi-farewell appearance. Ordinarily the farewell announcement is looked upon with suspicion. A plain farewell tour occasions a skeptical sniff, while a positively last farewell tour calls for a derisive burst of laughter. The public has been treated to so many farewell tours in degrees by the same artists and organizations that the term now fails to convey any special meaning. But the Bostonians have never given to practicing of these tricks, consequently their statement that for the next three years they will remain east of the Mississippi river carries with it weight. The fact is they have no need to leave New York and four or five other big eastern towns, and this being the case they elect to avoid long journeys and the payment of such large sums as are necessary to transport an organization of eighty people across the continent. They will present in this city De Koven & Smith's masterpiece, "Robin Hood."

Irrigation Meeting.

The board of irrigation commissioners met yesterday afternoon, with a full board present, says the Madera Mercury.

Mr. McMullin of the Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company made a proposition to the board to furnish 500 cubic feet of water for irrigation purposes for $200,000. The water would be taken from Kings river and brought across to the north bank of the San Joaquin. A canal twelve miles long would have to be built, and the canals of the Fresno Canal and Irrigation Company would have to be enlarged for a distance of twelve miles. This would cost $125,000 more at a rough estimate.

Mr. McMullin stated that he would probably be able to form a company to build the canal and flume to carry the water.

On motion of G. W. Mordecai, C. C. Wright was appointed to examine into the title of the water which the canal company wished to sell.

It was decided to await for the report of Mr. Wright before considering the company's proposition.

THE PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Another Falsehood of the Evening Paper Exposed.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.—In this evening's Expositor appears an article under the head, "The Sheriff's Office," in which occurs the following statement:

"The same reliable authority states that the Republican city central committee made a proposition to the central committee of the People's party to the effect that if the People's party would throw its entire strength to Woy, Republican candidate for city marshal, that in the event of his election that the People's party should control the best places within the city government."

I wish to say that I, as a member of the People's Party city central committee, know of no such offer having been made by the Republican committee, or any member thereof, and to the best of my knowledge and belief the statement is untrue.

A. W. ROBINSON.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

We have made arrangements with Dr. B. J. Kendall Co., publishers of "A Treatise on the Horse and his Diseases," which will enable all our subscribers to obtain a copy of that valuable work free by sending their address (enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same) to Dr. B. J. KENDALL CO., ENOSBURGH FALLS, VT. This book is now recognized as standard authority upon all diseases of the horse, as its phenomenal sale attests, over four million copies having been sold in the past ten years, a sale never before reached by any publication in the same period of time. We feel confident that our patrons will appreciate the work, and be glad to avail themselves of this opportunity of obtaining a valuable book.

It is necessary that you mention this paper in sending for the "Treatise." This offer will remain open for only a short time.

More "Patience."

A number of people have already expressed themselves in favor of repeating "Patience." If 250 or more agree to take one or more tickets each for a repetition the opera will be given again at an early date. All willing to contribute to this end are requested to sign the list at Bangle & Hansen's. Home talent should receive every encouragement, and it is to be hoped a repetition will be given.

ANOTHER INSOLVENT

Files a Petition in the Superior Court.

Charles W. Cutten, by his attorney L. W. Moultrie, has filed a petition in the superior court asking that he be declared an insolvent debtor. His liabilities are as follows:

B M Atchison, San Francisco	$553 00
W P Haber, Fresno	75 00
W M Trezevant, Fresno	25 00
Alex Gordon, Fresno	100 00
S N Straube, Fresno	75 00
Long Bros., Fresno	11 00
C D Davis, Fresno	10 00
Bank of Central California, Fresno	550 00
H B Choice, Fresno	15 00
S H Roundy, San Francisco	100 00
J W Williams, Fresno	190 0
Farmers Bank, Fresno	200 00
B M Stone, Fresno	100 00
J F Weaver, Fresno	23 00
Herbert & Brooks, Fresno	30 00
Geo C Roeding, Fresno	7 50
Fresno National Bank	200 00
First National Bank, Fresno	1090 00
James Forteous, Fresno	26 00
Prescott & Pierce, Fresno	100 00
Barrett, Hicks & Co, Fresno	20 00
Wm Betteridge, Fresno	5750 00
G R G Glenn, Fresno	1700 60
C A Sweitzer, Fresno	40 00
Total	$11,000 50

The petitioner's assets consist of real estate valued at $5000, which he claims as a homestead, and personal property of the value of $750. The value of property exempt from execution is stated to be $500.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, April 3.

S P Co to E B Perrin, all fract secs 1, 3, 5, 7, secs 9, 11, 13, 15, fract sec 17, sec 23, t 16, r 19, sw¼ of ne¼, n½ of sec 1, s ½ of ne¼ of sec 21, t 16, r 21, s½ of sec 3, and ne¼ of sec 11, t 17, r 19, sw¼ of ne¼, fract n½ of ne¼, s½ of se¼ and fract w½ of sec 1, se¼ of ne¼, fract n½ of ne¼ and fract nw ¼ of sec 3, t 17, r 20, sw¼ of sec 3 and sw¼ of sec 5, t 17, r 21, $25,032.60.

J M McClure to T S Hughes, s½ of se¼ of nw¼ and n½ of ne¼ of sw¼ of sec 15, t 12, r 17, $10.

Mary Dworack to S A Russell, lots 25 to 32, blk 21, Hughes add to Madera, $10.

Howard & Wilson colony to Jos Hall, lots 12 and 13, blk 1, Howard & Wilson colony, $10.

Wm Shutz et ux to Mary E Chrisman, lots 16, 17 and 18, blk 4, Sheetou's add to Selma, $200.

Connell Breslin to Bank of Madera, w½ of lot 9, blk 60, Madera, $3005.

J C Willman to F Marion Benedict, lots 3 and 4, 9 to 13, blk 9, Grand Ave Park add to Fresno, $5.

John G Dawes to J Myer, lots 7 and 8, blk 12, Myer's add to Madera, $115.

Lizzie C Scott to A C Wilkinson, lot 3 in nw¼ of sec 13, t 11, r 16, $10.

R B Johnson et ux to G Westring, s½ of sec 25, t 15, r 19, $4500.

Geo B Otis to Milton McWhorter, lots 21 to 26 blk O, South Park add to Selma, $10.

TUESDAY, April 4.

Wm Botsford et ux to J Osborne, lots 6 to 12, block 1, Windsor Terrace, $10.

United States to John Gordon, se¼ of sec 31, t 15, r 14.

J H Smith et ux to Chas A Owen, lots 21 and 22 in block 4, Riverdale add to Fresno, $500.

Thomas E Hughes et ux to Frank M Borello et al, lots 26 and 36, block 12, Hughes add to Madera, $7000.

Jas E Hughes et ux to same, lots 27 to 32, block 12, same, $10.

Geo A Noble et al to Jay Scott, same property, $80.

Jay Scott to F M Borello et al, same property, $1200.

Joaquin Lamothe to A J Arbandon, lots 85 and 86, block 12, Allamont add to Fresno, $5.

S J Arbandon to Joaquin Lamothe, lot 82, block 12, Allamont add to Fresno, $5.

Henry Wadsworth to Christianna M. Artz, n½ of sw¼ of ne¼ of sec 34, t 11, r 20, $1.

Oliver L Batsch to E J Sutherland et al, ne¼ of sec 30, t 20, r 18, $1200.

WEDNESDAY, April 5.

W F Baird to Bank of Madera, se¼ of nw¼, sw ¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of sw¼ and nw¼ of se¼ of sec 35 t 8, r 19, $5.

Thomas P Cargile et ux to B M Tomblin, same, $3500.

William L Lambert to Mary A Lambert, gift, sec 26, t 21, r 12.

London Wine and Improvement company to James Curtin, s½ of n½ of se¼ of sec 15, t 12, r 17, $10.

James Curtin to Madera Improvement Co, same property, $10.

J W Watkins et ux to A P Glidden, lot 6, and of lot 7, Woolley's add to Madera, $100.

C A Owen to A T Lasculy, lots 7 and 8, block 67, Fresno, $300.

United States to E C Hackett, lots 2 to 4, and se ¼ of sw¼ of sec 20, t 14, r 26.

Same to E W Hackett, n½ of ne¼, n½ of nw¼ sec 30, t 14, r 26.

S P R R Co to E C Hackett, frac sec 19, t 14, r 26, $1912 40.

United States to William Heney, sw¼ sec 17, t 14, r 13.

M S Rose et al to Frederick Nelson et al, lots 15 and 16, block 45, Fowler, $175.

Geo Lee to John B Harris, lot 32, Shanklin add to Fresno, $425.

T C White to Edward Schwarz, lots 14 and 15, block 3, Belmont add to Fresno, $250.

Geo Holy et al to J G James, se¼ of sec 3?, t 14, r 17, $320.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

Unclaimed letters in the postoffice at Fresno, for the week ending April 6, 1893. Parties calling for these letters please say "advertised," and give the date of advertisement. If not called for in fourteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office at Washington, D. C.

Ashman, Edward	Anderson A P
Brown, Chas P	Brown, Ida B
Brown, Wilbert	Bentley, Libbey
Bradley, Earnest	Blackman, N L
Barton, Dave	Borker, Geo L
Balewin, Mrs Via	Byrne, Jas
Bingdon, Frank	Bishop, Ella
Budd, Jas H	Backmen, Amelia
Bulling, C A	Bouldin, Albert
Barna, John	
Cooper, J T	Coppa, David
Church, Ella Edward	Chittenden, Mrs Geo
Clarke, Harry	Campbell, Miss A M
Dathe, R	Daken, Harry
Dougherty, Joe	Dougherty, Ella
Daily, Peter	Daly, Dan
Densl, Minnie	Doty, W L
Dowing, Sarah C	Durgan, Wm
Dunkin, Mrs S	
Edsall, C F	Engasser, F A
Ellinger, Chas	Evans, Geo B
Evans, Dave	
Farrow, I N	Feeler, Jas
Fitzgerald, Wm	Foster, Florence
Ford, Nellie	Ford, Jesse
Frazier, J F	
Gobby, R	Gutter, Max
Gubbs, J	Grant, James M
Geary, J F M	Green, Alvin
Granville, Emma E	Goodman, J B
Hudson, W P	Hager, Ben—2
Hamilton, Mrs A L	Hanshaw, Clarence
Hicks, Mrs Rafella	Hinds, Rebecca
Hodges, W	Holliday, P K
Hoover, Wm	Harris, Harvey
Hill, Maria	
Jones, Dan E	Jones, Mrs
Johnson, Mrs J M	Jacobs, J
Judkins, P W	James, S G
Jansen, Martin	
Kelly, E D	Kendall, Jas
Kenedy, G E	Kiernan, Lizzie
Kent, Wm A	King, Al
Lukins, Lillie	Laid, A G
Lutt, N R	Lockwood, John
Lundberg, Adolph	Lyon, Remonia A
Lewis, Samuel	Lane, Chas
Mackenzie, Wm	Madden, J
Mounting, Jennie	Mellion, Conto
Melenibrop, Arthur	Marble, W H
Moore, Geo W	Moore & Smith
Martin, B R	McPike, Henry C
McWaltham, Hugh F	Mitchell, F Fast
Miller, John Lincoln	Miller, Flora
Miller, G H	McCany, J H
McGee, E A	Mackey, Mary
Noble, E M	Nottage, Chas G
Norton, Frank	Norris, W H
Nelson, Ben	Nilson, L H
Oberg, August	Oldberg, Louise
Pearce, Nancy	Pilotser, G W
Potter, W C	Pycatt, Mrs S J
Reinst, Victor	
Saffer, C L	Saint, R
Stanton, Fred	Stout, Ella
Storrment, Fred F	Stansborough, L H
Strope, Grant	Schulz, Ed Wm
Scott, Jno M	Scott, C B
Sureau, Henry	Sutton, Alma
Seave, Ira—2	Sanders, W A
Smith, Chas T	Smith, Christina
Smith, E A	Steiner, Nich
Stewart, L K	Suttrel, Nettie—2
Stilk, Robt	
Trost, Lucinda	Tuan, E A
Tennill, R A	Tatrusan, M
Upham, Warren	
Vandusal, Sam	VanValkenberg, Byron
Watson, Mrs J	Webb, Sam J
Wass, Lundberg	Wieland, G
Woodbury, B H	Wilson, Melvin
Wilson, J H	Ward, Daniel
Woodson, John—2	Woods, Wm
Wright, Clara	Wright, H D
Whitcomb, Chas	White, John C
White, Malita	Williams, Winnifred

FOREIGN LETTERS.

Aguirre, Martin	Aras, C
Berlsocourt, Victor	Orero, Michele D
Delsi, Ramon	Fruttado, Jose L
Fagundes, Lautiano L	Furtardo, Antonia J
Fingbo, T	Granillo, Gregoria
Henroplez, Antonia R	Jose, Francesco
Leaprevl, Remi	Leitzer, G
Nocha, Manuel F	Neg ghos, Sarkis D
Olimpia, Toccliani	Plarestine, Lanbott
Princliotta, Francesco	Rodrigues, Antonia J
Soto, Ban	Sarmento, Antonia
Trujio, Pedro	Unbriaco, Francesco
Zubiri, Juan	

N. W. MOODEY, P.M.

Hall's Hair Renewer renders the hair lustrous and silken, gives it an even color, and enables women to put it up in a great variety of styles.

Long Bros. & Co. have the largest assortment of roses, evergreens and ornamental stock of all descriptions ever seen in Fresno. J street.